munificence or generosity, who overcomes thase that act with hostility and opposition towards kim : (MF:) pl. صَنَإِيُ. (IAar, A, L.) Accord. to some, the $\dot{U}$ is augmentative; and the word is
 and seems to have been formed to denote an intensive signification. (MF.) Also Overcoming,

 Also $A$ calamity; a misfortune; or a great, or formidable, event: (TA:) pl. as above. (S, M, A, K.) Hence the saying of El-Hasan, نَعُوةُ We seek protection by God from the calamities, \&c., of destiny: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M}$ :*) or from its great and overpowering affictions. (L.) - Also, (accord. to the TA,) or $\boldsymbol{v i}_{\boldsymbol{j}}$, (accord. to the $\underset{K}{K}$, ) An isolated ledge of a mountain. (K, TA.)(A, K.) - $\ddagger$ - Vehement, or intense, cold. (A, K.) One says, مَرْتُ عَلْينَا صَتَادِيُن مِّ $\ddagger$ Times of intense cold befell us. (A.)
 - $\ddagger$ Vehement, or intense, heat. (A.) One
 ( $\mathrm{A}, \overline{\mathbf{K}},)^{\prime} \dot{A}$ day of vehement, or intense, heat. (Th, M, A, L, K.) - صَ $\ddagger$ Rain consisting of large drops: (S, K, ) or that falls in large quantity: pl. غُرْوُتُ صَنَادِيُ. (A.) And one says, رَّ $\ddagger$ The sky cast
 + Great clouds: (M:) or clouds that pour forth much rain, in large drops. (L.)

## صندق

, (Ş and Mob in art. and K in a separate art.,) thus, with صر, accord. to ISk, (S,) and صَنّْ [ $A$ chest, coffer, or trunk : strangely expl. in the TA as meaning $a$ سُنْدُوقِ are dial. vars. thereof: (K:) pl. صَنَإِيثٌ. (S, Mgb, K.)

صَنَإِيقى A mahor of صَنَادِيت [or chests, coffers, or trunks]. (TA.)

## صندل

Q. 1. صَنْتَ, said of a camel, (IAar, M, O, K, and of an ass, (K,) He was big in the head, (IAapr, M, O, K, and hard, or strong, or hardy, and large. (K.)
Q. 2. تَصَنْرَ He exerted himself in amatory conversation or dalliance with women. (Ibn'Abbád, O, K.) $=$ And $H$ e wore what is termed the صَنْدَل, a thing resembling the boot, with nails in the sole. (Mspb.)

صَنْدَل, applied to an ass, (T, TA,) or to a camel, (S, O,) or to both, as also ${ }^{\bullet}$ $\mathbf{K}$, ) Big in the head : ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}:$ ) or strong in make, big in the kead: (T, TA:) or large, strong, big in the head: ( $\mathbf{M}$ :) or big in the head, and hard, or strong, or hardy, and large: (K:) or accord.

hard, or strong, or hardy: ( $\mathrm{O}:$ ) the pl. of the former [or of each] is صَنَادِ. (S, O.) Also, i. e. kind of wood, ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$, ) well knonn, ( $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Bb}}$,) of sneet odour, (S, M, O,) and of several sorts; (TA;) [i. e. sandal-wood;] the best of rehich is the red, or the white, (K, TA,) or the yellow; (TA;) a discutient of tumours, beneficial as a remedy for palpitation and for the headache and for weakness of the hot stomach and for fevers: (K, TA:) the infusion of its sawdust and the continual smelling of it weaken the venereal faculty. (TA.) =It is also a Pers. word ( كَلِّةٍ [or rather an arabicized word from the Pers. ([سْنْدَل]) signifying $A$ thing resembling the boot
 (Mgb.)

صَ i.q. (O, K.) See the latter, in art. صدل.

صَنْدَلْ above, in two places.

## صنر

,صِّنَّر , as some say, or (M,) or both, but the former is the more common, (K,) The kind of tree called '; 'i. e. the plane-tree]: (AHn, M, K:) n. un. with o: (AHn, M:) a Pers. word, introduced into the Arabic language; (Lth, AHn, M ;) or arabicized, from [the Pers.] تَ(K.)
 is not allowable, (TA,) The head of a spindle; (S, O, K ; ) i. e. (S.) the crooked, (S.) or slender, (M,) or slender and crooked, (TA,) piece of iron (S., M, TA) that is in the head of the spindle: (M, TA:) or, accord. to Lth, the latter signifies a noman's spindle; and is a foreign word introduced into the Arabic language. (TA.) $=$ See also صِنار.

صنّوٌ A niggardly man, of evil disposition: (T, O, K : ) mentioned by IAạr. (T, O.) [See also صمنَّارَهِ.]

صَنَّارَّهٌ : see the next paragraph.

 (K.) - And The ear: (S, M, $\mathbf{K}$ :) of the dial. of El-Yemen. (S, M.) =Also $\mathbf{A}$ man evil in disposition; ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K} ;$ ) on the authority of IAar; ( M ;) as also of Kr : Aboo-Alee says that the former has this meaning; but it is not of the form of words mentioned in the Book [of Sb], because [it is said that] this form does not occur as an epithet. (M.) And the former, (F, TA, accord. to IAar, (TA,) Bad in respect of (if discipline of the mind and manners, \&c.], even though eminent, or celebrated, or well known: (K, TA:) pl. as above. (TA.)

## صنط

مُ: (TA,) a dial. var. of

## منع

1. صَ صَنْغ الشَّغ , aor. =, inf. n. He made, wrought, manufactured, fabricated, or constructed, the thing; 暗. عَهَلُ: (K:) [or he made it, \&c., skilfully, or nell; for] الصُّ 1 signi-
 every فُعْلْ is not a and it is not predicated of [irrational] animals [unless tropically, (see

 $\dagger$ [He fabricated speech or a saying or sentence or the like:] he forged a word; and poetry, عَلَ in the name of such a one. (Mz, 8th نولْ . [ And [with the objective complement understood,] $H e$ norked, or wrought; he practised, or exercised, an art, a craft, or a manufacture. (MA.) -
 (K, ) inf. n. صُ: ${ }^{\circ}$, with damm, He did to him a benefit, favour, or kind act: and



 (Mgh.) The saying مَ
 father ?]. (S.) The saying of the Prophet,
 ashamed, do what thou nilt,] is said to be an instance of an imperative phrase of which the meaning is predicative; i. e. it is as though be said, he who is not ashamed does what be will : ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{TA}::^{*}$ ) and other explanations of it are mentioned in the O and $\mathrm{L}:(\mathrm{TA}:$ ) [but] this is held by A'Obeyd to be the right meaning. (L.) In the phrase which may be rendered By the doing of God], صنع is in the accus. case as an inf. n.: but one may read it in the nom. case, meaning understood before it. ( $\mathrm{Zj}, \mathbf{O}, \mathrm{TA}$.) One sáys also, [How good is the doing of God with thee, or at thine abode!]. (K.) - And صَنْتْتُ فَرِسِى, inf. n. $\ddagger$ I tended well my horse; or took good care of him; (S, O, K, TA;) supplied him with fodder,
 or nourished, his girl, or young woman: (TA:)
 was treated [or nourished] well, so that she became
 or you say إصْنَع الغْرَس , (so accord. to my MS.
 other copies of the $\mathbf{K}$, and in the $\mathbf{O}$, [in the CK
 indicate that the right reading is ${ }^{\text {n }}$, agreeably with the reading in my MS. copy of the $K$ which gives the imperative form; though it is stated in


