What falls from palm-trees, of unripe سقاط dates: (K:) or such are termed النَّخْل: (M:) سقاط, thus used, may be a sing., or pl. of q. v.]. (TA.) ___ ! Dates that are brought يساقط from El-Yemámeh by those who journey thither to procure them. (M, K.) - See also and interaction and interactio and see have, in two places, near the end of the paragraph.

. سَاقِطْ Bee : سَقُوطْ

Hoar-frost, or rime; i. e. dew that falls and congeals upon the ground; (S, M, K;) also called جَلِيدٌ and زَضَرِيبٌ (§ in art. ;) of the dial. of Teivi. (M.) _ Snow; (S, TA;) as also . (K, TA.) ____ Hail : (K :) or this is called سُعْطٌ * السَّحَاب. (M, TA.) - What falls, or has fallen, of dew, (M, K, TA.) upon the ground; (M, TA;) as also استَعْطُ (K, TA.) در سَعَطُ الله الم Scattered pearls. (TA.) And وَرَقْ سَعَاطُ [Scattered leaves]: the latter word is pl. of سنقيط, like as أَنَوْلُ is pl. of سَوَيِلْ (TA.) ... See also سُوَالْ as main and the second seco by some to signify Baked pottery; but the correct word in this sense is with ش. (TA.)

in four places.

in two places. سَاقَطْ see سَعَيطَة

وَرَاءَ الضّريبَة, (M,) A sword that falls behind the object struck therewith, cutting it so as to pass to the ground : $(\S, K :)$ or that cuts the object struch therewith, and then reaches to what is after it: (M, K:) or that cleaves so as to reach to the ground after cutting: (IApr, M:) or that passes through the object struck therewith, and then falls. (Expos. of the Deewan of the Hudhalees.) .in two places.

i. q. أَسْقَيْطُ (The small tubercles that compose the root of the cyperus esculentus: or that plant itself]. (TA.)

[A door-latch;] a thing that is put over سَعًاطَة the upper part of a door, and that falls upon it, so that it becomes fastened. (TA.)

Falling; falling down; dropping; dropping down; tumbling down; as also * سَعُوطُ (M, K;) which latter is both masc. and fem. (M, TA.) its fem., as an epithet in which the سَاقطَةً ♥ quality of a subst. predominates,] A fruit that falls before maturity : pl. mich also signifies what fulls from palm-trees: or branches that fall; not fruits. (Mgh.) ... فو سَاقِطْ في يَده ... see لَكُلَّ سَاقِطَة * لَا تِطَة * دَمَسْقُوطُ + For every saying that falls from one, there is a person who will take it up: (Msb:) or for every word that falls from the mouth of the speaker, there is a person who will hear it and pick it up and pub (M, K, TA.) - And this last word, + Small, chamber or tent; [he ceiled it, or roofed it;] (S.

tongue: (TA:) the i in لاقطة is either to give intensiveness to the meaning or for the purpose of assimilation. (Mşb.) بَسَوَاتِطَ * مِنْ حَرٍ Fall-ings of heat. (M, TA.) [See 1, near the end of the paragraph.] _____ also signifies Hanging down; pendent; pendulous: and the pl. is (TA.) - [And Tottering by reason of age.] You say أَنَيْتُ سَاقَطُ كَبُرًا [An old man tottering by reason of age]. (Ķ in art. درهم.) — Also + Low, ignoble, base, vile, or mean, in respect of the deeds or qualities of his ancestors, and of himself; (S, Mgh;) and so بَسَاقطَة (S:) or, +in respect of the deeds or qualities of his ancestors, and of his race; and so * سَاقطة (TA :) + one who is not reckoned among the better, or best, class of young men; as also * $(\mathbf{K}:)$ tone who is, or remains, behind, or in the rear of, other men: (M, K:) [obscure, unnoted, reputeless, or of no reputation :] pl. سُقَاطُ (Ş, Mgh, TA) and سِقَاطُ (Ş, TA) and سِقَاطُ which by rule, أَسْقَطَاء as pl. of أَنَائُم and أَسْقَطَاء by rule a pl. of سنقيط, which see in what follows,] and is pl. of إَسَاقِطُةً (TA.) The epithets] سَوَاقِطُ ♥ are used together, as signify سَاقَط مَاقَط لَا تَعْل ing + Low, ignoble, base, vile, or mean; applied to a man; as is said in the L: or, accord. to the O, [and the S in art. Lin,] the Arabs say, in rewiling, فَلَانٌ سَاقَطُ بُنُ مَاقط بُن لَاقط, meaning Such a one is a slave of a slave of a slave of a freedman, son of a slave of a slave of a freedman, son of a slave of a freedman; the ساقط being the slave of the ماقط and the ماقط being the slave of the راقط, ما and the biy being the slave of the freedman. (TA.) سَقَاطُ النَّاس signifies, accord. to IAar, + The refuse, rabble, or lowest or basest or meanest sort, of mankind, or of people; (TA in art. ;) as also أَسْقَاطُ * النَّاسِ (TA,) and سَقَطُ * النَّاسِ as also being likened to those articles of a tent or house which are termed , g. v.: (Lh, M :) and + Soldiers of whom no account is made. (TA.) * سَاقطَة (M, L, TA,) in the K but this is a mistake, (TA,) or, applied , سَقَيطُة * to a man, only used when immediately followed by لَقيطَة, (TA in art. لقيط) also signifies + Deficient in intellect, or intelligence, or understanding; (M, L, K;) as also 🕈 سَقيطٌ; (Ez-Zejjájee, M, L, K;) and ♥ سَقيطة is the fem. of the latter ; (M, L, TA;) and signifies also, applied to a woman, + Low, ignoble, base, vile, or mean, (S, TA,) and stupid. (So in some copies of the S, هُوَ سَاقطَة * الفعّل, You say also فو سَاقطة * + [He is mean in conduct : or one of whose actions no account is made]. (TA.) ___ Also, [as signifying + Vile, mean, or paltry,] applied to a thing: (TA in art. List:) [a thing] + falling short of the due, or just, mean. (M in art. وسط.) سَاقط ____ A horse that runs interruptedly. (A, TA.) Persons who come to El-Yemámeh سواقط * to bring thence for themselves provisions of dates.

lish it : a prov., relating to the guarding of the low mountains, [as though] cleaving to the ground. (TA.)

, throughout , سَاقطٌ see : سَوَاقطُ , and its pl

t One who sells the parts of a slaughtered beast that are called with [q.v.]. (TA.) [See also سَعَطى.]

(S, M, K) and مُسْقَط (M, K,) the former extr. [with respect to rule, though the contr. with respect to usage], (M,) and the latter an inf. n. as well as a noun of place [and of time], (S, K,) A place [and a time] of falling, falling down. dropping, dropping down, or tumbling down, (S, M, K,) of a thing; (M, TA;) as, for instance, of a whip, and of rain : pl. مُسَاقط (TA.) ___ المسقط (K,) and مُسْقَطُهُ (Aş,) and المسقط الر alone, (A, TA,) ‡ The place of birth. (K, TA.) You say, أسى t This is my birthplace. (Ş.) And البَصْرَةُ مُسْعَطُ رَأْسي [El-Başrah is my birth-place]. (M.) And هُوَ يَحْنُ إِلَى مُسْقَطه birth-place]. t He yearns towards his birth-place. (A, TA.) ____ He came to us at the time \$ أَتَانًا فِي مُسْقِط النَّجْمِ of the setting of the star, or asterism; (S, TA;) [meaning, at the time of the auroral setting of the مَسْقَطْ ... [. نزل in art. مَنَازِلُ القَهَر Pleiades : see also signifies The place of the ending of anything. (TA.) See in three places.

Casting her young one or factus; bringing it forth abortively, or in an immature, or imperfect, state, (M, K,) [or dead, but having the form developed, or manifest : see 4.]

t[This] لمذا الفعل مَسْقَطَةً للإنسان من أَعْيَن النَّاس deed is a cause of a man's falling from the place which he holds in the regard of people]: (S, K:*) said when one does a thing that is not proper for him to do. (TA.)

Accustomed to cast her young; to bring them forth abortively, or in an immature, or imperfect, state, (K,) [or dead, but having the form developed, or manifest : see 4.]

[A fallen date]: some say that تَجْرَدُ مُسَعُوطَة this means ذَاتُ سُعُوط : others, ذَاتُ سُعُوط [having a falling]: it may be from مَحْهُومُ like ، أَحَبَّهُ الله from هُوَ مَسْقُوطٌ فِي يَدِهِ ... (TA.) ... يَسَاقِطُ * في He is repenting, and abject; as also سَاقِطُ * في . (TA.) يَدِه

He walked, or went, in a slack, أَسَتَى مُتَسَاقطًا or languid, manner; as though repeatedly stumbling; or as though throwing himself down: see 3, near the end; and see also 6]. (A in art. طرح.)

ستف

1. سَعَفَ البَيْتَ , (Ş, O, Mşb, K,) aor. 4, (Ş, O, Msb,) or -, (K, [but this is app. a mistake, being anomalous,]) inf. n. سَعْف , (S, O, Mgh,) He made a سَقْف [i. e. ceiling, or roof,] to the house or

