[other] teeth have become strong. (TA. [See] in the T as meaning ; but I know no such (K) which ضَرُوس Hence,] sing. of إ____ signifies + The stones with which a well is cased. (S, O, K.) - And + A فند [app. as meaning a peak, or the like,] in a mountain. (TA.) - And + A rough [hill, or eminence, or elevated place, such as is termed] أكمة (T, O, K, TA) and [such as is termed] : (T, TA :) or rough ground ; written by Sgh : فَسُرَسْ (IAar, TA :) or a portion of a [tract such as is termed] , somewhat elevated, very rugged, rough to the tread, consisting of a single piece of stone [or rock], unmixed with clay, or soil, and not giving growth to anything : pl. ضَرُوس. (TA.) مُسَرُوس. Also t Light rain : means scattered rains : (As, TA :) or scattered showers of rain: (S, O:) and some say, i.q. جدر [app. a mistranscription, probably for which signifies rain; or clouds, or mist, and rain]: and [it is said that] ضرس signifies also a raining cloud that has not [much] width. (TA.) = See also مُضَرَّس last sentence.

ضرس A man having his teeth set on edge. (TA.) And tA man angry by reason of hunger; (AZ, Ķ, TA;) because hunger sharpens the signifies + very ضَرِيس * TA:) and أَضْرَاس hungry; (K, TA;) so that there is nothing that comes to him but he eats it, by reason of hunger: is a حَزَانَى like as حَزَانَى is a رَضَرَاسَى is a pl. of مَزِين (K.) - And t A man (S, A, O) refractory, untractable, perverse, stubborn, or obstinate, in disposition : (Yz, S, A, O, K:) evil in disposition, or illnatured, and very perverse or cross or repugnant and averse; syn. شَرْسٌ. (K.) You say مَرْسٌ ضَرِسْ شَرْسٌ (Yz, Ş, A, Ó.) [See See also مُضَرَّسٌ, last sentence.

ضرسة Ruggedness, and roughness. (TA.)

Toothache. (MA.) ضراس

seems to signify, properly, A disposition] ضراس to bite]. ... [Hence,] النَّاقَةُ بِجِنَّ ضِرَاسِهَا [means النَّاقَةُ بِجِنَّ ضِرَاسِهَا [+ The she-camel is in the case of the recentness of her bringing forth, when she defends her young one; from the epithet ضروس; (S, Meyd, O; but in the S and O, ", referring to the she-camel, is put in the place of الناقة;) and is a prov., applied to the man whose nature is evil on the occasion of his defending. (Meyd.) And one says, اتَّق النَّاقَة , meaning : Beware thou of the shecamel in the case of the recentness of her bringing forth, and of her evil disposition towards him who approaches her, by reason of her attachment to her young one. (A, TA.) [In the TA, in art. , in the place ضرامهًا in the place of : the former may perhaps be another reading; but I rather think that it is a mistranscription for the latter. And in the present art. in the TA, it is added that Sgh has mentioned (app. in the TS, for he has not done so in the O,) El-Báhilee's having explained الضّراس as

word as ; nor do I know any word of which it is likely to be a mistranscription, though I have diligently searched for such. This word was has been altered by the copyist in each instance in the TA; so that it seems to have been indistinctly written by the author.] _ [Hence also] المرب + The biting of war. (Ham p. 532.)

A she-camel of evil disposition, (S, K,) that bites her milker: $(\S, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K})$ or that has a habit of biting to defend her young one. (TA.) ____ [Hence,] مَرْبٌ ضَرُوسٌ (Devouring, biting, war : (TA:) or vehement war. (Ham p. 87.) = And A she-camel whose flow, or stream, of milk does not make any sound to be heard. (TA.)

i. e. teeth or] أَضْرَاس Stones resembling ضَرِيس lateral teeth or molar teeth]: with such, a well is cased. (TA.) ___ And + The vertebræ of the back. (بِغَرْ) Also, and ♦ مَضْرُوسَةً ♦ (O, K.) 🛥 Also, and cased with stones. (S, K.) --- See also ضَرِسٌ.

as an initative sequent to أَضْرَسُ as an epithet applied to a man. (S, K.)

مضرس + A sort of figured cloth or garment, أَضْرَاس (S, O, K,) having upon it forms resembling) [i.e. teeth or lateral teeth or molar teeth], (K,) or thought by IF to be thus called because having upon it such forms : (O:) or, applied as an epithet to [the kind of garments called] as meaning figured with the marks of folding: or meaning folded in a square form: or, as some say, مُضَرَّسَة signifies a sort of cloths, or garments, upon which are lines and ornamental borders. (TA.) - And + An arrow that is not smooth, or even; because it has in it what حَرَّة مُضَرَّسَة And ... (TA.) . أُضْرَاس resemble and * مَضْرُوسَةُ + [A. stony tract] in which are stones like the أَضْرَاس of dogs. (A'Obeyd, S, K.) Also I A man who has been tried, or proved, or tried and strengthened, by experience; (A, TA;) whom trials have befallen, as though he had been bitten thereby: (TA:) who has been tried, or proved, and rendered expert, or strong, by wars, (S, A,) and by affairs, or calamities: (A:) like from مَنْجَدٌ (A, TA:) or who has become experienced in affairs: (AA, S:) one who has travelled, and become experienced in affairs, and fought; as also ضرس * and ضرس (TA.)

The lion, that cheres the flesh of his المضرس prey without swallowing it : (O, K:) or the lion; so called because he does thus. (TA.)

ضرط

1. مَصْرِطَ aor. ; (S, Mab, K;) and مَصْرِطَ aor. ; (Mşb;) inf. n. ضَرطٌ (Ş, Mşb, K, in the Mşb said to be of the latter verb,) and ضَرْطُ (Msb, K, in the Mab said to be of the former verb,) and ضريط the Mab said to be of the former verb, and أُسْرَاط, (K,) or the last is a simple subst., meaning سير لهم ; and that it is likewise explained ; (Msb,) [a coarse word, signifying] He broke

wind, i.e. emitted wind from the anus, with a sound. (S, K.) [When it is without sound, you أودى العُيْرُ إلَّا ضَرِطًا ,Hence the prov. [.فَسَا say The ass had no power remaining except [that of] emitting wind from the anus, with a sound: (S, K:) applied to a vile, or an abject, person, and to an old man; and in allusion to a thing's becoming in a bad, or corrupt, state, so that there remains of it nothing but what is of no use: (K:) the last word is in the accus. case as denoting a thing of a different kind from that signified by أَجْبَنُ منَ المُنْزُوفِ And (.0) And أُجْبَنُ منَ المُنْزُوفِ More cowardly than he who is exhausted] ضرطًا by emitting wind from the anus, with a sound]: another prov.: [its origin is variously related: see Freytag's Arab. Prov., i. 320:] or المنزوف or it is differently written in ضَرْطًا or jor it is differently written different copies of the K,] is a certain beast, between the dog and the cat, (K,) or between the dog and the wolf, (O,) which, when one cries out at it, emits wind from the anus, with a sound, by reason of cowardice. (Sgh, K.)

2: see 4. in two places.

4. اضرطه , and ، ضرّطه (S, O, K,) He made him to emit wind from the anus, with a sound: (S:) or he did to him that which caused him to emit wind from the anus, with a sound. (O, K.) ; تَضْرِيطٌ .n f. n (Ş, K,) ضرّط الله and ; اضرط به _ (K;) He derided him, and imitated to him with his mouth the action of one emitting wind from the anus, with a sound; (S;) he made to him with his mouth a sound like that of an emission of wind from the anus, and derided him. (K,* TA.) اضرط بالسّائل, said in a trad., of 'Alee, means He treated the asker with contempt, disapproving what he said; he derided him. (TA.)

part. n. of ضَرط (Msb.)

inf. n. un. of 1; A single emission of ضرطة wind from the anus, making a sound]. It is said in a prov., of him who has done a deed of which he has not done the like before nor after, There proceeded from] كَانَتْ مِنْهُ كَضَرْطَة الأَصَمَّ him what was like the ضرطة of the deaf]. (Sgh, TA.)

An emission of wind from the anus, with ضراط a sound : (S, TA :) or the sound thereof : (K, TA : [in the CK, صَوْتُ اللَقْسِجِ is put for صَوْتُ اللَقْسِجِ (]: صَوْتُ اللَقْسِجِ a subst. from 1. (Mşb.)

are all [inten- ضرَّوْط * and ضَرَّوْط * and ضَرَّاط sive] epithets from 1; (K;) [signifying One who emits wind from the anus, with a sound, much, or frequently;] the last mentioned by Sb, and expl. by Seer. (TA.)

e: see the next preceding paragraph.

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