طرد

i. q. ضُرُوع: (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) or that sends the arrow far: (TA:) or that sends it to the furthest limit. (AḤn, TA.) And رَجُلُ طُرُوء ‡ A man who, when he compresses, impregnates. (Lḥ, O, Ķ.) And وَمَنْ طُرُوء † فَدُلْ طُرُوء † £ ti. q. مِطْرَح q. v. (O.) And وَمَنْ طُرُوء † £ time that casts the people thereof into places, or positions, of peril: and وَمَنْ طُرُوء [or مُطْرَح or positions, of peril: that cast people into such places or positions]. (A.)

مِطْرَحُ see : طِرْحُ and see also عُرِيحُ . طُرُوحُ see : سَيْرُ طُرَاحِيُّ . مِطْرَحُ see : طَرَّاحَةُ

ضَارِحْ: [fem. with ة; and pl. of the latter مُطُرُوحٌ see . طَوُارِحُ

مناه اطریت A long, (S, O, L, K,) or tall, (S, O, L, K,) camel's hump, (S, O, L, K,) leaning on one side. (L.) [See an ex. voce السليح 1.]

أَوْرُوحَةً + A question that one puts, or proposes, lit. throws. (TA.)

sexpl. by AO as meaning Such a ones moves both his arms up and down [in walking]: denoting a proud and self-conceited manner of walking. (O.)

[or person is cast or thrown or] is made to be: pl. مطارح. (Har p. 188.) [And hence,] ‡ A state in which a person is [put, or placed]: so in the saying, مَا طَرَحُكُ هَذَا السَّارَ لِلْهُ What hath put, or placed, thee in this state in which thou art? (A.)

عُوْلٌ مُطَّرَعُ ‡ A [rejected] saying, to which no regard is paid. (A, TA.)

ا مُشَى مُتَطَرِّحًا + He walked, or went, in a slack, or languid, manner; as though repeatedly stumbling, or throwing himself down; syn. فتَسَاقطا ; (IDrd, A, O;) like one fatigued, or weary, (IDrd, O, K,) and weak. (TA.)

طَرْدُ aor. ع , (Ṣ, A, Mgh, &c.,) inf. n. طُرْدُهُ (Ṣ, A, L, Mgh, Mṣb, Ķ) and طُرُدُ, (Ṣ, A, L, Ķ,) or the latter is a simple subst., (Msb,) He drove and اطرَدُهُ * and طرَّدُهُ * and طرَّدُهُ * and اطرَّدُهُ (L:) he drove him away, expelled him, or banished him, (ISk, S, L, K,) and said to him, Depart thou, or go thou away, from us: (ISk, S, L:) he removed him, or it; put, or placed, him, or it, at a distance, away, or far away; (S, A, Mgh, L, K;) with his hand, or arm, or with an instrument in his hand; as when one says طَرَدْتُ الدَّبَابَ عَنِ الشَّرَابِ [I drove away the flies from the wine, or beverage]. (Durrat el-Ghowwas, in De Sacy's Anthol. Gramm. Ar., p. 60 of the Ar. text.) You say, طَرَدْتُهُ فَذَهَبَ مُنْدَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّى [I drove him away, &c., and he went away], (Sb, S, Msb,) using نفب in the place of the quasi-pass., (Msb,) not using [in this case] the measure انْفَعَلُ (Ṣ, A) nor افْتَعَلَ (Ṣ,) [i. e.]y ou do not say الطّرد الم nor انطرد الك (Sb, Mṣb,) except in a bad dialect. (S, A, Msb.) And you Such a one went along مَرَّ فُلَانٌ يَـطُرُدُهُمْ , say, driving them away and pursuing them. (S, L.) طُرِد . (Ş, L,) inf. n, مُطَرَدُ الإبلُ And طُرِدُ and طُرُو, He drove, or brought, or gathered, the camels together, from their several quarters. (S, L, K...) _ [And مُلَوَد , aor. and inf. n. as above, ‡ He coursed, pursued, hunted, or strove to gain possession of or to catch, wild animals or the مزاولة is expl. as signifying طَرَد is expl. as signifying is very frequently used in this غَرَجَ يَطْرُدُ حُمْرَ الوَحْشِ ,sense]. (Ş, K.) You say # He went forth to course, pursue, hunt, snare, entrap, or catch, the wild asses. (A.) And † The dogs drove away, and طَرَدَت الكَلَابُ الصَّيْدَ pursued closely, the wild animals, or the like. (L.) And طِرَادٌ, inf. n. طِرَادٌ, + He circumvented, in order to snare, entrap, or catch, the wild animal, or wild animals, or the like; and in طَرَدْتُ القُومُ like manner, a serpent. (L.) - And طَرَدْتُ القُومُ I came to the people, or party, or came upon أَتَيْتُ them, or destroyed them, (أَتَيْتُهُو , K, or , T, S, L,) and passed through them. (T, الرِّيحُ تَطْرُدُ الحَصَى وَالصَّفَى And الرِّيحُ † The wind blows away with violence the pebbles القيعَانُ تَطُرُدُ السَّرَابِ and the dust. (A.) _ And I The plains have the mirage running along them طَرَدْتُ بَصَري فِي أَمْر like water. (A.) _ And إ القوم I [I directed my observation to the affair, or case, of the people, or party]. (A.) - And لَّهُ الْمُسْأَلَة † I put forward an opposition, or a contradiction, in the question: app. from المطارَدة meaning "the making to run in a race." (Msb.)

 latter I think a mistranscription.] مطرّده جَرْمُ مُر said of a judge, means † He bade him, (i. e. a litigant) to invalidate their testimony, or evidence, if able to do so. (TA, from a saying of Esh-Sháñ'ee.)

8. طراًد قرنه, (A,) inf. n. مطارد قرنه and طراًد (S, A, K,) † He charged upon, or assaulted, or attached, his adversary, (S, A, K,) in war (S) &c., (TA,) the latter doing the same, (S, K,) and fought him, whether he drove him away or not. (A.) One says, غرسان الطراء † They are the horsemen who charge upon, assault, or attack, one another. (S, K, TA.) طارد المارة في signifies [also] † He made [a horse] to run in a race. (Msb.) عطارد الصيد see 1, latter half.

4. اطروه He made him, or caused him, (ISh, ISk, S, Mgh,) or he ordered him, (L, K,) to be driven away, expelled, banished, removed, or put or placed at a distance or away or far away, (ISh, ISk, S, Mgh, L, K,) so as not to be in a state of security; (ISh, Mgh, TA;) said of the Sultán: (Mgh:) or he (the Sultán, S, L) ordered that he should be expelled, or banished, (S, L, K,) from his, (S, L,) or from the, (K,) town, or طرّده ♥ and اطرده عَن البُلُد or اطرده عَن البُلُد, and with teshdeed, he (the Sultan) expelled him, or banished him, from the town, or country. (Msb.) He ordered that the camels اطرد الإبل And اطرد should be driven, or brought, or gathered, together, from their several quarters. (S, L.) _ And . We sent the he-goats among the herd أَطْرَدُنَا الغُنَيرَ , إطَّراد (L, K,) inf. n. اطرده (IAar, TA.) ما اطرده المعارد (A'Obeyd, Mgh,) He (i. e. a person about to race with another, L) said to him, If thou outstrip me I will give thee such a thing, and if I outstrip thee thou shalt give me such a thing; (A'Obeyd, Mgh, L, Ķ;) as also أَرُوهُ لا . (L.)

6. גלונגו They two charged upon, assaulted, or attacked, and fought, each other, whether they drove each other away or not. (A.)

انطرد . a word of a bad dialect. (Ş, A, Mşb.) See 1.

8. اطرر, as trans.: see 1, first sentence. As quasi-pass.: see 1, second sentence. ___اطرد الباً، The water flowed in a regular, or a continuous, or an uninterrupted, course, one portion following another: (A,* L, Msb:) and اطروت الأنَّهَارُ + The rivers so flowed: (Msb:) or [simply] the rivers ran, or flowed. (S.) And اَضْطُرَدُ الخَيْلُ † The horses ran, following one another: occurring in a trad.: the verb is originally اطترر the augmentative 🗢 being changed into b, and then the radical dischanged into ض: (L:) and for into ض changing the والطراد some say , إضطراد as in اِنْطَجَعُ for اِنْطَجَعُ]. (Az, TA in art. they followed أطردوا إلى الهسير And أطردوا إلى الهسير one another to go on a journey. (A.) And (Msb, K,) ‡ Tha الأَمْرُ (Ṣ, A, L,) or اطَّرر الشَّىء thing, or the affair, followed a regular and continuous course, one part, or stage, following another