sides. (O, K.) ____ صوع ____, (K,) inf. n. as above, (O,) said of an ass, [meaning a wild ass,] He drove his she asses to the right and left: (O, \mathbf{K}) so expl. by Ibn-'Abbad. (O.) And, said of a horse, He went at random, and resisted his owner [or rider]. (TA.) صوم إليه [said of a man, as is indicated in the O,] He turned about his head towards him : and he turned his face towards him. (O, TA.) ____ And صوع رأسة, said of a bird, It moved, or moved about, its head. (TA.)

4. اصاع الغُنَمَر: see 1, latter half.

 5. تصوّع It became dispersed, or scattered; as
also * تصوّع القَوْمُ (Ş.) You say, انصاع المواجع people, or party, became dispersed, or scattered, and remote, all of them, one from another. (O, K.) - Also, said of hair, It became contracted, and much split : [app. by reason of dryness : like :] (Lth, O, K:) or it became dispersed, or scattered; (Lh, O, K;) and it fell off by degrees. (O, K.) - And, said of herbage, It became dried up; (Ṣ, O, Ķ;) like تصوّح; (O;) as also تصيّع (Ş; and O and K in art. صيع.)

7. انصاع: see 5. __ Also t He turned away, or back, retreating, or returning, (S, O, K, TA,) and went (S, TA) quickly, or hastening: (S, O, K, TA :) or you say, انصاع القَوْم The people, or party, went away quickly : and إنصاع مُدْبُرًا He went away [turning back] quickly. (TA.) [See an ex. voce صَارَة.] - And + It (a bird) ascended, or mounted, into the air, between the earth and sky, or into the middle of the sky. (TA in art. art, from the book entitled "Ghareeb el-Hamám" by El-Hasan Ibn-'Abd-Alláh El-Kátib El-Isbahánee.)

(S, Mgh, O, Msb, K) and * صوع معنع (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K) and معنع معنع (O, K) and مواع (S, O, K) and مواع (O, K,) thus accord. to five different readers of the Kur in xii. 72, (O, K, * TA,) A certain measure used for measuring corn [&c.], (S, O, Msb, K,) and upon which turn [or depend] the decisions of the Muslims [relating to measures of capacity]: (K:) or the صاع is different from the فراع (Ş, K;) the latter being a certain vessel, in [or from] which one drinks [as will be expl. hereafter in this paragraph]: (S, TA:) the former is four أَمْدَاد [pl. of مَدْ]; (Ş, O, Mşb, K;) i. e. (Mşb) five أرطال [or pints] and a third, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) by the measure of Baghdád; (Msb;) the being a pint and a third : (K, TA :) so with the people of El-Hijáz, (Mgh, TA,) [i. e.] so with the people of the Harameyn, as was oproved by a number of specimens of the صاع used in dealings with the Prophet, (Msb,) and so accord. to Esh-Sháfi'ee : (TA :) but with the people of El-'Irák it was eight pints, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) with whom agreed Aboo-Haneefeh; the with them being two pints; (Msb, TA;) but the addition was made by El-Hajjáj; and their was the تغيز حَجَّاجى, and was unknown to the people of El-Medeeneh, as is said by Az: (Msb:) accord. to Ed-Dáwoodee, its invariable

that fills the two hands, that are neither large nor small, of a man; for the صاع of the Prophet is not found in every place; and this (the author of the K says, TA) I have tried, and found to be correct: (K, TA:) the word is masc. and fem.: (Zj, Msb, K, TA :) accord. to Fr, the people of El-Hijáz make it fem.; and Benoo-Asad, except some of them, make it masc., as do the people of Nejd; and Zj says that the more chaste way is to make it masc.: (Msb:) the pl. (of pauc., used by those who make the sing. fem., O, Msb) is أصوع, (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) for which one may say و into hem- و into hem- و into hemzeh, (S, O,) and accord. to AAF some say , like ذار, (Mgh, Msb,) a pl. of ذار, (Mgh,) but AHat says that this is a vulgar mistake, (Mşb,) and أُصْوَاعُ, (O, Mşb, Ķ,) which is used by those who make the sing. masc., (O, Msb,) and [of mult.] , (K,) which is app. pl. of فروع (K,) with kesr, (TA,) and صِيعَان, (Mgh, O, Mşb, Ķ,) which is [likewise] a pl. of mult., (Msb.) or this last is pl. of \P and this sing. signifies a [vessel of the kind called] بامر, [app. here used in the sense which this word commonly has in Pers., i.e. as meaning a cup,] in which, (K, TA,) or from which, (TA,) one drinks: (K, TA:) Sa'eed Ibn-Jubeyr says that the of the king [mentioned in the Kur xii. 72] was the Persian مَكُوك, of which the two extremities [are compressed so that they] meet together [app. in such a manner that the whole vessel resembles a small boat, the word متموك being expl. in several dictionaries as applied to a drinking-vessel of this form, probably from the Pers. مَكُوكُ signifying "a shuttle" and used in this sense in modern Arabic]: El-Hasan says that the صواع and the سقاية are one thing, as Zj also says; and that the صواع of the king is said to have been of ورق [meaning silver], and that they used to measure with it and sometimes they drank with it: Zj says that it is explained as an oblong vessel, resembling the مُكوك, with which the king used to drink; and said by some to have been of مس [which (as is said in the TA in art. (مس) means copper, from the Pers. (TA.) [See also صُوغ , with ف.]. (TA.) + The place [or plot] in which a صاع [of seed] is sonn: so in a trad." (TA.) __ And t A depressed piece of ground; (S, O, K, TA;) as also ? صَاعَة ? (O, K, TA;) like an excavation : or, as some say, a depressed place, sloping down from its surrounding borders: (TA:) or a narrow, depressed place. (TA in art. طلّ.) ___ And + A place that is swept and in which one then plays: (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K:) [see the verse cited in what follows:] and is said to signify a piece of ground which صَاعَة * a boy sweeps, removing its pebbles, and in which he plays with the ball : and a bare place, in which is nothing. (TA.) ____ And The place of the breast of the ostrich when she puts it upon the ground : صَاعَ جَوْجَو النَّعَام or such a place is called . ضَرَبَهُ فِي صَاعٍ جُوْجُوه (IF, O.) And one says, ضَرَبَهُ فِي صَاعٍ

stick called] . صَوْلَجَان [K.) In the following verse of El-Museiyab Ibn-'Alas, describing a shecamel.

[the most obvious meaning of which is, Her fore legs moved briskly for the purpose of hastening, as though she were propelling a ball with the hands of a player in a piece of ground cleared for that exercise,] or, as some relate it, ربكَقى مَاقط, meaning with the hands of a player with the ball, it is said by some that he means , [though it is not easy to see why, if so, he did not say صاع and that by the صاع he means the أَعْطُنُ because it is bent (عَوْلَجَان see 1, last sentence,]) for the purpose of striking with it, that the ball may be propelled (تصاع) with it. (O.)

and صَوع : see صَاع , first sentence. _ The latter is also a pl., (K, TA,) app. of مَواع , with kesr. (TA.)

Portions of herbage beginning to dry up. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) - And of the flesh of a horse, Such as is scattered, or sparse; not collected together in one place. (Ibn-'Abbad, O.)

ister half, in two places. ____ Also ‡ A place prepared by a woman for the separating and loosening of cotton: (Lth, O, K, TA:) and + a skin, like a نظع, which a woman sometimes makes, or prepares, for the separating and loosening of cotton and of wool upon it. (ISh, O, TA.) _ And ‡ A place specially made, or prepared, for guests. (Z, TA.)

مَاعٌ and صَوَاعٌ see مَعَامٌ, former half, in five places.

occurs as a dim. of صِيعَان occurs as a dim. of أَصْوَاع, pl. of صَاع, regularly formed therefrom]. (IB. TA.)

[part. n. of 7] Turning away or back, منصاع retreating, &c. (TA.)

صوع

 أَسْاغَهُ (Ş, MA, O, Mşb, K,) aor. (كَاغَهُ (S, MA, O, Mşb,) inf. n. صُوْلغُ (Ş, MA, O, Mşb) and مُواغُ (TA) and مُواغُ (MA,) [or the last is a simple subst.,] He melted it, and poured it forth into a mould; (TA;) he cast it, molten, in a mould: (PS:) he made, formed, fashioned, or moulded, it, by the goldsmith's art; namely, an ornament [and the like]: (MA: [this last is the most usual meaning:]) or he prepared it, (K, TA,) and cast it, (TA,) namely, a thing, after the pattern of a right model. (K, TA.) One says of a man, صَاغَ الذَّهُبَ حُليًّا [He cast the gold so as to make of it ornaments; or he made, formed, fashioned, or moulded, the gold into ornaments]. (Mşb.) _____ [Hence,] مَاعَدُ أَللَهُ صِيغَةً حَسَنَةً God created him and ماغه ألله صيغة حسنة [Hence,] عَاغَه ألله صيغة حسنة (God created him the middle of his breast. (Z, TA.) - And it is (S, O, K, TA) in a goodly mode, or manner, of measure is four times the quantity [of corn &c.] said that] صَاعَ also signifies The [kind of goff- | creation. (O, TA.) And صاع # He

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