sent time: (Ṣ, Ķ:) pl. عَانَتُ and وَالْمَاعُ عَلَى النَّاقَةُ † The she-camel became مَاعَاتُ عَالَ عَلَى النَّاقَةُ K,) [or the latter is rather a coll. gen. n. of which is the n. un.,] and سِوَاعٌ. (Msb.) It is used unrestricted in the Kur [vii. 32 and in other places], where it is said, عَاشَةُ عُرُونَ سَاعَةُ (Msb) They will not remain behind (Bd) for a time, or any while, (Msb,) or the shortest time: or they shall not seek to remain behind, by reason of intense terror. (Bd.) And so in a trad., where it is said, مَنْ رَاحَ فِي السَّاعَةِ الأُولَى Whoso goeth in the first time; not in the first astronomical , for then it would necessarily mean that he who should come in the latter part thereof would be on a par with the former person, which is not the case. (Msb.) [غناعة signifies, as shown above, For, or during, an hour: and awhile; for a little while; during a short time; as in the phrase,] عُنْدُكَ سَاعَةُ [ I sat with thee, or at thine abode, for a little while, or during a short time. (TA.) [And في ساعة, In a short time: in a moment. And أَلْسَاعَة , Now : just now : this moment. And سَاعَتُنْد, Then; at that time: or in that hour.] And مُذْ سَاعَة [A little while ago;] in the first time near to us: (K in art. انف :) or this signifies السَّاعَة [expl. above]. (Zj, T and M in art. من ساعته At the moment thereof; instantly. Hence, مَثْرُ سَاعَة An instan taneous poison.] \_\_ غُفّ also signifies ; The resurrection; (S, K, TA;) the raising of manhind for the reckoning; also termed السَّاعَةُ الكُبْرَى: (Er-Rághib, B:) or the time thereof: (K:) because of the quickness with which its reckoning will be accomplished: (TA:) or because it will come suddenly upon mankind, in a moment, and all creatures will die at one cry. (Zj, Az, TA.) Hence, in the Kur [liv. 1], الْتُنَرِبَت السَّاعَةُ إلى The resurrection [or the time thereof] hath drawn nigh. (Jel, TA.) And [in vii. 186 and lxxix. 42,] They ask thee concerning the يُسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَة resurrection [or the time thereof]. (Bd, Jel, TA.) And [in xxxi. last verse and xliii. 85,] With Him is the hnowledge عنده على السَّاعَة of the resurrection, (TA,) or of the time thereof. (Bd, Jel.) - Also + The death of one generation; termed, for distinction, السَّاعَةُ الوُسْطَى as in the saying of Mohammad, when he saw 'Abd-Allah Ibn-Uneys, إِنْ يَطُلُ عُبْرُ هَٰذَا الغُلَامِ لَدْ يَبُتْ lf the life of this boy last خَشَّى تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ long, he will not die until the death of the generation shall come to pass]: accordingly it is said that he was the last that died of the Companions. (Er-Rághib, B.) \_ Also + The death of any man; termed, for distinction, السَّاعَةُ الصُّغْرَى: as in the Kur [vi. 31], الله حَتَّى أَذَا جَاءَتُهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً إِذَا جَاءَتُهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً اللهِ عَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَتُهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً suffered loss who disbelieved in, or denied as false, the meeting with God until, when death came to them suddenly]. (Er-Raghib, B.) \_\_\_ Also † Diffi-See also سَائع.

A severe, grievous, or distressing

(Ş.) .ئېْلَان

erroneously without tenween,]) and سُوَاع, (Kh, K,) A certain idol (S, K) which belonged to the people of Noah, (S,) in whose time it was worshipped; then the deluge buried it, but Iblees exhumed it, and it was worshipped [again]; (K;) so says Lth; (TA;) then it became the property of [the tribe of] Hudheyl, (S, K,) and was at Ruhát, (S,) and pilgrimage was performed to it: (S, K:) or it belonged to [the tribe of ] Hemdán: (Bd, TA:) Abu-l-Mundhir says, I have not heard the mention of it in the poems of Hudheyl: but one of the Arabs, in verse, mentions Hudhevl as paying devotion to it: (TA:) it is said that it had the form of a woman: (Har p. 362:) [if so, as a fem. proper name, it would be without tenween: but] it is mentioned in the Kur [lxxi. 22, and is there with tenween]. (TA.) [See also ...]

He is left to himself, left alone, مُوَ ضَائع سَائع or neglected. (S,\* K,\* TA.) \* aci [is pl. of and also signifies] In a state of perdition or destruction; perishing; or dying; in a pl. sense; like جَاعَة as signifying جَاعَة, (K,) and as signifying مُطيعُونَ as signifying طَاعَةُ

: see the following paragraph.

A she-camel that leaves her young one so that the beasts of prey devour it: (Sh, K:) or a she-camel that goes away in the place of pasturing: (S:) belonging to this art. and to art. بسيع, رَجُلُ مِضْيَاعٌ مِسْيَاعٌ لِلْهَالِ You say also, اِلْهَالِ مِشْيَاعٌ مِسْيَاعٌ لِلْهَالِ [A man who is wont to neglect the camels or the like; or to leave them to themselves, or alone; or to lose them]; and accord. to A'Obeyd, مضيع (Ş.) .مُسِيعٌ **ا** 

سوع الصَّلْقِ (Ş, Mgh, Mab, K,) or سَاغَ فِي الصَّلْقِ. (JK,) aor. پَسُوغُ (JK, S, Msb,) inf. n. سُوغُ (JK, S, Mgh, Msb, K) and سُواغُ , accord. to different copies of the K, (TA,) and سُوْغَانٌ, (CK, [not in my MS. copy of the K nor in the TA,]) and مُسَاغ, (MA,) It (beverage, or wine, JK, Ş, K, or food, Mgh, or each of these, TA) [was easy and agreeable to swallow;] was easy of entrance into the fauces; (S, Mgh, Msb, K;\*) or passed the fauces easily and agreeably. (Bd in xiv. 20.) [See an ex. in a verse cited voce \_\_\_\_.] -سُغْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَا وَجُدْتَ مَسَاغًا \* [Hence,] one says, † Enter thou into the land while thou findest a ساغ فِعْلُ الشَّيْءِ And ــــــــ (TA.) ماغ فِعْلُ الشَّيْءِ The doing of the thing was allowable; or passed for lawful. (Msb.) And ساغ له ما فعل What he did was allowable to him; or passed for lawful to him. (Ş, K, TA.) \_ And إِسْ عَنْهُ \* The day سُوعُهُ and سُوعُهُ [She is his sister that was born was, or became, easy. (TA.) \_\_ ساغت به الأرضُ (K,) inf. n. سُوْعُ (TA,) i. q. سُاغَتْ †[The ground, or earth, sank with him; or sank with him and

apart, or alone, syn. تُذَّتُ ,(K, TA,) or ran, syn. شُدُّتُ. (JK, and so in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K,) and went far away. (JK, TA.) See also 4, in two places.

2. [موغه is app., in its primary sense, syn. with أَسَاغُهُ: and hence what here follows.] \_\_\_ رَسُويغ , (JK, TA,) inf. n. سُوغهُ مَا أَصَابَ, (JK,) + He made pleasant, or agreeable, to him what he attained: or, as some say, he left clear to him what he had attained. (TA.) \_ And , (inf. n. as above, K,) ! He made it allowable, lanful, or free, (S, Msb, K,) a to him. (S.) And پاری الله # [He made property allowable, &c., to him]: so in the "Mufradat." (TA.) — And المناف ال (IDrd, K.) \_ [See also تُسُويغُات, below.]

4. إساغة, (JK, Msb,) inf. n. إساغة, (JK,) or إساغ, (Msb,) said of God, (JK,) or of a man, (Msb,) [He made it easy and agreeable to smallow; ] he made it easy of entrance into the fauces; (Msb;) [or made it to pass the fauces easily and agreeably;] namely, beverage [&c.: see 1, first sentence]; (JK;) as also أغنه ألا ... (Msh.) \_ [Hence,] أَسِعُ لِي غُصَّتِي [Make thou easy to me to swallow the thing that is choking me; or let me swallow it;] meaning + grant thou to me some delay, or respite; or act gently, or in a leisurely manner, towards me, or with me; (S, K;) and do not hurry me. (S.) \_ And أَسُغَنَّهُ (S, Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. as above, (S, Msb, TA,) I smallowed it: (Msb, and Jel in xiv. 20:) or I received it into my fauces easily (S, Mgh, and Bd in xiv. 20) and agreeably; (Bd ibid.;) namely, beverage, or wine, (S, K,) or food, (Mgh,) or each of these; (TA;) and أَنْ عُنْهُ and مُنْعُنُهُ and مُنْعُنُهُ are. and أُسُوعُهُ and أُسُوعُهُ and أُسُوعُهُ and مُنْعُهُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. ورَبِيعُ and مُنْعُهُ (TA in art. رَبِيعُ ) signify the same. (Ṣ, Ķ.) — means + Such a one completed his affair by means of such a one, (Ibn-Buzurj, K, TA, [in the CK, ثُمَّ امَرَهُ بِه is erroneously put for رَبُّرٌ أَمْرُهُ به,]) and accomplished the object of his want by means of him: (Ibn-Buzurj, TA:) the case is that of one's desiring a certain number of men or of pieces of money of which one remains to complete the affair: when he obtains it, one He أَسُوعُ أَخَاهُ عِينِهِ (Ibn-Buzurj, K.) اساغ بِهِ , says (a man, Lh) was born with his brother: (Lh, K:) or he was born [next, or immediately,] after his brother. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) [See what next follows.]

(K) سَوْغَتُهُ \* and هَذَا سَوْعُ هَذَا سَوْعُ هَذَا mean ! This is he who was born next after this, (S, K, TA,) or, as in the "Mufradat," immediately after this; (TA;) and the like is also said of the female: (K:) one says, هُيَ أُخْتُهُ سَوْغَتُهُ \* and هُوَ أَخُوهُ سَوْغُهُ and هُوَ أَخُوهُ سَوْغُهُ [He is his brother that was born &c.]: or means he who was born after the man, smallowed him up, or enclosed him]. (AA, K, or near after him, though not his brother: and Fr