Dislike, displeasure, disapprobation, or discontent; (TA;) contr. of رضى; (Ṣ, K, TA;) as also Vicin (Şgh, K) and Vicin (Ş, K) and Vicin (Şgh, K:) [the last two of which are inf. ns.:] anger; (Msb;) as also Vi. (TA.)

نَّمْ : see الْمُنْ , in two places.

لخت : هوه لخت.

[Displeased; discontented:] angry. (S.) لمخسة : هوه لمخس

A cause, or means, or an occasion, of dislike, displeasure, disapprobation, or discontent: and, of anger: or a cause, &c., of procuring dislike, &c.: pl., app., had and and aladimo. Hence البر مُرْضَاةً لِلرُّبِّ مُسْخَطَةً لَلشَّيْطَانِ [,the saying [Piety is a cause of approbation to the Lord; a cause of disapprobation, or anger, to the devil]. (TA.)

Disliked, disapproved, or hated: (A, K:) in this sense applied to a gift. (A, TA.) You say also, with a sense applied to a gift. (A, TA.) anger. (TA.) _ [Hence,] Transformed, or metamorphosed, into a worse, or more foul, or more ugly, shape: [and hence applied by the Arabs in the present day to any idol or other image of ancient workmanship; such being regarded by them as metamorphosed in consequence of having incurred the wrath of God:] and short: but thus applied, it is a vulgar term. (TA.)

1. سَخُفُ (Mgh, Mşb, سَخُافَةٌ (Mgh, Mşb, TA) and ..., or, accord to Kh, the former only, (Msb,) said of a garment, or piece of cloth, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) It was, or became, thin, flimsy, or unsubstantial; (Msb;) scanty in the yarn; (Mgh, Msb;) or thin in texture. (TA.) And سَخُفُ, (TA,) inf. n. سُخُافَة, said of anything, It was, or became, thin, slender, or unsubstantial. (Msb, * TA. [See سَخَافَة below, voce سَخَافَة]) And نَخْفُ, inf. n. سُخْفُ, (K,) or rather عُنْافَة accord. to what is said below of a distinction between these two ns., (TA,) said of a skin for water or milk, It was, or became, unsound, (K, TA,) altered for the worse, old, and worn out. (TA.) ... فَخُفّ, aor. مُنخَافَةً , [or سُخُفّ, q. v. infrà,] is also said of a man, meaning He was, or became, slender, or shallow, or weak, in intellect. (S, K.*) And it is also said of the intellect, meaning It was, or became, slender, &c. (Ķ,* TĶ.)

2. تُسخيف, inf. n. تُسخيف, [It rendered him thin, lean, or emaciated,] said of hunger. (A, TA.)

3. مُسَاخُفَة , (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. عُفَة , (TA,) i. q. [He aided him in his foolishness, or stupidity]. (S, K.) signifies [also] The showing, or making a show of, foolishness or stu-

or defective, is he in intellect! (Sb, TA.)

[10. استسخفه He deemed him slender, shallow, or weak, in intellect: but this is perhaps postclassical.]

Slenderness of the means of subsistence. (AA, K.) - See also the next paragraph.

سَنْفُ (AA, JK, S, Mgh, Msb, K) and سُنْفُ (JK, K) and مُنْفُدُ and مُنْفُدُ (K) Slenderness, shallowness, or weakness, of intellect, (AA, JK, S, Mgh, Msb, K,) &c.: (K:) or, as some say, a lightness [of body] incident to a man when he is hungry: [but it is not clearly shown whether this refer to all of the foregoing words or only to the last, or last two, of them : (see سُنْفَة, below :)] and some say that Viii signifies weakness of intellect; or deficiency thereof: (TA:) or is in the intellect; and is [thinness, &c., (see 1,)] in everything; (Kh, Msb, K, TA;) as, for instance, in clouds, and in a skin for water or milk, and in herbage, and in a garment, or piece of cloth, &c. (TA.)

(JK, K,) مُسْغَفَّتُهُ \$, (Ş, K,) and النَّمُوعِ , (JK, K,) The thinness, and leanness, or emaciation, consequent upon hunger. (JK, S, K.) One says, In him is thinness, &c., consequent upon hunger. (S, TA.)

in two places: __ and see the paragraph here next preceding.

سنيف, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, (JK, Mgh, Msb, K, TA,) Thin, flimsy, or unsubstantial; (Msb;) scanty in the yarn; (Mgh, Msb;) or thin in texture. (JK, TA.) It is also applied to anything, as, for instance, clouds (سَحَاب), and herbage, (JK,) in both of these cases meaning Thin; (TA;) and to a skin for water or milk [as meaning unsound, altered for the worse, old, and worn out; see 1]: (JK:) and to the iron head or blade of an arrow or a spear or the like as meaning long and broad [and app. thin]. (AHn, TA.) __ Also, applied to a man, Slender, or shallow, or weak, in intellect: (JK, S, Mgh, Msb, K:*) and, thus applied, (K,) or رَسَخَيفُ العَقَّل, (TA,) lightwitted; or light, or unsteady, in intellect: (K, TA:) from the same epithet applied to a garment, or piece of cloth. (Mgh, Msb.)

in two places. [And see سُخُفُ: see سُخُافَةً also 1, of which it is an inf. n.]

: A land in which is little herbage أَرْضُ مُسْخَفَةً (ISh, K:) from هنديف as an epithet applied to a garment, or piece of cloth. (TA.) [See also ارض .سحف, in art. مسحَفَة

1. مَنْكُمْ, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. مَنْكُمْ, (TA,) He drove away, repelled, or banished, them: pidity. (KL.)

4. النخاف, said of a man, His property became little, or scanty. (TA.)

And مَخُولُ He took the thing by deceit or contemptible: (K:) like مَخُولُ اللهُونَ. (TA.)

(S, Mgb, K,) a subst. from مَا أَسْفَقُهُ (Mgb,) مُنْفَعُهُ السَفَقُهُ (Mgb, K,) a subst. from مَا أَسْفَقُهُ except on the authority of Lth; and its correctness is doubted by him, unless it be formed by transposition from خَلَس like as they said جَذَب and بَضَّ and مَنْبُ (TA.)

2. مُنْسَخِيل , inf. n. تُسْخِيل , The palmtree bore dates such as are termed [سخّل, i. e.] شيص: (Ş, TA:) so in the dial. of El-Hijáz: (TA:) or it was weak in its date-stones and its dates: or it shooh off its dates. (K, TA.) And سِمِّل النَّغْلَةُ, (K,) or سِمِّل النَّغْلَة, (TA,) said of a man, He shook the palm-tree in order that its dates might fall off. (K, TA.) - And منقله, (Ṣ,) or سخابير, inf. n. as above, (Ķ,) He attributed, or imputed, to him, or them, a vice, fault, or defect, (S, K, TA,) and rechoned him, or them, weak: of the dial. of Hudheyl. (S, TA.)

4. اسخله It (an affair, or event, TA) hept him, or held him, back; delayed him, or retarded him. (Ķ, TA.)

اسُخْلُ : see مُخْلُدُ . _ Also + An infant that is an object of love to his parents: (IAar, O, TA:) originally, the "offspring of the sheep or goat" [app. as a sing. as well as a coll. gen. n.]. (TA.)

See also , in two places.

A lamb, or kid, in whatever state it be; (K;) male or female: (TA:) or a lamb, or kid, when just born; male or female: (S, M, O, Msb, K:) or, accord. to some, peculiarly applied to a lamb; and this is affirmed by 'Iyad and Er-Ráfi'ee: accord. to some, peculiarly to a kid; and so affirms IAth: (TA:) [see also , in three places:] pl. v , (S, O, Msb, K,) [or rather this is a coll. gen. n.] like as تَمْرُ is of (Msb,) [and is app. also used as a sing., (see the next preceding paragraph,)] and [the pl. properly so termed is] with (S, O, Msb, K) and ..., which is extr. [as a pl. form, so much so that Sb holds it to be a quasi-pl. measure, not a broken pl. measure, as is said in the TA voce . (K.)

(Az, O, K,) سُتَّالٌ ♦ Az, Ş, O, K) سُتَّالٌ applied to men, Weak; (S, O, K;) bad, vile, or base; (K;) or low, ignoble, mean, or sordid: (Az, O:) a pl. having no sing.: (Az, S, O:) or its sing. is اَخُلُّ : (K, TA: in the CK الله the former pl.]:) so says Khálid. (IJ, TA.)

Also المُخُلُّ , (CK,) or الله , (TK,) [in the TA without any syll. signs,] Anything not completed. (IJ, K.) — Also the former, (S, O, K,) in the dial. of the people of El-Medeeneh, (S, O,) The sort of dates termed , (S, O, K,) i. e. of which the stones do not become hard: (TA:) or, accord to 'Eesà Ibn-'Omar, dates of which two or three grow together in one place, intermingling. (O, TA.)

سنخالة . (JK, O, K, TA: in (.نُقايَة the CĶ

سُخُلُ see سُخُالُ.

