for وَيُزْمِعُ and having good judgment, with like أَبَلُهُ and ازدبله. (TA in art. ازبل.) — And boldness to undertake affairs, (K, TA,) so that when he has purposed an affair, he acts with a penetrating energy, or sharpness, vigorousness, and effectiveness, in performing it: (TA:) or : signifies a man having good judgment زَميعُ الرَّأَى (إنج) and زميع signifies also quick; (K;) quick, and hasty; (Ṣ;) and so وُمُوعٌ (Ṣ, Ķ:) pl. of the former زُمُعَانُه. (S, K.)

He is more sharp, vigorous, or effective, in determination, resolution, or decision, than he. (Mgh.) = See also زمع , last sentence

أَنَّا مُزْمِعٌ عَلَى أَمْرٍ, or both, and مُزْمِعٌ عَلَى أَمْرٍ, am determining, resolving, or deciding, upon an affair: or] my determination, resolution or decision, is fixed upon an affair. (Kh, S.) [See 4.]

زمك

زمك: see the following paragraph.

رمگی, (Fr, Ṣ, K̩,) with kesr to the زمگی (K,) like زمجى [in measure and in meaning, app. from the Pers. زمجى, (Ṣ,) [in the O erroneously written زِمِكً , and أَرْمِكُ , (Fr, K, TA,) like فان , (TA,) [in the O erroneously written زَمُكَاءُ , and in the CK زَمُك , and (TA,) The place of the growth of the tail of a bird: (Fr, S, K:) or the root of the tail of a bird: (M, K:) or the whole tail of a bird: (K:) or sometimes, accord to Lth, the tail itself is called زمتّی when it is short (إِذَا قَصُرَ), (O, TA,*) or, as in some copies [of his book, meaning the 'Eyn], when it is clipped (ازا قصّ). (TA.)

زمكان: see the preceding paragraph.

1. زَمَالٌ, aor. and ع, inf. n. زَمَالٌ, He ran, (K, TA,) and went along quickly, (TA,) leaning, or bearing, on one side, raising his other side, (K, TA;) as though he mere bearing upon one leg; not with the firmness of him who bears upon both of his legs. (TA.) _ And زَمَلَ (K, TA) زَمَلَ and زَمُلُ and وَعُدُوهِ and وَعُدُوهِ اللهِ عَشْيِهِ and زَمَالٌ the latter accord. to the CK زَمَالٌ, but said in the TA to be with fet-h like the former,] and زَمُلُ (K, TA) and زَمُلُ (TA as from the K, fbut not in the CK nor in my MS. copy of the K,]) said of a horse or similar beast, (K, TA,) or of a wild ass, (TA,) He was as though he limped, by reason of his brishness, or sprightliness, (K,) or as though bearing upon his fore legs, by reason of pride, or self-conceit, and briskness, in his going and his running. (TA.) زمله, (Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. زمل, (TA,) He bore it, or carried it; namely, a thing: (Mgh, Msb:) and ازْدُمَلُهُ ♦, (Ṣ, Ķ,) originally ازْدُمَلُهُ ♦, (TA,) signifies the same; or he took it up and carried it, or he raised it upon his back; syn. احْتَمَلَهُ; (S, K;) at once; (K;) namely, a load: (TA:) sense]. (K, TA.)

زَمُلُ , (IDrd, K,) aor. ع , inf. n. زَمُلُ , (TA,) He made him to ride behind him, (IDrd, Ķ,) عُلَى on the camel: (IDrd:) or he rode with him on a camel, in a مُعْمِل,] so as to counterbalance him; (K, TK;) and so امله (Mgh,) inf. n. مزاملة, (S,) he rode with him so as to counterbalance him (S,* Mgh) on a camel, (S,) in the aor. ، He , زُمَلَ غَيْرَهُ And] ــــ (Mgh.) .. مَحْمِل followed another :] see زامل.

2. زمَّلهُ , (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb,) inf. n. رُمَّلهُ , (Mṣb, لِي تُوْبِهِ (*, Mgh, Msb, K بالله بالله K,) He wrapped him [in his garment], (Ṣ, Ķ,*) or في ثيابه [in his garments], (Mgh,) or بثوبه [with his garment]. signifies also The تُزْميلُ [,.Hence, app] ــــ (Mşb.) act of concealing. (IAar, K.)

3: see 1, last sentence but one. __ مُزَامَلَةُ also signifies The requiting with beneficence. (AA, TA in art. حهل.)

5. تزمّل (Ş, Mgh, Mab, Ķ) and اِزُّمَّلَ (Mgh, K,) the latter of the measure الْفَقْلُ, (K,) [a variation of the former,] and ازْدُمَلُ † (TA,) He mrapped himself (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb, K, TA) بثيًابه [with his garments], (Ş,) and so تزمل alone, (TA,) or في ثبابه [in his garments], (Mgh, TA,) or بثوبه [with his garment]. (Msb.)

i. e. They recited verses, تراجزوا i. q. تراملوا or poetry, of the metre termed رجز, which is also termed زَمَل, one with another; or vied in doing so]. (TA.)

. see 1 : ازْدَمَلَهُ see 5. عنا : see 1 : ازْدَمَلَ

Q. Q. 1. رَوْمَلَةً, (TĶ,) inf. n. زُوْمَلَةً, (Ķ,) He drove camels. (K, TK.)

رمل A load, or burden. (K.) It occurs in a trad. as meaning + A load of knowledge. (TA.) [Household-goods; or furniture and utensils. (Freytag, on the authority of the Deewan of مًا فِي جُوالِقِكَ __ [. أَزُمَلُ the Hudhalees.) See also means There is not in thy sack save a إِلَّا زَمُلُ half. (AA, K.) = See also زميل. = And see

The kind of verse, or poetry, [more commonly] termed زجز [hence,] a poet says,

The drawer of water will not be overcome as long as the زمل; continues]; meaning, as long as he recites [or chants] the verse termed رَجَز [or رَرَّمُل], he is strong enough to work: thus it is related on the authority of AA: another reading is الرَّمَلُ : both are correct as to meaning. (IJ, TA.)

.زُمُّلُ see : زُمَلُ and زَمَلُ

A company of persons travelling together, or with whom one is travelling; (AZ, K;) as also وَمُلَةٌ لا : (En-Nadr, TA:) or, as some say, (TA,) a company or a collection [in an absolute

Luxuriant, or abundant, and dense [palmin the الجُمَّار [in the الجُمَّار] CK is a mistranscription:] and a collection of i. e. small young palm-trees, or shoots cut off from palm-trees and planted]: and young palm-trees exceeding the reach of the hand: (K, TA:) all on the authority of El-Hejeree. (TA.)

in two places. أَزْمَلُ see أَرْمَلُ

زمال A limping in a camel. (K.) = And A wrapper that is put over a رَاوِيَة [or leathern water-bag]: pl. زُمُلُه and أُزْمِلُهُ: (Az, K:) you (Az, TA.) . ثَلَاثُهُ أَزْمِلُهُ

one who rides behind another (IDrd, S, K) on a camel (IDrd, TA) that carries the food and the household-goods or furniture and utensils; (TA;) and پُمْلُ ♦ signifies the same, (K,) and so does أَمُولُ * (IDrd, TA:) or one who rides behind another on a horse or similar beast: (TA:) or one who rides with another in a so as to counterbalance him. (Mgh.) It is meta-أَنْتَ فَارِسُ العِلْمِ وَأَنَا ,phorically used in the saying [Thou art the horseman of science, or زُميلُكُ knowledge, and I am he who rides behind thee]. (TA.) __ Hence, A travelling-companion (Mgh, TA) who assists one in the performance of his affairs. (TA.) It is said in a trad., لَا يُغَارِقُ رَجُلْ زميله, i.e. [A man shall not separate himself from] his travelling-companion. (Mgh.) ___ means Two men engaged in work upon زميلان their two camels: when they are without work, they are called رُفيقًان. (K.)

زُمُّلُ and زُمَيْلُةُ see زُمَيْلُ

زَمْيَلُ: see what next follows.

isaid in the زُمُلُ * (S, K) and أُرَمُلُ * (S, K) وَمُثَلُ * cķ to be like عَدُق, but correctly like عَدُة,] and رِيُّ أَنَّ لِلهِ and وُمَّيْلُ لا and وُمَّيْلُ لا and وَمَلْل لا يَعْلُلُ لا إِمْلُ لا إِمْلُ لا إِمْلُ لا إ K) and أُمَّيْلَةً \$ and أُمْيِلَةً \$ and أُمْيِلَةً \$ (K, or this is fem., (قَالَةُ * K) Cowardly, neak, (S, K, TA,) low, mean, or contemptible; who wraps himself up in his house, or tent; not rising and hastening to engage in warfare; indolently refraining from aspiring to great things. (TA.) signifies زُمَّيْلُةً ♦ [,See also إزْميلُ Accord. to J Weak as a fem. epithet. (S.)

: زُمَّالُ see the next preceding paragraph.

in two places. زُمَّلُ see : زُمَّيْلَةً

applied to a horse or similar beast, (K, TA,) or to a wild ass, (A'Obeyd, TA,) That is as though he limped, by reason of his briskness, or sprightliness. (A'Obeyd, K, TA.) [Hence, app., the name of] The horse of Mo'awiyeh Ibn-Mirdás Es-Sulamee. (K.) — Also One who (,يَتْبُعُ i. e. إِيْزُمَّلُ follows (إِيَزُمُّلُ , [in the CK إِيْزُمُلُ) another. (K.)

زاملة A camel (S, Mgh, Msb, K) or other beast