former is evidently the right,]) The bitch: so called because of her cry. (TA.)

1. مُنْ , (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ, &c.,) aor. أَنْ , inf. n. , (M, Msb,) He poured out, or forth (S, M, Msb, K) water (S, M, Msb) and the like. (M.) One says, فَيَشْرَبُهُ لِعُلَانٍ مَا مَا فِي القَدَجِ لِيَشْرَبُهُ [I poured out for such a one water into the drinkingcup that he might drink it]. (TA. [See also 8.]) Hence [† He paid down a price, or sum of money :] it is said in a trad., إِنْ أَحَبُّ أَهْلُكَ أَنْ meaning [+ If thy أُصُبُّ لَهُمْ ثَهَنَكَ صُبَّةً ۗ وَاحِدَةً family like that I should pay down to them thy price] at once, or at one time. (L, TA.) __ And إُنْ فِي البِنْرِ († He lowered, or let down, the rope into the well] on the occasion of drawing water. (M in art. مَنْ اللهُ And لَوْ يَصُبُّ رَأْسُهُ + He did not bend down his head: occurring in a trad. relating to prayer. (T, TA.) _ And ____ The legs of such a one were إرْجُلًا فُلُان فِي القَيْد [put into the shackles, or] shackled. (Z, L, TA.) He put on, or clad himself صبّ درعه with, his coat of mail: (A, TA:) and عُلَيْهِ † [I put it on him]. (A.) _ And مَسْ عَلَيْهِ نَصْ وَاللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ سُوطً إلى اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ سُوطً [He pours forth to me wealth]. (A, TA.) _ And صُبُّ اللّٰهُ عَلَيْهِ سُوطً إ عَذَاب t[God poured upon them a portion, or a share, or vehemence, or severity, of punishment; or] God punished them. (A, TA. [See also صُبُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ صَاعِقَةُ And مُبُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ صَاعِقَةً upon him a thunderbolt, or a destructive punishment, &c.]. (A, TA.) See also another ex. voce . _ And _, (K, TA,) in the pass. form, said of a man, and of a thing, (TA,) + He, or it, was annihilated, caused to pass away, or done away with. (K, TA. [See also R. Q. 2.]) See also 7, with which it is syn. in the first of the senses assigned to the latter below. __ [Hence, app.,] صُبُّ فِى الْوَادِى † He descended into the valley. (M, K.) And إِنْصَبَّتُ ۗ فَدَمَاهُ فِى بَطْنِ الوادى, occurring in a trad., means + His feet descended [into the interior, or bottom, of the valley]: (TA:) or اِنْصَبْتُ قَدَمَاهُ فِي الْوَادِي means + his feet rested in the valley; from انْصَبُ عَبْتِ الحَيَّةُ عَلَى And مَبْتِ الحَيَّةُ عَلَى And مَبْتِ الحَيَّةُ عَلَى (Mgh.) — And العَلْدُوغِ مَبْتِ الحَلْدُوغِ (Ṣ,* TA,) or العَلْدُوغِ (Ā,) ‡ [The serpent darted down upon the person bitten by it], said of the serpent when it has raised itself desiring to bite. (Ez-Zuhree, S, TA.*) And ,The hawk, or falcon إ انصبٌ لا البَازِي عَلَى الصَّيْدِ stooped upon the prey, or quarry]. (A, TA.) And صُبُّ دُوَّالةٌ عَلَى غَنْمِ فُلَانِ (A, TA) † The wolf [rushed upon or] made havock among the sheep, or goats, of such a one. (TA.) عَبُ فَرَى , (IAar, A, TA,) sec. pers. مُبِنُّه , (Ş, M, • K,) sor. بَصَبُّ (IAar, TA,) inf. n. مُسَابَةً (IAar, Ş,* M, A, K, * TA,) He (a man) was, or became, affected with excessive love, or with attachment, or

or with desire: (M, A, K:) or with tenderness of desire, (S, M, A, K,) and ardour thereof: (S:) or with tenderness of love. (M, K.) One says, [I was, or became, affected with excessive love, &c., for him]. (M, A, TA.)
And انْهُا He was, or became, affected with desire, or vehement desire, [&c.,] of, or for, her. (MA.) _ Lh mentions, among what is said by the women of the Arabs of the desert on the occasion of fascinating by means of charms, as though] أَرِقُ فَأْرَقُ إِلَيْهِ ، i. e. مَتُ * فَأَصْبَبْ إِلَيْهِ meaning May he be sleepless by reason of love, and I will be sleepless for him: but I incline to think that the explanation has been corrupted by a copyist from رَقَّ فَأُرِقٌ إِلَيْهِ, or لَهُ, meaning may he be tender-hearted to me, and I will be tenderhearted to him]. (M, L, TA.)

4. أُصُوا (a company of men, TA) tooh their way down a declivity, or declivous place. (M, K, TA.)

5: see 7, in four places. __ And see also what here follows.

6. قَصَابَبُتُ الماء I drank what remained of the water (S, A, K) in a vessel: (S, A:) [or] you say, تَصبّبها ♦ and أصطبّها ♦ land الصّبانَة drank what remained of the water, or of the milk, in a vessel]; (M, L;) all signifying the same. تَصَابُّ فُلَانُ البَعِيشَةَ [hence,] تَصَابُّ فُلَانُ البَعِيشَةَ [lit. Such a one drank the remains of life after such a one], meaning tsuch a one outlived such a one: (A, TA:) and تَصَابِبَتُهُمْ إِلَّا وَاحِدًا [I outlived them all except one]. (TA.) Esh-Shemmakh says, (M,) or El-Akhtal, (TA,)

لَقُوْمٌ تَصَابَبْتُ الهَعِيشَةَ بَعْدَهُمْ أَعَزُّ عَلَى مِنْ عِفَا إِ تَنفَيُّوا

t [Verily the loss of a people whom I have out lived is more severe to me than abundant and long hair that has become altered in colour]: he means, the loss of those with whom I was in a state of ease and plenty is more severe to me than my hair's becoming white: (M:) Az says, he likens what remained of his life to the remains of beverage that he was sipping up. (TA.)

7. انصب It (water, S, M, and the like, M) poured out or forth, or became poured out or forth; (S, M, A, K;) as also v., (M, Msb, Ķ,) aor. ج, (Mṣb, TA,) inf. n. صُبيبٌ; (Mṣb;) and ♥ تصبب, (M, K,) which is of a form rarely occurring as that of a quasi-pass. of an unaugmented triliteral verb, being generally that of the quasi-pass. of a verb of the form فُعَّلَ; (MF, TA;) [but this app. denotes its doing so repeatedly; and abundantly, like تَدَقَّقَ, q. v. ;] and اصطبّ الله and abundantly, like (K.) One says, الهَانَّ يَنْصَبُّ مِنَ الجَبلِ (TA,) and من الجبل (S, TA,) The water descends, little by little, from the mountain. (S, TA.) And تصبّب العَرَقُ [The sweat flowed], تَصَبَّبُتُ * عَرَفًا the blood]. (A.) And النَّمُ

admiring love, (IAar, S, TA,) and desire: (S:) [which may be rendered I flowed with sweat] is a phrase of the Arabs, meaning تصبّب عُرُني [my sweat flowed]: thus the act is literally ascribed to the speaker, and what is essentially the agent becomes a specificative: it is not allowable to say عَرَقًا تَصَبَّبْتُ; for, as it is not allowable to put the agent before the verb, so it is not allowable to put the specificative, when it is virtually the agent, before the verb. (IJ, M.) — One says also, The mug had its contents poured out انصب الكُوزُ or forth]. (TA in art. دفق.) - See also 1, in three places. __ انصبّ النَّاسُ عَلَى الهَا [generally implies descent, but] means + The people collected together, or assembled, at the water. (Msb.) ___ is often said of a place, or the ground, &c., meaning + It sloped downwards. __ Har (p. 125) uses the phrase بَنْصَبُ إِلَى اللَّهُو , meaning (as there expl.) + Thou inclinest to diversion, or sport.]

> is expl. by Sb as signifying He took for himself the water; agreeably with general analogy: (M:) [but it is more properly rendered he poured out for himself the water:] one says, I poured اصْطَبَبْتُ لِنَفْسِى مَاءُ مِنَ القِرْبَةِ لِأَشْرَبَهُ out for myself water from the skin that I might drink it]: and إصْطَبَبْتُ لِنَفْسِى قَدَحًا [I poured] اِصْطَبَبْتُ لِنَفْسِى قَدَحًا out for myself a cup]. (TA.) _ See also 6. _ And see 7.

R. Q. 1. + He annihilated it, caused it to pass away, or did away with it; (M, K;*) namely, a thing. (M.) _ And + He dispersed it, or scattered it: (K:) he (a man) dispersed, or scattered, it, namely, an army, or property or wealth. (AA, K.)

R. Q. 2. Ti was, or became, annihilated, caused to pass away, or done away with; (S, M, K;) it passed, or went, away; said of a thing. (S, M. [See also -.]) - † It (the night, M, A, K, and the day, AZ, TA, and the heat, A) passed, or went, away, (AZ, M, A, K,) except a small portion, (AZ, M, TA,) or for the most part. (A. K.) $\longrightarrow + It$ (what was in a waterskin, or milk-skin,) became little in quantity. $(Fr, TA.) \longrightarrow + It$ (a company of men) became dispersed, or scattered. (M, TA.) == He (a man) was, or became, very bold, or daring, and very adverse, or repugnant, (M,* K,* TA,) عُلَيْنَا [against us]. (TA.) - And, said of a day, It was, or became, intensely hot. (M, K, TA.)

is an inf. n. [and is] used [as an epithet] in the sense of the measure فاعلٌ, or of the measure مُفْعُولُ: (TA:) [thus it is used as an epithet] applied to water, [meaning Pouring out or forth, or poured out or forth,] like as are and مَابُ and يَكُورُ and يَكُورُ and مَابُ and :]) and hence, in 'Alee's description of كُنْتُ عَلَى الكَافِرِينَ Aboo-Bekr, when he died, †[Thou wast, against, or upon, the عَذَابًا صَبًّا unbelievers, a punishment pouring forth, or poured forth]. (TA.) _ And [hence, app.,] one says, ضَرَبُهُ ضَربًا صَبًا, meaning + He smote him with the edge of the sword [as though with a smiting pouring down, or poured down]; as also