term [arabicized from the Pers. ;]: so in the "Shifa el-Ghaleel," from the "Mefateeh el-'Uloom," by Er-Rázee. (TA.)

زیح 1. زَیْٹ , (Ṣ, A, K,) aor. یزیئ , inf. n. زائے , (Ṣ, K) and زَیْٹ (MA, K) and زَیْٹ (K) and زَیْٹ (K) (MA, K; [in the CK, erroneously, زَيْحَان;]) and انزاع; (A, K;) It (a thing, S) became distant, or remote: (S, A, K:) it went, went away, passed away, or departed. (S, K.) You (A) انزاحت لا (Ş, A, MA) and زَاحَتُ عَلَّتُهُ (A) His pretext, pretence, or excuse, [or his malady,] became remote [or removed], or went away. (MA.) And زَاحَ عَنِي البَاطِلُ What was false, or vain, ceased, passed away, or ment away, from me. (TA, from a trad.) __ And زاح , aor. as above, i. q. تَأْخُر [He, or it, went back or backwards, &c.]. (TA in art. زح.)

4. ازاحه He made it (a thing, S) to be distant, or remote: [he removed it, did away with it, or caused it to cease:] he made it to go, go away, pass away, or depart. (S, K.) Hence the saying of El-Aasha, قَدْ أَزْحَنَا هُزَالَهَا [We had caused her leanness to cease]. (S.) And signifies He re- ازاح عِلَّتَهُ (\$, A :) أَزَحْتُ عِلَّتَهُ moved his pretext, pretence, or excuse; [or his malady;] or did away with it. (MA.)

7: see 1, in two places.

مزاح A place to which one [goes away, or may go away; or] removes, or may remove, far away (Ham p. 329.)

رَادَ .1 (Ṣ, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. يَزِيدُ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. زيادة (S, A,* Msb, K*) and زيد, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, Ķ,*) with which are syn. (Ş, K) and مُزيدٌ (K) and مُزيدٌ (Ş, K) and وَيُدُ (K) شَنْأَنْ which last is anomalous, like رَيْدُانْ and يَيَان, said to be the only instances of the kind, (TA,) all as inf. ns., (TK,) and so is مزاد, (TA,) and J adds that زوارة is mentioned by Yaakoob, from Ks, from El-Bekree, as syn. with زيادة, but this is a mistake, which is unfairly imputed to J by the author of the K, (MF,) [who says,] as to it is a mistranscription by J, for the الزُّوادَةُ الرَّوادةُ in the CK , الزَّيَارَةُ and الزَّوَارَةُ and را (الرّبادة, with , and without the mention of [the signification of] النّبُوّ (K, TA,) It (a thing, S, Mgh, Msb, [as, for ex.,] water, and property, A) increased, or augmented, or grew; (S, A, TA;) [and in like manner said of a man, and of any animal;] as also ازداد ازداد (Ṣ, A, Mgh, Msb, K:) or this latter has a more intensive signification than the former, like بُعْسَبُ in relation to ... (MF. [See also 5.]) In this sense it has a single objective complement; as in زَادَ كُذَا It, or he, increased, or augmented, or grew, in such a thing; as also ازداد (TA.) [The latter is more commonly used in this manner.] You say, ازْدَدْتُ اللهُ monly used

(A, Mgh, Msb) [I increased in property: also] meaning I increased to myself, or for myself, property. (Mgh, * Msh.) And ازداد الأمرُ [The affair increased in difficulty]. (A.) __[Also It exceeded; it was, or became, redundant, or superfluous; it remained over and above. And زَادُ عَلَيْه It exceeded it; as also وَادُ عَلَيْه ...] You say, زَادَ عَلَى الشَّى ِ ضَعْفَهُ [It exceeded the thing by the like thereof, or more]. (A.) And [It exceeded what he desired] زَادَ عَلَى مَا أَرَادَ (A.) __Also He gave an addition: so in the He who gives an مَنْ زَادَ وَٱزْدَادَ * فَقَدْ أُرْبَى ,saying addition, and who takes it, [each of these] practises usury. (Msb.) _ [And He added, or exaggerated.] يَزِيدُ فِي حَدِيثُه [He adds, or exaggerates, in his narration, or talk, or discourse,] is said of a liar. (A and TA voce سُواج. [See also 5.]) = It is also trans.: (Msb:) you say, زادَهُ, aor. يَزيدُهُ, inf. n. زَيَادَةٌ, He increased it, or augmented it. (L.) And in this sense it is doubly trans.: (MF:) you say, زَادَهُ ٱللَّهُ خَيْرًا, (S, K,) or بَالْم, (A,) [God increased to him, or added to him, good fortune or prosperity or the like, or property; increased, or added to, his good fortune, &c.; or may God increase &c.;] as also رفي مَالِه S,) رَادَ فِيهَا عِنْدُهُ K:) and (جُزادُ فِيهَا عِنْدُهُ ♥ (A,) [He increased, or added to, what he possessed or his possessions, or his property; or may also signifies He gave him an increase, or an addition, or more. (Msb.) See 10. _ You say also, to No one is more sufficient for يَزِيدُكُ أَحَدٌ عَلَيْه thee than he]. (K in art. زند. [See 4 in that art.]) And لَا يَزِيدُكُ عَلَيْهِ جَبَلُ No camel will be more sufficient for thee than he; i. q. كُ يَضُرُّكُ (ISk, S in art. ضر [in which see other exs.].)

2. زیّد, [inf. n. زیّد,] said of property, Itincreased, or augmented, much. (A.) == See

مُزَايَدَةً .inf. n زايد أَحَدُ الهُتَبَايِعَيْنِ الاَّخَرَ .3 [One of the two persons buying together outbade the other: see also 6.] (A.)

5. تزيد It (a price, S, A) was, or became, excessive, or dear; (S, A, K;) as also تزايد . (A, TA.) — He added, or exaggerated, (MA,) or lied, (S, MA, K,) in narration, or discourse. (S, MA. [See also 1, latter half.]) And He affected to exceed the due bounds in his narration, or discourse, and his speech; (TA;) he affected excess in speech, &c.; (K, TA;) i.e. in speech and in action; (TA;) as also اتزاید الا : (K:) or -means the embellishing narra التَّزَيَّدُ في الحَديث tion, or discourse, with lies, and adding in it what does not belong to it. (Har p. 195.) In the verse of 'Adee cited in art. زند, the last word is as others relate it, or تُزَنَّد as some relate it. (TA.) - He went a pace exceeding that termed رنصَبَ السَّيْرَ and رَمَلَ See also (رَمَلَ, and العَنْق She (a camel) stretched تزيّدت And وَسَبَع forth her neck, and went a pace exceeding that termed العَنْق, as though she were swimming with her rider: (A, TA:) and in like manner one

says of a mare, or horse. (TA.) And تزيدت The camels tashed themselves in الإبلُ في سيرها their pace beyond their ability. (TA.)

B. تزاید [It increased, augmented, or grew, gradually; contr. of تَنَاقَصُ]. See also 1. And see $oldsymbol{5}$, in two places. تزايدوا عَلَى السَّلْعَة[They]bade, one against another, for the commodity, or article of merchandise, successively raising the price]: said of the people of a market when a commodity is sold to him who bids more than تزايدوا فِي النُّمَنِ حَتَّى بَلَغَ مُنْتَهَاهُ others. (L.) And [\pmb{T} hey augmented the price, one outbidding another, until it attained its utmost]. (A, TA.)

8. ازداد]: see 1, in four places. Also He took an addition. (Msb.) See, again, 1. __ Also He took in addition: so in the When] إِذَا ٱزُّدَادَ الرَّاهِيُ دَرَاهِمَ مِنَ الْمُرْتَهِينِ saying, the pledger takes money in addition from the receiver of the pledge]. (Mgh.) One says also, [Obtain thou, or gain thou, somewhat in addition of what is good: or it may mean seek thou, or desire thou, an increase, or addition, of what is good]. (A.) See what next follows, in two places.

10. استزاد He sought, or desired, or demanded, an increase, an addition, or more; (A, Mgh, Msb;) as also ازداد †; whence the saying, to a هَلْ تَزْدَادُ ♦ man to whom a thing has been given, Dost thou seek, or desire, or demand, more than what I have given thee? (L.) _ [Hence,] He seeks, or desires, to add, يَسْتَزِيدُ فِي حَدِيثُهِ or exaggerate, or to exceed the due bounds, or to embellish with lies and additions, in his narration, or discourse]. (A, TA. [See also 5.]) ____ا He sought, or desired, or demanded, of him an increase, an addition, or more. (Msb, K.) You . If I had sought, or desired لَو ٱسْتَزَدْتُهُ لَزَادَنِي ♥ ,say or demanded, an increase, &c., he had given me an increase, &c. (Msb.) __ [And hence,] ; He reckoned him, or held him, to have fallen short of doing what he ought to have done, (S, A, K, TA,) and complained of him, (A, TA,) or reproved him, for a thing that he did not approve. (TA.) And اَشْتَزَادَة ﷺ إِلَيْه كُتَابُ آسْتَزَادَة [He wrote to him a letter of complaint, or reproof, for his having fallen short, &c.; requiring him to do more]. (A.)

(S, L) and زیادة (A) : [They are more than a hundred].

an inf. n. of زَادُ (Ṣ,* Ķ,* TĶ.) __ See the next preceding paragraph.

an inf. n. of زَادَ (Ṣ, Mạb.) Using it as -mean افْعَلْ ذِلكَ زِيَادَةَ you say, أَفْعَلْ ذِلكَ زِيَادَةَ ing Do thou that in addition]: (S, Msb:) the vulgar say 🐧 زائدة, (Ṣ,) which one should not say. (Msb.) [Hence also,] حُرُوفُ الزِّيادُة [The letters of augmentation; or the augmentative letters; i. e. the letters that are added to the radical letters in Arabic words]: they are ten, and are