BOOK I.]

a form mentioned by IAth and others, but , سُنُوتْ the first is that which is commonly known, and the most chaste; (TA;) a word of which the meaning is differently explained, as follows: (M, TA:) Honey: $(\S, M, A, K:)$ i.q. (i.e.rob, or inspissated juice, &c.]: (M, K:) a species of dates : fresh butter; syn. ;; cheese : (K:) i. q. فجون [i.e. cumin, or cumin-seed]; (Yaskoob, S, M, K;) so in the dial. of El-Yemen: (M:) or a certain plant resembling the ڪَبُون (IAar, M:) i. q. سبت [i. e. anethum graveolens; or dill, of the common garden-species; in the CK [شبت]: and *i.q.*; (M, K;) which last is what is called in the Egyptian dial. شَبَرُ [a name given in Egypt to the anethum graveolens, above mentioned, and to its seed; and also to the anethum forniculum, or fennel]. (TA.)

مُسْنَتْ ; and its fem., with ة : see سُنِتْ , in three places : and see also سُنِيَتْ.

One who associates with another and is مستوت angry without cause, (K, TA,) by reason of his evil disposition. (TA.) [See also سَنُوتٌ.]

نبج

The منج [or jujube]. (IAar, K.)

مَنْجَة, as also مَنْجَة, but the former is the more chaste, (T, O, Mşb, K,) accord to Fr, (O,) because on and and hot both occur in any [genuine] Arabic word, (Msb,) or the former only is allowable accord. to Fr, (T, Msb,) or, accord. to ISk, (T, O, Msb, and S in art. ,) and IKt, (T, Msb,) the latter only is allowable; (T, O, Msb, and S and O in art. صنج;) an arabicized word, (O, Msb, and S and A and K in art. ,) from [the Pers.] سنك [or منج,) as meaning "a weight"]; (O;) [or rather from the Pers. meaning "a balance" and "a weight;"] i.q. ميزان [A balance]: (A in art. in the present day, applied to a steel:) [in the present day, applied to a steel: yard: and also, more commonly, (agreeably with in the MA,) to a weight صَنْجَة in the MA, of a balance; which last seems to be intended in the S and O and Msb and K &c. by the expres-sions سَنْجَةُ العِيزَانِ and مَنْجَتُه expressions be instances of what is termed joint i. e. the prefixing a noun, govern- الشَّى إلَى نَفْسِهِ ing the gen. case, to another noun signifying the same thing), which I think unlikely :] pl. (A, Mşb) and سَنَجَاتٌ (Mşb.) One says, اِتَّزَنَ He received by weight مِنِّي بِالسَّنْجَةِ الرَّاجِحَةِ from me with the inclining balance, or with the

latter a dial. var. mentioned by Kr, (M,) and sand, preponderating]: or, as some relate it, with damm and sukoon and the third with two (.0) مَنْجُةُ

> i. q. رَقْطَة i. q. رَقْطَة [i. e. Blackness mixed with speckles of white : or the reverse : or speckles of white, and of black, and of red, and of yellow, in an animal]: (AA, O, K:) pl. سنَبَ (O, K, TA, in the CK سنَبَ (K, TA, in the CK like مُجَوَرَ (TA.)

> The mark, or effect, of the سناج [i. e. lamp, or its lighted wick], (A, O, K,) upon the wall. (O, K, TA.) One says, لَدَ لِلسَّرَاجِ مِنَ [The lamp, or its lighted wick, cannot but have the mark, or effect, thereof upon the wall]. (A.) — Also The سراج [itself; i. e. a lamp, or its lighted wick]: (ISd, K:) as also * سنييج. (K.)

: see what next precedes. برد (A [garment of the kind called] برد مستج

striped. (O, K.) [SM thinks that it may be a mistranscription for , "meaning "wide," applied to a .: but this I think improbable.]

a Pers. word, arabicized; in the present day applied to The squirrel; and particularly the gray squirrel: and the minever:] a certain animal, of the length of the jerboa, larger than the فأر [or rat], the fur of which is of the utmost softness: furred garments are made with its skin; and the best skins of this animal are the smooth and gray. (Dmr, TA.)

2

is syn. with عَرْضَ [signifying It showed, or presented, its side : and hence, it presented itself; it occurred]. (A, O, L.) One says of a gazelle, (S, K,) or of a bird, (S,* A, Msb,) or some other thing, (IF, Ş, Mşb, as implied by explanations of the part. n. سَنَحَ (,سَانِحُ (Ş, A, Mşb, K) , عَلَيْهِ (A,) and , لَهُ (L,) and عَلَيْهِ (L,) and and سنت and منبع and بنت ; (L;) and سنت (S, L, K) and سنت and بنت ; (L;) and سنت (S, L, K) inf. n. سانت (S, TA;) [It presented to me, or to him, its right side, or its left side, in its passage;] it passed along from the direction of my [or his] left hand to the direction of my [or his] right hand: (S:) or it passed along from the direction of [my or] his right hand (A, L, Msb) to the direction of [my or] his left hand: (L, Msb:*) contr. of بَرَح (K. [See سَانِع, below.]) And He presented himself to me in سَنَحَ لِي فِي الهُنَامِ preponderating weight], and يالسننج الوَافية (with the full weights]. (A.) And a rájiz says, (A.) And a rájiz says, (S, A, Mşb, K) المنتج على رأى (S, Mşb, Nor, =', inf. n. (S, A, Mşb, K) المنتج على رأى (S, Mşb, Nor, =', inf. n. (S, A, Mşb, K) المنتج على رأى (S, Mşb, Nor, =', inf. n. Bk. I, (D, TA.) And i. g. تُنتج على رأى (C, TA.) And i. g. تُنتج على رأى (S, Mşb, Nor, =', inf. n. (As though it, or she, were the weight of a thou-Bk. I,

dammehs, (TA, [but written in the CK سَنَع and (,]) \$ An idea, or an opinion, presented itself, or occurred, syn. عَرَضَ, (Ş, A, K,) or appeared, syn. ظهر (Mşb,) to me, (Ş, A, * Mşb, K,) respect-ing such a thing. (Ş, Mşb.) منه is also said of poetry, (L, K,) meaning + It presented itself, or occurred, syn. عَرَضٌ, to me (إلى): (L:) or it became easy; (L, K;) and in this last sense, said of a thing, aor. -, inf. n. سُنُوع (Msb.) And it is related in a trad. of 'Aïsheh, that she said, referring to the Prophet,] أَكْرَهُ أَنْ أَسْنَحَهُ [, meaning I dislike that I should confront him with my hands [engaged] in prayer; from سننع as signify-ing مَرْضَ (L.) عَرْضَ + He mentioned such a thing obliquely, or indirectly, (S, K,) in terms understood by the person addressed but uninteligible to others, (S,) not speaking explicitly. (K.) جَادَ . q. سَنَحَ الخَاطِرُ بِهِ (K.) بَنَحَ الخَاطِرُ بِهِ (K.) جَادَ . q. مَنْحَ الخَاطِرُ بِه granted it liberally]. (Mşb.) = سَنَحَهُ He turned him away, or back, (O, K,) عَمَّا أَرَادَ [from that which he desired, or meant], (O,) or عَنْ زَأْيِهِ [from his opinion]. (K.) __ And مَنْتُعَ بِه and He caused him to fall into straitness, or difficulty; or into sin, or crime; syn. أَحْرَجُهُ; (K, TA; in the CK, [erroneously,] (بَخْرَجَهُ ;) [i. e. ; أوْقَعَهُ فِي الحَرَج (; أوْقَعَهُ فِي الحَرَج [; أوْقَعَهُ فِي الحَرَج] and did evil to him.

3: see 1, second sentence.

5: see 10. = تَسَنَّحُ مِنَ الرَّبِحِ means اسْتَذْرِ مِنْهَا means تَسَنَّحُ مِنَ الرَّبِحِ [i. e. Shelter thyself from the mind]: so says Aboo-'Amr Esh-Sheybánee. (O [and so, probably, in correct copies of the K: in my MS. : إَسْتَدِرْ منها in the CK, إَسْتَدَرِ منها copy of the K, إَسْتَدَرِ منها in the TA, strangely, أستدرَّ منها , and expl. as meaning :أَطْلُبُ منها الدَّرَ : in the TK, استدبر منها الدَّر and expl. as meaning وآبها ظهرك: Freytag, app. having to choose only between the reading in the CK and that in the TK, has followed the latter, without mentioning their disagreement; though, if the meaning were "turn thy back towards the wind," the explanation should be إسْتَدْبِرُهَا, not (.[اسْتَدْبِرْ مِنْهَا

i.q. أَتَسَنَّحْتُهُ ♦ and إِسْتَسْنَحْتُهُ عَنْ كَذَا .10 meaning I asked him, or desired him, to explain such a thing]: (O, K:) and so استَنْحَسْتُهُ عن كذا, and أَسْتَنْحَسْتُهُ عن كذا

Prosperity, good fortune, good luck, or auspiciousness; blessing, increase, or plenty: syn. with two damments, (O, K.) — Also, (K,) or \checkmark with two damments, (O,) The middle of a road: (O, K:) like [منجع or] منجع. (O.) [Both are also inf. ns. of 1, q. v.]