thus termed]: (O, K, TA:) like مَنْقُ in the sense of مُخْلُوقٌ, &c. (O, TA.) _ And The plants of the earth; (K;) because they cleave it: (TA:) [i. e.] the plants from over which the earth cleaves: so in the phrase وَٱلْأُرْضِ ذَاتِ ٱلصَّدْعِ in the Kur lxxxvi. 12: (Bd:) or this phrase means And the earth which is cloven by the plants (Th, Bd, TA) and by the springs. (Bd.) النَّاسُ عَلَيْهِمْ , And i. q. إِلْبُ : (TA:) you say أَنْبُ وَاحِدُ K, TA,) and إِنْبُ وَاحِدُ [or أَنْبُ إراحل [واحد], (TA,) The people are one company combined in hostility against them: (K, TA:) and in like manner ضُلُع واحد and فعُل واحد: 80 says AZ. (TA.) - And A man light of flesh; and so ♦ مَدَع, (Ṣ, Ķ,) sometimes: (Ṣ:) or of middling stature, light of flesh: (Ks, TA:) like the mountain-goat thus termed. (TA.) _ See also

The half of a thing that is cloven, or split, or slit, in halves. (K, TA. [See also الله صَدَعُ الشَّيْءِ صَدْعُيْثِ He clave, or split, or slit, the thing in halves. (TA.) And + A company of men. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) _ And † A woman who makes a division in the state of a people and does not repair it. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, TA.)

and پُندُع به (K,) or the former only (S,) applied to a mountain-goat, and a gazelle, and an ass, [app. a wild ass,] (S, K,) and a camel, (K,) Of a middling size, neither great nor small, but between the two: (S:) or youthful and strong: [see also عديع:] or [in the CK "and"] the former word signifies a thing of any sort between two things; between tall and short, and youthful and advanced in age, and fat and lean, and great and small. (K.) - For the former word as applied to a man: see .—Also, thus applied Penetrating, sharp, or effective, in his affair. signifies also The صَدُم [It is said that] [i. e. rust] of iron. (K.) [But this seems to be a mistake, which has arisen from what here follows.] It is said that [a certain person called] El-Uskuff [which generally means "the bishop"], being asked by 'Omar respecting the Khaleefehs, designated [him who was afterwards] the fourth of them ['Alee] as مِنْ حَدِيدِ meaning [lit.] thereby A mountain-goat of iron; using it as a hyperbolical appellation to denote his might and courage and endurance and hardness : or the phrase, as some relate it, is صُدَأً حَدِيثًا [which may be rendered, "light or active in body" (a meaning assigned to and مُعَدُعُ and مُدُاً the latter of which is said to be in this sense the original), and "sharp"]; or مَدَأُ حَدِيدِ [i. e. "rust of iron," app. alluding to his frequent and long-continued wearing of mail and bearing of weapons]; which last is thought by As to be most probably correct. (O,* TA.)

The half of a thing that is cloven, split, or slit, in halves; as also ♦ صَدِيع. (K. [See also صدع And A [herd such as is (O.)

like: (TA:) an inf. n. used as a subst. [properly | termed] مومة of camels; (S, O, K;) and so عديغ: (S, O, K:) or, accord. to AZ, a herd of camels amounting to sixty. (O, TA.) And A separate flock, or herd, of sheep or goats; as also اصَدِيعٌ : (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) or, as some say, of these also, amounting to sixty: and it is said to signify also a herd of gazelles: (TA:) and مديع signifies also a herd of oxen [probably meaning wild oxen]. (O, TA.) — One says also, عُلَيْه i. e. [On him lies a debt of] a small amount of property. (TA.)

> Divisions in opinion &c.]. One Between بَيْنَهُرْ صَدَعَاتٌ فِي الرَّأْيِ وَالهَوَى ,Bays them is division [in opinion and affection; or rather between them are divisions &c.]. (O, K, TA.) And تِلْعُر مِنَ الصَّدَعَاتِ TA.) أُصُلِحُوا مَا فِيكُمْر مِنَ الصَّدَعَاتِ pair ye the divisions that are among you;] i. e. become ye in a state of unity. (O, TA.) And ما فيهم من الصَّدَعَاتِ أَلِبَّاءَ كِرَامُ [Verily they, notwithstanding the divisions that are among them, are intelligent and generous]. (TA.) [It is stated in the TA, among the additions to the K in this art., that one says also, يَنْهُمْ عَلَى مَا تَرَى app. as meaning + Verily مِنْ صَدَاعَتِهِمْ لا كِوَامْر they, notwithstanding what thou seest of their disunion, are generous: but I think it most probable that صَدَاعَتهم is a mistranscription for .صَدَعَاتِهِم [Reiske, as stated by Freytag, explains it as signifying also Camels going

† Headache: (S, O, Msb, K:) Er-Raghib says that it is like a splitting in the head by reason of pain; and is a metaphorical term. (TA.)

Either half of a garment, or piece of cloth, (O, K,) that is slit in halves: (O:) and a accord. to the copies of the K, but I فَيْ: إ i. e. "of a غَيْءِ i. e. thing,"] that is cloven, or split, or slit, in halves: pl. صدعة. (K.) See also صدعة, first sentence. It is also said to signify A [garment of the kind called] رداً، that is slit in halves. (TA.) And A new patch in an old and worn-out garment. (O, K.) And A garment much rent. (TA.) And A black garment which a wailing woman wears with a white garment beneath it, and which she rends at her bosom so that the white one appears: so says Kásim Ibn-Thábit. (TA.) And A garment that is worn beneath the coat of mail. (O, K.) And A shirt [of a middling size] between two shirts, neither large nor small. (TA.) -See also مدعة, second and third sentences, in three places. __Accord. to Ibn-'Abbad, (O,) applied to a mountain-goat, it signifies Youthful: and (some say, O) of middling size; syn. مربوع الخُلُق; (O, K, TA;) i. e. between two [in size]; like صدّع [q. v.]. (TA.) = Also + Daybreak : (S, O, K:) because it cleaves the night. (O.) And Fresh milk which is put in a place, and becomes cool, and overspread by a thin shin: (O, K:) so called because you skim off (تُصَدُّم , lit. "cleave,") that thin skin from the clear milk.

عَدَاعَة: see a saying mentioned above, voce

[act. part. n. of صَدَعُ; Cleaving, splitting, &c.] _ [Hence,] applied to a valley, (O, K,) and a road, or way, (سبيل, O, TA, in the K erroneously written سيل [a torrent], TA, [or both may be correct,]) and a mountain, (K, TA, [in the O, خَبُلُ is put for جُبُلُ † Extending far along the earth. (O, K, TA.) __ And, applied to the daybreak, + Shining, or bright; syn. مُنْرِقَ (IDrd, O, K.) - Also + One who decides, or judges, between, or among, a people, or party. (TA.) __ A poet (قيس بن ذريح) says,

فَلَهَّا بَدًا مِنْهَا الغِرَاقُ كُمَّا بَدًا بِظَهْرِ الصَّفَا الصَّلْدِ الشُّقُوقُ الصَّوَادِعُ

[i. e. And when separation from her appeared, lihe as appear the cleaving cracks in the surface of the hard and smooth rock]: it may be that is syn. with تَصُدّع in some dial. [and that is pl. of its part. n.]: or this may be an instance of a possessive epithet, meaning having a cleaving. (TA.)

app. * هُوَ أَصْدَعُهُمْ بِالصَّوَابِ فِي أَسْرَعِ جَوَابٍ He is the most effective of them in deciding rightly in a most quick answer]. (TA.)

\$ A smooth, or plain, road, in a rugged tract of ground : pl. مُصَادِع. (IDrd, O, K, TA.)

A [sort of arrow-head, or arrow, such as is termed] مِشْقُص [q. v.]: pl. مُصَادِعُ (IDrd, O, K.) Hence the quiver is called خَابِثُهُ الْمُصَادِعِ [The concealer, or guarder, of the oalea]. (TA.) _ دَلِيلٌ مِصْدَع + A guide going his way [app. with energy]. (TA.) _ And esage + An orator, or a preacher, perspicuous, (O, K, TA,) eloquent, (K, TA,) and bold in speech. (TA.)

عُمُوع: see 2, last sentence.

1. صَدَعْتُهُ, (A'Obeyd, Ṣ, O, Ķ,•) aor. -, (Ķ,) inf. n. مَدُمْ, (TK,) [may be rendered I walked, or went along, cheek by jole with him; lit.] I had or temple] over against his (another صدّع ا man's) in walking, or going along. (A'Obeyd, S, O, K.*) [See also 3. Accord. to Golius, it means also I overtook him, and joined myself to him by his side: but for this explanation he names no authority.] __ And صُدَغَهُ, aor. as above [and probably also, like that of دُمُغَهُ], and inf. n. as above, He struck his صَدْع [or temple]. (TA.)
— And مُنى, like مُدِن, inf. n. as above, He had a complaint of his occipion [or temple]. (TA.) He turned him away, or back, from the affair. (K. [And so, accord. to Freytag, as from the S, on the authority of As, but he has app. taken this from a mistranscription in a copy of the S.]) One says, مَا صَدَغَكَ عَنْ What turned thee away, or back, from