(AO, M.) _ And + A certain vein (As, M) beneath the tongue, (As,) or in the lower part of the tongue, (M,) of the horse. (As, M.) And † Two veins, (Lth, Ks, S, M, L, K,) of a dark, or an ashy, dust-colour, (أخضَرَان, Lth, Ks, M, L,) in the lower part of the tongue, by means of which the tongue moves about, (Lth, Ks, L,) or penetrating within (یَسْتَبْطنان) the tongue : (Ş, M, K:) or two veins, on the right and left of the tongue: (L:) or, as some say, two bones, which erect (يُقِيمَانِ) the tongue. (M.) Yezeed Ibn-Eq-Şa'ik in his saying

لَهُ صُرَدَانِ مُنْطَلقًا اللّسَانِ

means زَرِبٌ لِسَانُهُمَا for زَرِبَا اللِّسَانِ ، as though he said لَهُ لِسَانٌ ذَرِبُ He has a long, or an unbridled, tongue; the phrase that he uses being pleonastic]. (S.) _ Also, (M, L,) or v., (so in the K,) and مُرَدٌ which is the more known, (TA,) A nail in a spear-head, (M, L, K,) by means of which the shaft is fastened to it. (L, K.*) — Accord. to Sh, مُرَدُهُ means He opened his mind, so as to reveal his secrets. (TA [But this is perhaps a mistranscription, for ([.صُرَّةُ عَعْدُ : صُرَرَهُ

ind, agreeably with ana-أَصْرَادُ logy, of صَرِدُ see صَرِدُ, and

: Also Hoar-frost, or rime صريد عضويد . فَرَّادُ See also . مُوَّادُ عليد. (TA.) ... See also

[app. a subst.; for if it were an epithet, صَرِيدَةٌ having the meaning of a pass. part. n. of the fem. gender, it should by rule be without 3;] A female animal, (M,) or a ewe, (K,) injured, (M, K,) and emaciated, (M,) by cold: pl. صُواند (M, K:) on the authority of IAar. (K.)

Cold and humid clouds in which is no water: (As:) or cold and humid clouds which : صَرِيدٌ † and صَرَّيْدُ † the wind carries away; as also (M:) or thin clouds in which is no water; (S, (K) as also فَرُدَى اللهِ (K) and مُرْدَى أَنْ (L, TA.)

: see what next precedes, in two places.

see its fem., with ة, voce صَارِدُ عاردُ: see its fem., with صَرِدٌ ♦ (Ş, A, L, K,) and مَصْرَادٌ ♦ (Ş, L, K,) and (A,) An arrow that has passed, or of which a part has passed, through the animal at which it has been shot; syn. نَافَدُ : (Ṣ, L, K :) or of which the extremity only has passed through: when part of the arrow has passed through, it is termed نَافَذُ; and when the whole has passed through, مَارِق (A.) And نَبْلُ صَوَارِدُ Arrows of which the extremities have passed through the animals at which they have been shot. (A.)

More [and most] cold; or more [and most] affected by cold : = and More [and most] transpiercing. (Meyd, in explanations of provs. commencing with this word. [See Freytag's "Arab. Prov." pp. 743-4.])

see what next follows.

مصرد (Ktr, L,) or مصرد, (so accord. to the K, [the former agreeable with its verb, the latter app. a mistake,]) An arrow missing the object of aim. (Ktr, L, K.) [See also مُصَرِد.]

Beverage, (S,) or drink, (A,) made little in quantity. (S, A.) - And Given little to drink: or † given a small gift. (S.) = See مصرد also

An arrow hitting the object of aim. (Ktr, L.) [See also مصرد.]

مصراد A wind (ريح) cold; or intensely cold: or accompanied by cold and humid clouds. (IAar, M.) __ Also, and ♦, صُرِدُ (T, S, M, K,) A man quickly sensible of cold; (S;) weak in enduring cold; (K;) impatient of cold. (T, M.). And the former, Strong in enduring cold. (K.) __And A land without trees, and without anything (K, TA) of herbage. (TA.) = See also

A man vehemently angered or enraged (K :) and so مُصْطُرُّ, without s. (TA.)

-(K.) سُرَاطٌ A long sword: a dial. var. of سُرَاطٌ [q. v.].

مَرَاطُ A road, or way; as also سِرَاطُ , (Ṣ, Ķ,) which is the original; (TA;) and زُرَاطً (\$:) [see the second of these three words:] Akh says that the people of El-Hijáz make it fem., and Temeem make it masc. (Ş and Mşb voce زُفَاقُ q. v.) الصَّرَاطُ ي , also written with , is likewise [The name of] a bridge extended over the midst of Hell, (K, TA,) sharper than a sword, and thinner than a hair, over which the creatures will pass, the people of Paradise passing over it with their works, some like the blinding lightning, and some like the wind sent forth, and some like coursers, and some running, and some walking, and some dragging themselves along; and a crier will cry, from the lower parts of the empyrean, "Lower your eyes until Fatimeh, the daughter of Mohammad, (may God bless and save him, and may God be well pleased with her and her two sons,) pass over;" and the fire will say to the believer, "Pass thou over, O believer, for thy light hath extinguished my flame;" and thereupon, the feet of the people of the fire will slip. (TA.)

مُسْرَط Bee : مصرَط and مُصرَط

صرع مرعه على مرعه الله (S, O, Mab, K) صَرَعَه الله مرعة (S, O, Mab, K) مرع مرعة (S, O, K,) the former inf. n. of the dial. of Temeem and the latter of Keys, (\$, O,) and مُصْرَع, which is also a n. of place, [and, accord. to rule, of time also,] (S, O, K,) said of a man, (S, Msb,) He threw him down, or prostrated him, on the ground; (O, L, K, TA;) O, Meb, K,) well known, (S, O,) resembling namely, a man. (T, TA.) And according is also madness, or diabolical possession, (Msb.,) accord.

said of a beast, [the pronoun referring to the rider,] meaning It threw him down. (TA in art. الْمَنِيَّةُ تُصْرَعُ الْمَيُوانُ , Hence the saying ... المُومِنِ كَالْهَامِةِ مِنَ الزَّرْعِ تَصْرَعُهَا الرِّيْحُ مَنَ الزَّرْعِ تَصْرَعُهَا الرِّيْحُ i. e. [The similitude of the believer is as the fresh, or juicy, plant of seedproduce,] which the wind bends at one time, throwing it from side to side, [and straightens at مُرِعُ الشَّجَرُ another.] (TA, from a trad.) And The trees were cut and thrown down. (TA.) — See also 3. — [Hence also,] ... He was affected with the disease termed [expl. below]. (Msb.) And He (a man) was affected with diabolical possession, or madness; inf. n. صرع. (TA.) See also 2, in two places.

2. صرّعه, [inf. n. تصریع,] He threw him down or prostrated him, on the ground, vehemently; namely, a man. (K.) عرع الباب (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He made the door-way to have what are termed مصراعان [i. e. a pair of folding doors]; as also أَصَرَعُهُ ﴿ K,TA.) __And [hence,] التَّعْرُ بَعْدُ لَ He made the poetry to have what are termed مِصْرَاعَانِ; 88 also مُرْعَهُ (K, TA:) or الشَّعْرِيعُ البَيْتِ مِنَ or التَّصْرِيعُ فِي الشِّعْرِ مِصْرَاع (TA,) is the making the first الشَّعْرُ [meaning hemistich] to rhyme [like the second]; (S;) [i.e.] the making the last foot of the first hemistich like the last of the second [in rhyme]: of the door-way. (Ş, TA.)

3. أصَارَعْتُهُ فَصَرَعْتُهُ ١٠, (Ş, Mab, TA,) inf. n. of the former مُصَارِعَةُ and صِرَاعُ, (Mab, TA,) I wrestled with him, each of us endeavouring to throw down the other, [and I overcame him in doing so, or and I threw him down.] (TA.)

5. تَصْرَع لَهُ He became lowly, humble, or abased, and abashed, to him; as also : تَضْرَع (Az, TṢ, TA:) or t he lowered, humbled, or abased, himself to him : one says, مَا زِلْتُ أَتَصَرَّعُ لَهُ and إِلَيْهِ ‡ [I ceased not to lower, humble, or abase, myself to him] حَتَّى أُجَائِنى [until he answered me, or gave me his assent]. (Z, TA.)

6. تصارعوا They wrestled, one with another, endeavouring to throw down one another; and they اصطرعا ♥ [signifies the same; or] اصطرعوا ♥ two wrestled, each endeavouring to throw down the other. (TA.)

7. انصرع [He, or it, became thrown down, or prostrated, on the ground]. (Occurring in the ل بجأث .) K in art.

8: see 6, in two places.

an inf. n. of 1. (S, Msb, K.) __ Also, [as a subst., Epilepsy, or falling sickness: and sometimes, app., ecstatic catalepsy; a sort of trance into which a person falls:] a certain disease, (S,

