 and $\begin{gathered}\text { وثِقَق ; \& \& . ; and he inclined to it ; syn. }\end{gathered}$ ; مَالَ ; ألِنَ ; agreeably with explanations here following; namely, a thing: (Msb:) and , acr. ${ }^{2}$, he trusted to her, or relied upon her, so as to be, or become, easy, or quiet, in
 and Bd in vii. 189, and Ksh in $x \times x .20$;) and

 in the same two places;) namely, his wife. (Ksh and Bḍ.) - And تَتَنْ الدَّارَ, (S, MA, Mgh, L,
 (L,) aor. ${ }^{2}$, (L, Mg̣, JM, inf. n. سُ Mgh, L, JM) and (MA, L) and (MA,) or ${ }^{\star}$. inf. n. is , (Mṣb, [accord. to which the latter is app. , for it is there said that the verb in this case is like which is found elsewhere, and what is generally used as the inf. n. or quasi-inf. n. of the verb in this case is " , إٕنكَأ, as expl. below, (Mgh,) [or rather it is also a subst. in this sense,] He inluabited, or dwelt or abode in, the house [and the place]. (MA, Mgh.)

 if from the former, (Ksh, Bd,) it signifies To Him belongeth what taketh up its abode in the night and the day; (IAąr, Ksh,* Bḍ,* L, Jel ;) meaning, what the night and the day include within their limits: ( $\mathrm{K} s \mathrm{~s}, * \mathbf{B d}$ :) or, if from , الشُُكُونُ (Bḍ,) what is still, or motionless, (Abu-l-'Abbas, Bd, L ,) and what moves ; one of the two contraries being mentioned as sufficient [to show what is intended] without the other; (Bd; ) app. meaning the creation, collectively, or all created beings. (Abul-1'Abbás, L.) - And ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathbf{K}$, ) aor. ${ }^{2}$, ( K, ) He became such as is termed [q. v.] ; (L, K ; ) as also (K, ) and
 [thus it means particularly] he nas, or became, lonly, humble, or submissive; and lon, abject, abased, and reak; as also "ا, ا, ( L ,) and † these being the regular form, ( $(\underset{S}{\mathrm{~L}}, \mathrm{~L}$ ) and the more common and more chaste; ( L ;) the latter of them anomalous, [from الْبَسْكِينُ,


 or from الُّكُوْكُ (Mạb, ) with 1 added, (L, Mẹb, the vowel of the medial radical letter being thus rendered full in sound, (L, Mṣb, K, ) or it is of
 state or condition," ( $\mathbf{M}_{8} \mathrm{~b}$, ) or from fying " the [piece of flesh in the interior of the vulva," because he who is lowly and abject is the

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most obscure of mankind. (L. [See also arts. كون and كـهـ.]
2. K.) $H e$, or $i t$, caused it to be, or become, still, motionless, stationary, in a state of rest, quiet, calm, or unruffled; (S,* L, Mẹb, K;) namely, a thing: (S, L, Mab:) [and caused it, namely, anything such as wind, and heat, and cold, and the like, as rain, and pain, and anger, to be, or become, still, or calm; stilled, calmed, tranquillized, appeased, allayed, assuaged, or quelled, it; caused it to die away, pass anay, or cease to be: and caused it to remit, or subside; to become alleviated, light, slight, or gentle: and caused him , and $i t$, namely, a man or beast or the like, and a voice or sound, to become still, or silent: (see 1, first sentence:)] and "ا اسكنهُ signifies the saime. (L.) [Hence,] one says of God,
 or cease floning]. (S and TA in art. 'رقّ.) - [And hence, He made it (a letter) quiescent; ;i. e., made it to be nithout a vonel immediately following
 straightening a cane, or spear, (صَّهْ
 The constantly riding a light and smift ass

 He lived in his neighbourlood, or near to him]. (TA in art. جهو.)
4. السكن: see 1, near the end, in two places. ح اسكنهُ : see 2, first sentence. — [Hence,] said of poverty, It made him to be little, or seldom, in motion. (Aboo-Is-hák, L, K. .) - And, said of God, He made him to be such as is termed مُّكِين [q. v.]. (L, K.) (S, L, Mṣ́b, K, $\mathbf{K}$,) or (MA,) He made him [or gave him] to inhabit the house, or abode; (Ş,* MA, L,* Mab,* $\mathbf{K} ; *$ ) he lodged him therein. (MA.)
5. تسِّنـ, He had, or possessed, or affected, the quality thus termed; meaning he was, or became, or affected to be, calm, tranquil, grave, staid, steady, or sedate; \&c.]. (L.) See also Q. Q. 2, below : and see 1 , above, near the end, in two places.
8. استكن, and its var. or syn. اسْتَكَانَ: see 1, near the end.
Q. Q. 2. تَتَتْ He affected to be like, or he imitated, such as are termed مَسَاكُين [pl. of
 تَتْسْكَنْ لرَرْبِّ He humbled, or abased, himself to his Lord; or addressed himself with earnest, or energetic, sup-
 (Lh, L.)

[The collective body of the people of the tribe bound the loads, or burdens, upon their beasts, and went anay]. (Lh, L.) - See also تَكَّنْ. And see the paragraph here next following.
, سُمْتْتْ : see in three places. Also, (L, JM, [thus written in both, and expressly said in the latter to be " with damm,"]) or ${ }^{1}$
 the right,] Food, aliment, or victuals, syn. تُّوتُ; (L, K, JM ;) like نُزْ meaning " food (طَعَم, L, JM) of a party alighting to partake of it," and said to be called , mecause by means of it a place is inhabited, like as the means the " appointed rations of an army alighting at a place." (L.)
 $(\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{L}$, ) to which one trusts, or upon which one relies, so as to be, or become, easy, or quiet, in $\operatorname{mind}$; (S, L, Msb, K ;) and in like manner, a person, or persons, to whom one trusts, \&c.: applied in this sense to a family, or wife, ( $L$, Msb,) as well as to property, (Msb,) \&c. : (L, Mgb:) and hence [particularly] signifying a wife. (L.) One says, [app. using it in this sense, as seems to be indicated by the context in the S., [Such a one is the son of the [
 (L.) And it is said in the Kur [vi. 96],
 night to be a resource for ease, or quiet. ( L .) And in the same [ix. 104], إِنَّ صَلَوَتِتَ سَتَنْ تُمْ i. e. [Verily thy prayers for forgiveness are] a cause
 seems to have a similar meaning: for] ISh says,
 of the face on the occasion of sleep is a cause of ease, or quiet,] in the case of loneliness, or of fear arising therefrom. (L.) And it is said in a trad., , meaning O God, send donn upon us, in our land, the succour, or relief, of its inhabitants, [app. alluding to rain,] to which they may trust so as to be easy, or quiet, in mind. (L.) - Also i. q. مَبْكَتْ. (Lh, L, and Ham p. 400.) See the latter word, in three places. -And Fire; [app. first applied thereto as being a cause of ease, or comfort;] (S, L, K ; ) as in the saying [of a rajiz],

## وَسَكْنِ تُوقَدُ بِى مِظَّةَ

[And a fire kindled in a large tent of hair-cloth, or in a booth, or shed], (S, L, ) describing himself as driven to have recourse thereto by the night, and by a moist wind, or a wind cold with moisture; and [afterwards used without any allusion to its being a cause of ease, or comfort,] as in the saying of another, describing a cane,

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meaning $H e$ straightened it with fire and oik, (L.) - And Mercy, pity, or compassion. (K, 176.

