sleepless by night, and may he grieve, or mourn, is an imprecation of the Arabs. (AZ, TA in this art. and art. عبر البَرْق ــــ (عبر The lightning gleamed, or glistened, during the night. (A.)

3. مُسَاهُرَةً signifies The being sleepless, or awake, with another: (KL, and Ḥar p. 329:) [and the vying with another in remaining sleepless or awake:] and [like أَسَارٌ but I think this doubtful,] the making [one] sleepless or awake. (KL.) means He passed the night sleepless like as do the stars. (Ḥar ubi supra.)

4. Impedition He, (S, Msb.) or it, (A,) as anxiety, or trouble of mind, and pain, (TA,) caused him to make, to be sleepless, or wakeful, or to remain awake. (S, A, Msb, TA.)

. سَاهُورٌ see : سَهَرُ : سَهَرُةُ .سَاهِرٌ see . .سَاهِرٌ see .

سَهَارٌ A state of waking; sleeplessness, or wakefulness; (K;) i. q. سُهَادٌ, (T;) as also أَسُهُورٌ (K.)

in two places. سَاهُرُ see سَهَارُ

(K) سَهَّارُ اللهِ and اللهِ (Ş, Mşb, K) and سَاهِرًا (K) and أَسُهُونَ (S, K,) the last of which is an intensive epithet, (S,) [and so is the third, and sometimes the second, Waking, sitting up, sleepless, waheful, or not sleeping, by night; (S, K;) [abstaining from sleep by night;] remaining awake all the night or a part thereof: (Msb:) and the last, [and third, and sometimes the second,] wakeful, or waking much, &c. (S.) You say, مُجُلُّ سَهَّارُ لَّ الْعَيْنِ A man whom sleep does not overcome. (Lh.) بَرُقُ سَاهِرُ لللهِ Lightning gleaming, or glistening, during the night. (A.) A night of waking or sleeplessness or wakefulness: (K:) like as one says بَيْلُ نَائِمْ (TA.) __ A she-camel that yields milk long and abundantly. (TA.) عَيْنُ سَاهِرَةُ العِرْقَ ‡ A running spring or fountain: (K:) a spring or fountain that runs night and day, unremittingly. (A, TA.) It is said in a trad., خُيْرُ الهَالِ عَيْنُ سَاهِرَةً The best of property is a spring of إلعين نائهة water that runs night and day while its owner is sleeping; (TA;) its owner having his mind unoccupied by it. (A.) أُرْضُ سَاهِرَةً __ Land that produces plants quickly: as though it passed the night doing so. (A.) _ Also سَاهُرَة [alone], ‡ A wide, or an extensive, tract of land, the traverser of which remains awake during the night: (A:) or the earth, or land: (K:) or the surface of the earth: (Fr, Lth, S, K:) because it produces plants or herbage alike by night and day: (Ibn-Es-Seed:) so in the Kurlxxix. 14: (S:) or (TA, but in the K "and") a desert, syn. 50, (K,) the traverser of which remains awake during the night: (TA:) or (TA, but in the K "and") an untrodden land: (K.) or (TA) a land which God will create anew on the day of resurrection: (K:) or a land on which none has disobeyed God: (Ibn-Es Seed:) or (TA) Hell: (Katadeh,

mountain of Jerusalem: (Wahb Ibn-Munebbih, Ķ:) or (TA) the land of Syria. (Mukatil, Ķ.)

سَاهُورْ fem. of سَاهِرَة [q. v.]. _ See also سَاهِرَة

A certain perfume: [so called] because one is caused to be sleepless in preparing it, and making it good. (Ṣgh, Ķ.)

moon, (Ṣ, Ķ,) which it enters when it is eclipsed, (TA,) accord to the assertion of the Arabs; (Ṣ, TA;) as also المَاهِدُ (K.) One says, of the moon, when it is eclipsed, (Kt.) [Or] The shade, or shadow, of the قال it. e., of the surface of the earth. (Ṣ, K.) — The moon (Ķ, TA) itself; as also بَسُورُ ; of Syriac origin, accord to IDrd. (TA.) — The halo (حَارَة) of the moon: (K:) a Syriac word. (TA.) — And السَّاهُور (K:) a Syriac word. (TA.) — And بالسَّاهُور because the moon is absent in its first part. (ISk.) — Also بَسُورُ abundance. (K.)

إِلاَّ سَهُوَانِ in the two nostrils, (Ṣ, Ķ,*) in the inside, (TA,) which, when an ass is excited by lust, flow with water, (Ṣ, TA,) or with blood: (TA:) so in the verse of Esh-Shemmákh,

تُوَاثِلُ مِنْ مِصَكٍ أَنْصَبَتُهُ حَوَالِبُ أَسْهَرَيْهِ بِالذَّنِينِ

[She seeks to escape from a strong (he-ass) whom the ducts of his two nostrils flowing with mucus have fatigued]: (S:) or the nose and the penis: (Sh, K:) or (TA, but in the K "and") two ducts in the flesh and sinew next the back-bone, through which runs the seminal fluid into the penis: (K:) or (TA) two ducts rising from the two testicles, and meeting together in the interior of the penis, (K,) or of the فَيْشُلُة [or glans of the penis]; which are the ducts of the seminal fluid: (TA:) or the two veins or ducts of the penis which become prominent when it is in a state of erection: (TA:) and two veins or ducts in the eye: (K:) but As disallows اسهريه, and says that the true reading, in the verse of Esh-Shemmákh, is أَسْبَوْلُه, meaning, [that] have not suffered him to sleep. (TA.) [See also بُعالب.]

سبك

night doing so. (A.) — Also in the file [alone], ‡ A wide, or an extensive, tract of land, the traverser of which remains awake during the night: (A:) or the earth, or land: (K:) or the surface of the earth: (Fr, Lth, S, K:) because it produces plants or herbage alike by night and day: (Ibn-Es-Seed:) so in the Kur lxxix. 14: (S:) or (TA, but in the K "and") a desert, syn. in the traverser of which remains awake during the night: (TA:) or (TA, but in the K "and") an untrodden land: (K:) or (TA) a land which the day of resurrection: (K:) or a land on which none has disobeyed (K:) or (TA) [in the Kur ubi supra] a certain appears to be coarser than in the coarse of the traverser of the latter: (S, O:) or it is like the latter, except that in the coarse of the latter: (S, O:) or it is like the latter, except that in the coarser than in the coarse of the latter: (S, O:) or it is like the latter, except that in the coarser than in the coarse of the latter in th

for you say of the perfumer, سَهُكُ الْعَطَّارُ الطِّيبُ [The perfumer bruised, brayed, pounded, or crushed, coarsely, the perfume, upon the stone used for that purpose, and did not as yet powder it, or pulverize it]. (IDrd, O.) — And الرَّيْتُ الْتُعْمِ الْعَلَيْتُ الْتُعْمِ الْعَلَيْتُ الْتُعْمِ الْعَلَيْسُلِيْسُ الْعَلَيْتُ الْعَلَيْسُ الْعَلَيْسُ الْعَلَيْسُ الْعَلَيْس

(S, O, Mṣb, K) and wife (Fr, O, K) and wife (O, K) A disagreeable smell which one perceives from a human being when he sweats; (Mṣb, K;) and the smell of fish; (S, O, K;) and of the rust of iron; (S, Mṣb;) or they signify also the rust of iron; (O, K;) and the foulness of the smell of stinking flesh-meat: (K:) and Har uses wife in the first of these senses for the purpose of assimilation to agreeably with a practice often observed. (Har p. 449.)

The first is also inf. n. of wife (q. v.). (Mṣb.)

الله Having a disagreeable smell proceeding from sweat. (K.) You say, إلّه الرّبح Verily he is one who has a disagreeable smell, &c. (Moheet, L.) And يَدى مِنَ السَّهَكُ وَمِنْ صَدَاً [My hand is disagreeable in smell from fish and from the rust of iron]; like as you say وَضَرَقُ when it is from milk and butter, and خَبرةُ when it is from flesh-meat. (S.)

سَيَكُ and سَيكَةُ and سَيْكَةُ

and أَسُبُوكُ (K) and أَسُبُوكُ and أَسُبُوكُ (K, K) [like عُسُبُوكُ &c.] A vehement, or violent, wind, (S, K, TA,) paring [the ground]; (TA;) as also أَسُبُكُمُ (O, K:) [pl. of the second أَسُبُكُمُ اللهِ El-Kumeyt says,

[Ashes which the violent winds made to fly away reduced to the most minute particles]. (Ṣ.) ــــــــ السَّبُوكُ The eagle. (Ķ.)

.سَهَكُ ١٠٥٠ : سُهُوكَةُ

مِسْهَك see عُبِيَّاكُ.

رَمُدُ Ophthalmia; syn. رُمُدُ. (K.) So in the phrase, بَعْيَنِهُ سَاهِكُ [In his eye is ophthalmia]. (TA.) بَعْيَنِهُ سَاهِكُهُ يَعْمُ بَاهِكُهُ لِمَا يَعْمُ سَاهِكُهُ لِمَا يَعْمُ سَاهِكُ لَعْمُ سَاهُ لِمُعْمُ لَعْمُ سَاهِكُ لَعْمُ سَاهُ سَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ سَاهُ لَعْمُ سَاهُ لِعَمْ سَعْمُ لِعْمُ سَاهُ لِعَمْ سَاهُ لِعَمْ سَاهُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لَعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمُ لِعِمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لْعُمْ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمْ لِعِمْ لِعِمْ لِعِمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمْ لِعِمْ لِعْمُ لِعْمُ لِعِمْ لِ

الماهيك [like أَسَاهِيك] Various sorts of running (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K) of beasts; and their frisking away (K, TA) to the right and left. (TA.)

اَ مُسَهُدُ [like مُسَهُد] A place where the wind passes along [or blows violently]; as also مُسْهُدُّهُ (Ṣ, Ķ.)

A horse swift in running; (\$;) that