

right, bound, or limit, or measure; acting extravagantly, &c.: see its verb (4). — See also سرف. — [Also] Denying, or disacknowledging, the favours, or benefits, or the unity, and the prophets and law, of God; a disbeliever, an unbeliever, or an infidel: it is said to be used in this sense in the Kur xl. 36. (TA.)

سرفة *Eaten by the* سرفة [q. v.]. (TA.) And سرفة *A tree of which the leaves have been eaten by the* سرفة; (S;) or smitten, or lighted on, by the سرفة. (ISk, TA.) — سرفة † *A sheep, or goat, that has had its ear entirely cut off.* (M, A.)

سرفن and سرفل

سرفل and سرفل: see the next preceding art.

سرق

1. السرق، (S, Mgh, O, Mṣb,) or السرق، (K,) and السرق، (S, Mgh, O, Mṣb,) thus also they sometimes said, (S, O,) the prep. being suppressed for the sake of alleviation, but meant to be understood, (Ham p. 155,) aor. , inf. n. سرق (S, Mgh, O, Mṣb, K) and سرق and سرق (Mgh, K) and سرق and سرق, (K,) *He stole from him property, [or the thing,] i. e. he took it [from him] secretly, and by artifice; (Mgh;) or he came clandestinely to a place of custody, and took what belonged to him, namely, another person; (O, K;) as also استرقه [followed by منه]. (IAṣr, K.) And سرقهم [alone, He stole from them; or robbed them]. (JK and K in art. بوق.) It is said in a prov., سرق السارق فانتحر, (S, O) *The thief was robbed, and in consequence slew himself: applied to him who has a thing not belonging to him taken from him, and whose impatience consequently becomes excessive. (Meyd,* O.) And سرقه, inf. n. تسرق, signifies the same as سرقه: El-Farezdaq says,**

• لَا تَحْسِبَنَّ دَرَاهِمًا سَرَقْتَهَا •
• تَمْحُو مَخَايِبَكَ الَّتِي بَعْمَانَ •

[By no means reckon thou that dirhems which thou stolest will efface thy disgraceful practices that were committed in 'Oman]. (IB, TA.) And you say in selling a slave, مِنْ إِيَّاكَ وَالسَّرِقِ [I am irresponsible to thee for running away and stealing]. (TA.) — One says also, سرق السمع, meaning استرقه. (Mṣb. See 3.) — And سرق صوته [lit. His voice was stolen], meaning † he became hoarse. (Z, TA.) — And سرق يا قوم [app. سرق يا قوم, expl. as meaning سرق عروني, which I think a mis-transcription for سرق عروني, i. e. † I have been robbed of my honour, or reputation, O my people]. (TA.) — And سرقنا ليلة من الشهر † We passed pleasantly, or with enjoyment, a night of the month. (TA.) — And سرقني عيني † My eye overcame me. (TA.) — سرق, aor. , (Yoo,

IDrd, K,) inf. n. سرق, (TK,) said of a thing, (Yoo, IDrd,) i. q. خفي [It was, or became, unperceived, or imperceptible, or hardly perceived or perceptible, &c.]. (Yoo, IDrd, K.) — And سرق مفاصله, aor. as above, (IDrd, K,) and so the inf. n., (TA,) *His joints became weak, or feeble; (IDrd, K;) as also انسرت. (K.)*

2. سرقه: see 1. — Also, (S,) inf. n. تسرق, (K,) *He attributed to him [or accused him of] theft. (S.) It is said in the Kur [xii. 81], accord. to one reading, إِنَّ ابْنَكَ سَرَقَ [Verily thy son has been accused of theft]. (S.)*

3. هو يسارق النظر إليه † *He avails himself of, (S, O,) or seeks, (K,) his inadvertence, to look at him: (S, O, K:) [he takes an opportunity of looking at him by stealth:] and in like manner one uses the phrases استراق النظر and تسرقه [as meaning † the taking an opportunity of looking by stealth]: and التسرق [alone] signifies † the taking an opportunity of looking and of hearing: (TA:) [and the hearing discourse by stealth; as is indicated in the TA:] and استرق [and استرق alone, as appears from an explanation of the part. n. مسترق, below,] † He listened, (S, O,) or heard, (Mṣb,) by stealth; (S, O, Mṣb;) as also سرق السمع. (Mṣb.)*

5. تسرق *He stole [by degrees, or] one thing and then another. (O, K.) So in the phrase تسرق شعري [He stole my poetry, bit by bit], used by Ru-beh. (O, TA.) — See also 3, in two places.*

7. انسرق *He went, drem, or shrank, back, in order to go away, عنهم from them. (K, TA.) [In this and the following sense, the verb is erroneously written in the CK أسرق.] — And He was, or became, languid, and weak, or feeble. (O, K, TA.) See also 1, last sentence.*

8. استرق: see 1, first sentence: — and see 3, in two places. [See also كيس.] — Also † He deceived, or circumvented, secretly, [or by stealth,] like him who [so] listens. (TA.) — And you say, استرق الكاتب بعض المحاسبات † *The writer suppressed some of the items of the reckoning. (TA.)*

Q. Q. 1. سرقن الأرض *He manured the land with سرفين. (L in art. سرفن.)*

سرق Oblong pieces (S, O, Mṣb,* K) of silk; (S, O, Mṣb;) accord. to A'Obeyd, (S, O,) of white silk: (S, O, K:) or silk in general: (K:) said by A'Obeyd to be arabicized from the Pers. سره, meaning "good:" (S, O:) n. un. with ة; (S, O, Mṣb;) which is expl. as meaning a piece of good silk. (TA.)

سرق and سرقه [the former of which is said in the Mgh and K, and the latter in the K, to be an inf. n., are also said to be] subst. from سرق, [as such signifying Theft,] as also سرقه, (O, K,) or سرقه. (Mṣb.)

سرقه: } see what next precedes.
سرقه: }

سرقه: see سرق. — Also, (Mṣb,) *A thing stolen; (Mgh, Mṣb;) and so سرقه; [pl. of the latter سرقات;] whence the saying عنده سرقات الشعر [He has stolen things of poetry or verse]. (TA.)*

سرقين, (K, and S and Mṣb in art. سرج,) sometimes written سرقين, (K,) as also سرجين, (Mṣb, TA,) *Dung of horses or other solid-hoofed animals, syn. روث, and زبل, (Mṣb,) or fresh dung of camels, sheep and goats, wild oxen, and the like; (TA in art. دار;) a manure for land: (L:) arabicized from سركين [or سركين], (Mṣb, K,) a Pers. word. (Mṣb.) [See سرجين, in art. سرج.]*

سروق [Thievish; a great thief]; an epithet applied to a man, and to a dog: pl. سروق. (TA.)

سرقاة: see سرقه. — Also *A stealer of poetry or verses. (TA.)*

سروقة [Very thievish; a very great thief]: it has no pl. (TA.)

سارق [Stealing; a thief; or] one who comes clandestinely to a place of custody, and takes what does not belong to him: (O:) pl. سرقاة and سراق (TA) and سرق. (Mgh.)

سورق *A certain disease in the members, or limbs. (Ibn-'Abbád, O.)*

سارقة sing. of سوارق, which signifies [Collars by means of which the two hands are confined together to the neck, called also] جوامع, (O, K, TA,) of iron, attached to fetters or shackles. (TA.) — And the pl., سوارق, signifies also The adjuncts (زوائد) in the catches (قراش) [q. v.] of a lock. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.)

سوروق الصوت [lit. Having the voice stolen,] means † hoarse in voice. (Z, TA.) And hence, سوروق البغايير † [A young gazelle] having a nasal sound, or twang, in its cry; as though its voice were stolen: a phrase used by El-Aṣṣhà. (TA.)

سوروق † *Listening by stealth, (K, TA,) like the thief. (TA.) — † Defective, weak in make. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.) — سوروق القول: † Weak in speech or saying. (A, TA.) — سوروق العنق: † Short in the neck; (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K, TA;) applied to a man; (Ibn-'Abbád, O, TA;) contracted therein. (A, TA.) [In the CK, السوروق is erroneously put for السوروق.]*

سرفن

Q. 1. سرفن: } see the next preceding art.
سرفين: }

سرم

سرم *The anus; (IAṣr, T;) the place of egress of the feces; i. e. the extremity of the rectum; (S, K;) a post-classical word: (S:) or the interior of the extremity of the rectum: (Lth, TA:) or the edge, or margin, of the rectum: accord. to some, peculiarly in beasts of prey that have*