صلع - صلد

(K:) or 1 so that it produced no plants, or herbage: (TA:) and أَصْلَدَ * and , and , (M, TA,) the place was, or became, hard: (TA:) or + produced no plants, or herbage. (M.) And رَصَلُدَ and ; مَلْدَ , inf. n. ; مَلَدَ عَلَيْه الجَبَلُ [aor. ، أَسُلُودُ and صُلُودَة and صَلَادَة (aor. ،] inf. n. مَكَرَدة (aor. ، أَر عَلَي الله عَلَى الم mountain, or rock, baffled him, namely, a welldigger, [by its hardness,] and resisted his efforts. (M. K, and so in , صَلَدَ الزَّنْدُ [Hence,] مَعَدَدَ الزَّنْدُ (M, K, and so in some copies of the S,) aor. -, inf. n. صلد ; (M;) or مَلدَ, with kesr to the ل, aor. - , inf. n. ; (AZ, S;) The زند [or piece of stick, or wood, for producing fire] gave a sound without emitting fire; (S, M, K;) and for signifies [the same, or] it emitted no fire. (Ham p. 407.) - And [hence,] صَلَدَتْ زِنَادُهُ [lit. " His pieces of stick, or wood, for producing fire, gave a sound without emitting fire"] means 1 He was, or became, niggardly, tenacious, penurious, or avaricious: (AA, L, TA:) and صَلَد , alone, aor. 2, (M, A, K,) inf. n. صَلَد (M, A;) and صَلَد (M, A,) aor. -, (M,) or -, (A,) inf. n. صَلْدٌ, (M,) or (Ķ;) ; تَصْلِيدٌ .inf. n, صلّد * A;) and ; صُلُودٌ signify the same : (M, K :) or he was, or became, very niggardly &c. (A.) - And مَلَعَتْهُ didate or align (accord. to different copies of the K in the TA the former,) The bald place on the front of his head shone, or glistened. (K, TA.) is also used in the same sense, in a trad., in relation to milk flowing forth. (TA.) - And one says, بِلَبَنِ يَصْلِدُ and جَاءَ بِهَرَق يَصْلِدُ meaning He brought broth, and milk, containing little oily, or greasy, matter, and much water: for His صَلَدَتْ أَنْيَابُهُ ... (T in art. مَلَدَتْ أَنْيَابُهُ canine teeth caused a grating sound to be heard. (K, * TA.) _ صَلَدَ بِيَدَيْهِ He clapped with his hands. (M.) مَلَدَت الدَّابَةُ مَر aor. -, (K,) inf. n. صلد, (TA,) The beast beat the ground with its fore feet in its running. (K.) _____, (M.) or بَصْلَدٌ , inf. n. مُلَدٌ , said of a mountain-goat, (M,) He ascended the moun-tain. (M, K.) تصلد [or probably , [], said of a wild cow or wild ox (بَقَرَة وَحُشَيَّة), in a verse ascribed to a Hudhalee, [but not found by SM in the Deewan of the Hudhalees,] is expl. as meaning She, or he, stands erect. (TA.) == He gave nothing to the asker, or أَصَلَدَ السَّائل beggar. (L.)

2: see the preceding paragraph.

4. اصلد : see 1, in three places. Also t He (a man) failed to produce fire with his زُنُد [or piece of stich, or wood, used for that purpose]. (S, A.) — And ماند زُنَد أنه اt He made his نزند give a sound without emitting fire. (M, TA.) And t He (God) caused his نزند to emit no fire. (A.) And غَاصَلَد فَأَصَلَد he ashed, or begged, of him, and found him niggardly: thus related on the authority of IAar; but by rule it should be . (M.)

ن المعند (K) and smooth; (S, M, A, K;) as also (K, IA;) as also (K, IA;

and so the first applied to land or ground (أرض); (S;) and to a solid hoof, as also and accord. فَعَالِم which last is of the measure مُسَلَادِمُ to Kh, but فعالل accord. to others; (M;) and to a side of the forehead, (S, M,) or thus applied meaning smooth and tough; (L;) and to a head, as also أصلَا رمرًا (M,) or thus applied meaning t upon which no hair grows: (A:) and * صلودد (A:) (M, K,) which is of an extr. form, (M,) has the first of the significations above, (K,) or signifies [simply] hard: (M:) the pl. of صلد (M, L) and of * مَكُودٌ (M, L.) مَعْلَادٌ (M, L.) مَعْلَوْدٌ (M) مَكُودٌ (M) مَعْلَوْدٌ (M) مَعْلُودٌ (M) مَعْلُو to a place, (مَكَان, M,) and صَلْدَة applied to land, (آرض, A,) ‡ That produces no plants, or herbage. (M, A.) And أُصْلَادُ الجبين The part of the side of the forehead upon which is no hair: likened to smooth stone. (A Heyth.) _[Hence,] and that stone that will not a char will not emit fire : (L, TA :) and أَنْدُ صَلُودُ (M, A) and [مُصْلد * M) [and) مصْلاً و * and صَلاً و * and صَالد * [A piece of stick, or wood, for producing fire] that gives a sound, (M,) not emitting fire: (M, A:) and *** عود صَلَّاد** *Wood*, or a stick, from which fire cannot be produced. (T, L, K.*) __ And (Ş, M, A, K) ‡ A horse) صَلُودٌ ♥ A horse) فَرَسٌ صَلْدٌ that does not sweat: $(\S, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}:)$ such a horse is discommended: (K:) or slow to sweat: or having little seminal fluid: and slow in impregnating. (M. And صَلُود * (M) and رَجُلْ صَلْد (M, A) and أَصْلَدُ (S, M, A, K) ‡ A niggardly, tenacious, penurious, or avaricious, man: (S, M, K:) or a man very niggardly &c. (A.) - And أبانة صلدة A hardy, strong, enduring she-camel. (K.) And عَيْلُ صلَاد Hard, hardy, or strong, horses. (A.) [And ملدًام also, signifies Robust, or strong. (Freytag, from Jereer.)]

e: see صلد, first sentence.

end صلداً: صلداً: Rugged and hard ground, (ISk, Ķ,) + that produces no plants, or herbage. (ISk.)

last sentence. صَلَدًا عَدَ

in six places. __ Also, applied . صَلَدٌ see مَلْدٌ, in six places. to a well, Such that its mountain, or rock, baffles the digger [by its hardness], and resists his efforts. (M.) ____ t A she-camel having little, or no, milk; as also * مُصْلَار : (Ṣ, A, Ķ :) and the latter, [which in the former case is written in some copies of the K with 5,] that has brought forth and has no milk. (K. [But this is said in the TA to be a repetition.]) -+ + A woman in whom is little, or no, good: or hard, having no compassion in her heart. (M.) __ ; A cooking-pot (قدر) slow to boil. (S, M, A, K.) - A beast (cits) that beats the ground with its fore feet in its running. (TA.) - One who ascends a mountain by reason of fear; (K, TA;) as also * مصلاد (TA:) [or] a mountain-goat that ascends the mountain. (M.)

صَلُود see صَلَد , first sentence : ____ and صَلُو , last sentence. ____ Also A shining, gleaming, or glistening. (K.)

مُصْلد in two places; and مُصْلد .

فسلادم: see مُعَلد, first sentence, in two places.

first sentence. صَلَد see صَلَود

i: see مَلَدٌ, first sentence : and see the same also near the end of the paragraph.

نَيْسَ : Bee : مَصْلَدُ Elit. Hence,] one Bays, بَصْلَدُ الْقَدْبِ only a sound when one endeavours to produce fire from it; meaning + he is not one who ungenerously refuses when asked]; an expression of praise; (TA in art. كَيْسَ بِصَلَّادِ الْقَدْبِ Milk milked into a greasy vessel, and therefore without froth. (K.)

صلط

2. تَصْلِيطٌ , inf. n. مَلْطَهُ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهِ, a dial. var. of مَلَطَهُ , q. v. (Ibn-'Abbád, Ķ.)

صلع

1. صَلِعَ aor. -, (Mşb, Ķ,) inf. n. صَلِعَ (Ṣ,• O,* Msb, K,* TA,) He (a man, S, O, K*) was, or became, bald in the fore part of the head: (S. O,* Mşb, K :* but in the Mşb it is said in this sense of the head :) or in the fore part of the head to the hinder part thereof: and likewise in the middle of the head. (TA.) [See also جلئ and Accord. to Ibn-Seena, the baldness termed does not happen to women, because of the abundance of their moisture; nor to eunuchs, because their constitutions are nearly like those of رصَلعَت العُرْفُطَةُ [Hence,] - (Msb.) inf. n. as above, ‡ The عرفطة [a species of mimosa] dropped the heads of its branches : and had them eaten by the camels. (TA.) __ See also 7. رَصَلَّعَ * perhaps a mistranscription for) صَلَعَ رَأْسَهُ and primarily signifying He made his head bald in the fore part:] the shaved his head. (Z, TA.) but, [but مَنْيَوْط said of such as is termed صَلَعَ = the verb in this sense is probably * صلَّع , (see this latter,)] He voided his ordure (أُحَدَث) on the occasion of جماع. (TA.)

2. علّع: see above, last sentence but one. ____ *The serpent came forth from concealment* (بَرَزَت) without any earth, or dust, upon it. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K, TA. [But in the O, the verb in this and the following senses is carelessly written without the sheddeh.]) _____, inf. n. jačí, (said of a man, IAar, TA.) i. q. jačí

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