(O, K:) or we will assuredly abase him and with is properly the inf. n. of , q. v.,] (ynth; (Ibn-'Abbad, K;) because of their blackmake him to stand: so in the L and other lexicons; for these, instead of أَوْ لَنَقْهِئَنَّهُ in the O and K, have , وَلَنْقَيَبَنَّهُ , and this is shown to be the right reading by the last explanation in the sentence next preceding. (TA.) = سَفَعَ aor. -, colour termed 1, i. e. black tinged, or intermixed, with red. (Msb.)

2: see 1; first sentence.

3. مُسَافَعَة, (S, TA,) ‡ He slapped him, being slapped by him: he struck him, or beat him, being struck, or beaten, by him : and he fought with him; namely his adversary: (TA:) [or he charged upon, or assaulted, or attached, him, the latter doing the same; for] مُسَافَعَة is like مطاردة. (S.) _ + He embraced him, being embraced by him. (TA.)

5. بالنَّارِ He warmed himself, (K, TA,) بالنَّارِ with the fire. (TA.)

8. استغع لونه His colour became altered by reason of fear, or the like, (K, TA,) as, for instance, disease. (TA.) _ استَغَع He, or it, became swollen, or affected with a tumour; for] is like بَبَيْعَ (K, TA,) with ψ before the (TA: [in the CK استفاع] [from [in the ck] استفع المنافع] (If a man) put on, or clad himself with, his garment : and استَغَعَتْ She (a woman) put on her garments. (TA.)

مَعْعَ مِنَ التَّارِ A mark, from fire, altering the colour of a man. (TA.) مَعْعَ مِنَ التَّارِ also signifies A garment of any kind: (K:) but mostly such as is dyed : pl. سَفُوع. (TA.) __ [And hence, perhaps,] The spathe, or spadix, (طُلْع),) of a tree called فلمنخ . (AA, T in art.

see أَسْفَع: see أُسْفَع, of which it is pl., though sometimes used as a subst.

+ A stroke from a devil: (TA:) or a touch of madness or diabolical possession, in a person, as though a devil had laid hold upon his or a stroke :: سَغَعَ بِنَاصِيَتِهِ see :] or a stroke with the evil eye: (TA:) or a stroke of an [evil] eye by which one is affected from the jinn's looking at him; as also : نَظْرَةُ : (T in art. :) or an evil eye. (K, TA: [in the CK, for سُنْعَة أَى بِه سَفْعَة , is put ([.سَفْعَة أَوْ عَيْنَ One says, عَيْنَ In him is a touch of madness, &c. (S.) And أَصَابَتُهُ سَفْعَةُ An evil eye smote him. (K, TA.)

Blackness tinged, or intermixed, with redness: (Lth, S, Msb, K:) or blackness that is not much: or blackness with another colour: or blackness with blueness; or, with yellowness; accord. to the Towsheeh : but Lth says that, as meaning a colour, it has the first of all these meanings only: (TA:) or [simply] blackness. (Mgh.) In the face, it is A blackness in the sheeks of a wan, or haggard, woman: (S:) and also signifies The seeds, or grain, of the colo- [TA.]

a blackness tinged with redness in the cheeks of a wan, or haggard, woman, (O, K,) and of a sheep, or goat. (O.) One says also, أَرَى فِي وَجْهِهِ سُفْعَةً من غضب I see in his face a change to black-ness in consequence of anger. (TA.) The منعة of the head is The blackness of its ناصية [i. e. fore part, or forelock, or hair over the forehead]. [Which is the pl.] سُفَع El-Mufradát, TA.) And signifies Black spots, or specks, on the face of a bull. (TA.) __ Also A spot of ground, in the traces of a house, differing, in its blackness, from the rest of the colour of the ground: (S, TA:) [i. e. a black, or dark, patch of ground where a house has stood :] or dung of beasts, (K, TA,) or sand, (TA,) or ashes, or sweepings commingled and compacted together, in the traces left by the inhabitants of a house, differing in colour from the ground [around]; (K, TA;) so says Lth. (TA.)

act. part. n. of سَفَعَ [act. part. n. of سَافَعُ or forelock] of his نَاصيَة [or forelock] of his horse [to mount him]. (S,*and Ham p. 7.) = pl. of إسافعة [pl. of إسافعة] Burning blasts of the [wind

Of a black colour tinged, or intermixed, with redness: (S, Msb:) or black: (Mgh:) applied to a man : (S:) fem : سَفْعَاً: (Mgh, Msb:) and [is the pl., and] signifies blacks inclining to redness. (K.) Applied to an ostrich, i. q. اربك [which is variously explained, as signifying Of a colour inclining to blackness, or of the colour of dust, &c.]. (TA.) And the fem., applied to a ewe, Having black cheeks, the rest of her being white. (TA.) The masc. also signifies A wild bull: (K:) or, applied to a wild bull, it signifies having in his cheeks a blackness inclining a little to redness. (TA.) And The hawk; (K;) because it has spots of black: (Er-Rághib:) all hawks are . (S:) and the fem., A pigeon (حَجَامَة); because of the سُفْعَة upon its neck: (S:) or, applied to a pigeon, it signifies of which the wis upon its neck, (K, TA,) exclusively of the head, (TA,) in the part on each side of the neck above the ring. (K,* TA.) It is also a name for Sheep, or goats; used when they are called to be milked: (K:) so in the O: but in some copies, and in the TS, for the she-goat: (TA:) thus in the phrase, Call thou to thee the sheep, or أَشْلِ إِنَيْكَ الأُسْفَعَ goats, or the she-goat, to be milked]: (O, TS, K:) mentioned by Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.) - Applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, Black. (K.) ___ The pl. is also applied to The أَثَافى (K.) (Lth, S, K,) or three stones upon which the cooking-pot is set up; (TA;) because of their blackness: (Lth, Er-Rághib:) [see : حَاضَنْ] and a single one thereof is called : سَفْعَانَه (K:) or an iron أَتُعَبَّه [meaning trivet], (K, TA,) upon which the cooking-pot is set up; and this is said to be the primary application. (TA.)

applied to a man clad in armour, Black from the rust of the iron. (TA.) Applied to a bull, Having black spots, or specks, on his face. (TA.)

مَسْفُوع A man (I'Ab) smitten by an evil eye. (I'Ab, K.) مَسْفُوع العَيْنِ A man whose eye is sunk, or depressed, in his head. (I'Ab, K.) [See also أَمْشَفُوعُ

+ Striking, or beating, another, being struch, or beaten, by him. (K.) + Charging upon, or assaulting, or attacking, another who is doing the same. (K.) _ [And hence,] ? The lion (K, TA) that prostrates his prey. (TA.) -+ Embracing. (K.) _ t I. q. مُسَافِع; (Ibn-'Abbad, K;) i.e. having sexual intercourse without marriage. (TA.)

سغق

. (T, Ş, Mşb, K,) aor. - , inf. n. سَفَقَ البَابَ . (Mşb;) and ¥ اسفقه (T, Ş, Mşb, Ķ;) He ; اسفقت shut, or closed, the door; (T, S, Msb, K;) or oched it: (Msb:) and in like manner with [in the place of the سَغَقَ وَجْهَهُ ... (TA.) [سَغَقَ وَجْهَهُ ... (inf. n. as above, TA.) He slapped his face. السَّفْقُ فِي _ [.صَفَقَ IDrd, Msb, K.) [See also الأسواق, occurring in a trad., means The striking of the hands [of the contracting parties] on the occasion of selling and buying [in token of the ratification thereof in the markets]: and so with inf. n. as above, *i. q.* رَسَعُقَ آَمَرُأَتُهُ (TA.) .ص [app. meaning He compressed his wife; أَصَابَبَهَا like أَسَفَقَ (إلما ب مِنْهَا). (TA.) أُسَفَقَ (S, Mşb, K,) aor. ², (K,) inf. n. سَفَاقَة, (S, Msb,) It (a garment, or piece of cloth,) was thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture; (T, S, Msb, K;) not سُخُفٌ (T;) contr. of سُخُفٌ: (Msb:) [and [.صَغْقَ ٥٥

4: see above, first sentence. اسفق الغَنَيرَ He milked the sheep, or goats, but once in the day: and so with اسفق التوب ... (TA.) .ص He (a weaver) made the garment, or piece of cloth, thich, substantial, close, or compact, in texture. (TA.)

7. انسفتى It (a door) became shut, or closed : (S, TA:) and so with (TA.)

He sold and bought] بَايَعَهُ i. q. أَعْطَاهُ سَفْقَةَ يَمِينه with him: he made a covenant, a compact, an engagement, or the like, with him : or he promised, or swore, allegiance to him]: (O, K:) occurring in a trad., related thus and with (TA.) فى or (,O) اِشْتَرَيْتُ الشَّيْنَيْنِ سَفْقَةً وَاحدَةً And سَفْقَة وَاحدة, (K,) I purchased the two things by a single act of purchasing. (O, K.)

شغيق, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, Thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture. (T, S, Msb, K.) __ And [hence,] سَفيقُ الوَجْه + A man (S, O, TA) having little shame. (S, O, K,