ً , صِنْعَى ♦ الأَيْدِي and , صَنَعَى ♦ الأَيْدِي and , الأَيْدِي (K,) [all of which are instances of quasi-pl. ns., except, perhaps, the last, which is said in the TA to be a pl. of أُصْنَاعُ الْأَيْدِي and رَصِنْع أَ , (Ķ, [in the CK, erroneously, أَصْنَاعِي (,]) which is pl. of or of صِنْعُ * اليَّدِ or, accord. to Sb, as IB says, the only pl. of وَنْعُونَ is مِنْعُونَ, and in like manner in the case of vou say ousay is mentioned as on the رَجَالُ صُنْعُ (TA,) and الدُّد is mentioned as on the authority of Sb, (K,) and Sh is related to have said قُومٌ صَنْعُونَ, [using the latter word as pl. of with the ن quiescent. (TA.) And you say اَمْرَأَةٌ صَنَاعٌ العَمْرَأَةُ عَنَاعٌ العَمْرَأَةُ عَنَاعٌ العَمْرُأَةُ عَنَاعٌ العَمْرُ عَلَى العَمْرُ رَبَنَاعُ لا اليَدِ إِلَى (إِنْ, (إِنْ, وَمَنَاعُ لا اليَدَيْنِ اليَدَيْنِ (إِلْ), (إِنْ اليَدَيْنِ TA,) an instance of an epithet applied to a woman like عُعَابٌ and رَدَاعٍ and مَصَانُ, (TA,) the 1 of prolongation before the final letter resembling, and rendering needless, the in in (IJ, TA,) which is not allowable, (IJ,* Mgh, Msb, TA,*) though an instance of it occurs used on the ground of analogy: (Mgh:) A moman shilful in the work of the hands or hand; (ISk, S, O, K, TA;) who makes things in a suitable manner; who sems, and cuts out or makes, leathern buchets; (ISk, TA;) contr. of خُرْقًاء ; (Mgh, Msb;) and امْرَأَةُ صَنِيعَةُ signifies the same: (\$, نِسْوَةٌ صُنُعٌ and : إمْرَأْتَانِ صَنَاعَانِ And نِسْوَةً صُنُعً O, K.) Th preferred صَنَعُ اليَدِ as applied to a as applied to a woman. صَنَاعٌ ♥ الْيَدِ is an inf. n. صَنَع is an inf. n. used as an epithet. (TA. [But see 1, last sen-لَا تُعْدَمُ صَنَاعٌ لا ثُلَّةً tence.]) It is said in a prov., وَمَنَاعٌ لا تُعْدَمُ صَنَاعٌ [expl. in art. اثل]. (TA.) __ [Hence,] one says of a poet, and of any one who is eloquent, رُجُلُ إلسَّانِ \$\dagger A man shilful in the use of the tongue]: and in like manner, إلسَّان صَنَّع إ اِمْرَأَةٌ صَنَاعُ لا اللِّسَانِ skilful tongue]. (K, TA.) And إمْرَأَةٌ صَنَاعُ لا اللِّسَانِ + A woman sharp-tongued: or long-tongued: syn. (TA.) . سُليطُة

فنع: see صُنع, last sentence.

Work or handiwork, an art, a craft or handicraft, or a trade; (KL;) as also المناعد : (KL, PS:) any habitual work or occupation of a man; as also جُرْفَة ; (K in art. حرف;) [and so رصناعة v , as is indicated in the K voce whence] one says, صِنَاعَتُهُ رِعَايَةُ الإبلِ [His habitual work or occupation, or his business, is the tending, or pasturing, of camels]: (M, and K in art. رعى:) or asia [more particularly] signifies the work of the صانع; (Ṣ, O, Ķ;) [a manufacture, or work of art; and workmanship, or the skill of a worker, which last meaning is plainly indicated in the O, and by common usage:] and مناعة لله the عرفة [i.e. craft, or habitual work or occupation,] of the مانع, (S, Mgh, O, Msh,* K,) meaning of has not منع but IB says that منع but IB says that منع has not is [مِنَاعَةُ فِ and] صِنَاعَةُ فِي (KL.) _ It is been heard. (TA.)

also an inf. n. of 1 as used in the phrase أَسُنُعُتُ (q. v.]. (Ş, O, K, TA.) فَرَسَى

, with damm, Arrows that are equal, equable, uniform, or even, the work of one man. صنيع is a quasi-pl. n. of صنعة applied to an arrow.]

and مِنْعَى and صَنْعَى and صَنْعَى and صَنْعَى and صَنْعَى ead صَنْعَى and صَنْعَى . صَنْعُ . عَضَاعً . صَنْعُ see صَنَاعً بَصَنَاعً , in eight places.

in a sense in which it is used in a verse of Aboo-Dhu-eyb is a pl. of which ISd says, "I know not any sing, thereof:" accord, to Skr, it means The icher the seams or the or of an إِدَاوَة or, as some مَزَادَة or, as some say, the thongs used in the sewing thereof: and some say the making thereof, so that in this case it is an inf. n. (TA.)

an inf. n. of 1 [q. v.]. (MA.) __ And i. q. أمْصُنُوعُ [meaning Made, nrought, manufac-tured, fabricated, or constructed: or made, &c., skilfully, or well: see 1, first sentence]. (TA.) - [Hence,] ‡ Food (O, K, TA) that is made, or prepared, and to which people are invited; (TA;) and مصنعة signifies [the same, i. e.] ‡ a repast, feast, or banquet, to which friends are invited: (O, K, TA:) one says, ئنتُ فِي صَنِيعِ فُلَانِ Iwas at the repast of such a one, made, or prepared, by him, to which people were invited: and المصنعة the repast to which friends were invited. (TA.) And (i. e. the former word) ‡ Food prepared to be dispensed in the way, or cause, of God. (TA.) __ Also, applied to a sword, Polished, (S, O, K, TA,) and proved by experience; and so applied to an arrow: (K, TA:) or, applied to a sword, frequently renovated by polishing: (A, TA:) pl. صُنُع. (TA.) __ And, applied to a horse, † Well tended; (S, O, K, TA;) supplied with fodder, and fattened. (TA.) And [in like manner it is applied to a human being:] one says, # He is the person whom I have reared; and whom I have educated, disciplined, or trained, well; (O, K, TA;) and so وَمُنيعَتِي ; (Ṣ,* O, K, TA;) and أَهُوَ مُصْطَنَعَةً لا فُلَانٍ the is the person whom such a one has reared; &c. (Z, TA.). And ‡ A goodly and clean garment. (A, L, TA.) And A deed, or an action; (S, O, K, KL;) صَنَعَ بِ (Ḥam p. 198:) one says: صَنِيعَةٌ ♦ and so He did to him an evil, or a foul, deed: (S, O, K:) and الله means The evil [consequence] of a deed. (Ham ubi suprà.) And [particularly] A good deed, a benefit, favour, or kind act; (O, K, TA;) and so وضيعة و (Ṣ, • O, Mşb, K :) [see a verse cited voce :] pl. [of either, of the latter agreeably with rule,] صَنَائِعَ (O, K.) = Also Shilful in work of the hands or hand: (S, O, K, TA:) fem. [in this sense] with 3. (TA.) See مُنْعُ, in four places. Accord. to IDrst, عنْعُ الْدِيْنِ [likewise] signifies Shilled, or shilful, as

صناعة: see مناعة: , in four places. The saying of if correctly ,يُؤْخَذُ مِنْ كُلِّ صِنَاعَة صِنَاعَتُهُ Alee, related, means مُشْنُوعُهُ مَصْنُوعُهُ عَلَي دِي صِنَاعَةٍ مَصْنُوعُهُ related, means [From every one possessing skill in manufacture should be taken, or procured, that which he has manufactured: or perhaps من is a mistake for عن, and the meaning is, from every craftsman is to be acquired his craft]. (Mgh.)

صَنِيعَة : see صَنِيعَة, latter half, in four places.

Persons who tend their camels well, and fatten the young ones thereof, and give not their camels' milk to quests: occurring in a verse of 'Amir Ibn-Et-Tufeyl. (TA, in this art. and in (.صليع .art

. صَانعُ عَدى : صَنَاتعي

i. e. manufacturer &c.] صَانِع An expert صَنَّاءُ (TA. [There mentioned only as a proper name,

غَنَّاعَةُ: see صَنَّاعَة, former half.

صَانع $m{A}$ handicraftsman; manufacturer; or worker, or maker, with his hand; (S,* Mgh, O,* [i. e. craft &c.] صَنْعَة or one having a صَنْعَة which he exercises; (TA;) [an artificer, or artisan;] and ♥ صَنَائِعِيُّ is [used in the same sense, and particularly as meaning one who works for hire under a master; being] a rel. n. from فَنَاتُعُ [pl. of أَنْصَارِى like أَنْمَاطِي and أَنْمَاطِي (TA:) the pl. of مُنَاعُ is صَانِعُ is صَانِعُ

. صَنْعُ see : صَوْنَعُ

[More, or most, skilled in working with the hands, manufacturing, fabricating, or constructing]. See an ex. voce شُرْفَة, and another

[may be used, agreeably with analogy, as an inf. n.: and as a n. of place, and of time]. A poet says,

> إِنَّ الصَّنِيعَةَ لا تَكُونُ صَنِيعَةً حُتَّى يُصَابَ بِهَا طَرِيقُ الْمَصْنَعِ

[which may be rendered Verily that which is a good deed considered abstractedly, or without relation to the manner or object &c., will not be a good deed in effect except, or unless, the way of the doing, or the way that leads to the place (here meaning the object) of the doing, be rightly hit upon therewith]. (O, TA.) _ In the following verse of Náfi' Ibn-Lakeet, (TA in this art. and in art. ريش,) wrongly ascribed by J [in arts. and مرط to Lebeed, (TA in art. مرط),) and ascribed by others to other poets, (TA in art. مرط,) it is expl. by IAar as signifying A place that is deemed goodly [in workmanship]; syn. [a n. of place, accord. to a general rule, as well as pass. part. n. : or مُصْنَع may be here more literally rendered a place of skilful workmanship]: the poet says,

مُرُطُ القِدَادِ فَلَيْسَ فِيهِ مَصْنَعُ لَا الرِّيشُ يَنْفَعُهُ وَلَا البَّعْقِيبُ