another of the same tribe say بُوعُتُهُ, meaning he who followed him: (TA:) [the pl. of نسوغ is means أَسُواغُ الرَّجُلِ [and it is said that ; أَسُواغُ those who were born with the man in one case of childbirth, after him, no other childbirth having occurred between him and them: (TA:) or those born next after him: (JK:) and is a dial. var. thereof: but IF says that هُذَا سُوغُ هُذَا means This is of the cast, mould, form, or fashion, of this; and that the way be a substitute for ص; as though the one were cast, moulded, formed, or fashioned, like the other: (TA:) and [in like manner] one says, المُذَا سَيْعُ هُذَا لَعَالَى this is proportionate to this, or of the proportion of this. (TA in art. سيغ.)

see the next preceding paragraph in four : سُوغَةُ

A thing whereby one makes to enter easily سواغ into his fauces [and to pass down his throat] that which is choking him. (S, Msb, K.) One says, Water is that whereby one المالَة سِوَاغَ الغُصَصِ makes easy of entrance into the fauces and of passage down the throat the things that are choking him]. (S.)

مَائِغُ, applied to beverage, or wine, (JK, K, TA,) and food, (TA,) Descending easily [and agreeably] down the throat; (JK, Msb, K, TA, and Bd and Jel in xvi. 68 and Bd in xxxv. 13;) [or easy and agreeable to swallow;] not choking; (Jel in xvi. 68;) and أَسُونُ signifies the same; (IDrd, K, TA;) and so بُنْيَة , applied to food [&c.]; (TA;) [and المُنْسَاعُ , accord. to Freytag, as from the K, in which I do not find it.]

: see the next preceding paragraph.

: see مُائِعٌ: see أَسُونُغُ. [Freytag assigns to it also another signification, which belongs not to it, but

is a post-classical term, تَسْوِيغَاتُ السَّلَاطِينِ meaning , تَسْوِيعٌ , inf. n. سَوْغُتُهُ لَهُ meaning "I made it allowable, lawful, or free, to him:" (O:) and what is meant by [the sing. of تسويغات is The permission [of the Sultan] for the taking of that which is one's right, or due, on a particular account, with facilitation thereof to the taker. (MF.)

A place of easy entrance or passage for beverage, or food, into the fauces or throat. And hence, ] + A place of entrance into a land [&c.]; as in a saying cited in the first paragraph of this art., q.v. (TA.) \_\_ And [hence] one says, This, I do not find to it a مُذَا لَا أَجِدُ لَهُ مُسَاعًا passage, or an [easy] entrance; or a way, or place, of entrance. (TA.)

سَائِغُ see : مُستَسَاغُ

heard a man of Benoo-Temeem say سُوعُه, and أستافه (M, TA;) and استافه (M, Msb, K,\*) until he did not complain of the murrain:] a inf. n. استیّاف; (S;) [and, accord. to Freytag, prov., (Meyd,) applied to him who has become but he has not named his authority; if accustomed to casualties; (S, K;) or to him who correct, probably having an intensive signification;] He smelled the thing. (S, M, Msb.) A poet says, (Msb,) namely, Ru-beh, (S, M,)

إِذَا الدُّليلُ ٱسْتَافَ لا أَخْلَاقَ الطُّرُقُ

[When the guide smells the natures of the roads to know whether he be pursuing the right course or deviating therefrom]. (S, M, Msb.) hence, He hunted. (Freytag, from the Deewan el-Hudhaleeyeen.)] سُون is also Syn. with مُبر (IAar, K.) You say, of a man, ساف عَلَيْه, inf. n. ... He endured it with patience. (TK.) سَافَ (Ṣ, M, O, K,) aor. يَسُوفُ (Ṣ, O, K) and , (M,) said of a man, سَوْفَ, (M,) said of a man, (M,) and of cattle, (مَال, M, O, K,) He, or they, perished, or died: (S, M, O, K:) or, said of cattle, they had a murrain occurring among expl. by Freytag in this art., as though having for its aor. يَسُوفَ, and meaning He smote a person with a sword, is a mistake, caused by a mistranscription (of سُفْتُهُ for سُفْتُهُ) in art. سيف in some copies of the K.]

2. سوفه , (Ṣ, M, Ķ,) or سوف به, (Msb,) inf. n. تَسُويِكُ, (Ṣ, M, Mạb, K,) He said to him time after time سُوْفَ أَفْعَلُ [I will do such a thing]; : سُوفَ (S, Msb, TA;) derived from the particle (IJ, M:) and hence, (Msb,) he delayed, or deferred, with him; or put him off with promises; ; سُوْفَ أَفْعَلُ Ş,\* Mṣb, K, TA;) saying مُطَلُّهُ (TA;) or promising to be faithful to his engagement; (Msb;) mostly used in relation to a promise that is not to be fulfilled; as is said by Ibn-Abil-Hadeed: (MF, TA:) and أساوفه signifies [the same, as is implied in the M, being syn. with] , last سوف see an ex. in a verse cited voce مَاطَلُهُ sentence. (TA.) التَّسُويفُ is [also expl. as] Syn. with [app. as meaning the postponing, putting off, delaying, or deferring, anything]. (TA.) [And it is implied in art. عظنُب of the TA that it is Syn. with التَّمْرِينُ and : so that you say, meaning He inured, or accustomed, him to it; and made him to endure it with patience: see مَنْفُ عَلَيْهِ, above.] — You say also, مَوْقَتُهُ أَمْرِي, meaning I made him (a man) to have the ordering and deciding of my affair, or case, (S, K,) to do what he would: (S:) and so according to (TA.) = See also 1, first sentence.

سَارَهُ see 1: == and 2. == Also i. q. [He spoke, or discoursed, secretly to him or with him; or acquainted him with a secret]. (K.) And أَمُواَة i. q. ضَاجَعُهَا [He slept with the woman in, or on, one bed]. (K.)

4. إَسَافَةُ (TA,) said إِسَافَةُ (TA,) (Ş, M, Ķ,) of a man, (S, M,) His cattle perished, or died: (S, K:) or he had murrain occurring among his cattle: so in a verse of Tufeyl, cited voce إِنْشَرْخُي in art. رخو (M.) [Hence,] one says, رخو

has become inured to calamities, (A'Obeyd, Meyd, A,) so that he is not impatient of the vicissitudes of fortune. (A'Obeyd, Meyd.) \_\_\_ The two parents lost their child by اساف الوالدان his death: in which case, the child is said to be and his father, أمساف ; and his mother, أسافه الله (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) مسيَاف God destroyed him, or took away his life. (M.) \_\_\_ i. e. He spoiled the sewing خَرَمُهُ i. q. أساف الخَرْزُ of the skin, or hide; as when one uses a thick instrument for sewing or perforating, and a thin thong; or as when one rends two stitch-holes into one]. (M.) And اساف الخارز The sewer of a skin, or hide, perforated, or sewed, in such a manner that the two stitch-holes became rent [into one]. (A'Obeyd, K.)

8: see 1, first and second sentences.

انْ Any row, or course, (S, M, L, K, TA,) [i. e.] a single row, or course, (Mgh,) of bricks, (S, M, Mgh, L, K, TA,) or (so in the Mgh, but in the TA "and") of clay, (Mgh, TA,) of a wall, (S, Mgh, K, TA,) or in a wall, (TA,) or in a building; (M, L, TA;) as also مدماك : (TA:) pl. of pauc. آمُرُ formed by transposition, like pl. of شافات: (Mgh:) Lth explains of سَافَات as signifying what is between the السَّافَ سَافَةً (TA.) و the building: its I is originally. mentioned by Freytag as signifying "a single series of stones in a wall," on the authority of the K, I do not find there, nor in any other lexicon.] Also A certain bird, that preys. (M.)

, for which one also says سُوف, (M, Mughnee, K,) rejecting the medial radical letter, (M, Mughnee,) and بَوْ (M, Mughnee, K,) rejecting the final radical, (M, Mughnee,) and سُنّ , (M, Mughnee, K,) rejecting the final radical and changing the medial into g for the purpose of alleviation [of the utterance], (M, Mughnee,) and accord. to the L ú, (TA,) is a particle, (IJ, M, Ķ,) denoting inception; (Ķ;) or a word denoting تَنْفيس, (Sb, S, M, K,) i. e. amplification, because it changes the aor. from the strait time, which is the present, to the ample time, which is the future; تنفيس [q. v.];) i. e., denoting سَن with respect to that which has not yet happened; (Sb, S, K;) and postponement; (M;) and is used in terrifying and threatening and promising;  $(\mathrm{IDrd}, \mathbf{K};)$  or it is a word denoting promising or accord. to with with accord. some, or has a larger meaning than this latter accord. to others. (Mughnee.) You say, سُوف أَفْعَلُ [ $I\ will\ do\ ext{such a thing}].$  (Sb, S.) And one may not introduce a separating word between it and its verb, [except in a case mentioned in what follows,] because it occupies the place of the in سَيْفَعُلُ [&c.]. (Sb, S.) [But] it is distinct from by its [sometimes] having ل prefixed to it; as in [the phrase in the Kur xciii. 5], وَلَسُوْفَ يُعْطِيكُ And thy Lord will give thee, and رَبُّكَ فَتَرْضَى 1. الشُّوافَ, aor. ربك فترضى (Ṣ, M, Mṣb) and ربك فترضى (Ṣ, M, K;) and so (Aṣ, Meyd,) [He had murrain among his cattle phrase, [however,] the jis [considered as] pre-