—A lamb; syn. This signification and that of are both correct. (TA.)
 Arabic, it means Grease, greasy food, or fleshmeat: app. from the Pers. زَفَر ; زَرْ , signifying "filth:" and hence, obscenity. Hence also the vulgar epithet زِفِر (app. for زَفِرْ (j), meaning Greasy : and foul, or filthy: and obscene. See 5.]
(يُزْفُرُ ( by reason of its tumultuousness. (TA.) - $\ddagger A$ river containing much nater, (K,) so that it resembles a sea. (TA.) $\ddagger$ A large gift, (K,) as likened to a sea. (TA.) - $\ddagger$ A liberal man; likened to a sea that makes a roaring, (يُزْرِرُ) by reason of its tumultuousness ; ( $A$;) as also
 burdens; meaning, who has strength to carry water-skins. (K.) [See also زَإنرة.] — One who has poner to bear responsibilities. ( $\mathrm{Sh}, \mathrm{S} .{ }^{*}$ ) Hence, + A lord, master, chief, or the like: (S :) or, for the same reason, a great lord, or the like;
 ous man. (K, " TA.) - + A lion. (K.) - See


ز $A$ draving-in of the breath to the utmost, by reason of distress: (Ṣ:) [or a draming-back of the breath vehemently, so that the ribs become snollen out : (see 1:)] or an emission of the breath


 my MS. copy of the $\mathbf{K}$ :) [or an emission of the breath nith a prolonged sound; i. e., a sigh, or a long or vehement sigh; or a groan: or an emission of the breath after filling the chest with it by
 it is a subst., not an epithet; but sometimes, by

 meaning As though he were sened up after a draning-in of the breath to the utmost, by reason of distress, so that he seemed to be constantly so drawing in his breath, on account of the largeness of his belly, [and did not become restored to slenderness nor lunhness of the belly.] (S.) And another

## says, <br> 

[And the soul finds rest from its draning-in of the breath to the utmost, hy reason of distress; or from its sighs, $\mathfrak{f r}$ c.]. (S.) - Also, ${ }^{\boldsymbol{T}}$ all the words above mentioned, [A man] breathing [in the nanner above described]; syn. مُتَنَّفَّ ; [unless this be a mistranscription for مُ meaning the place of (such) breathing; as seems probable from the forms of more than one of these words, and from what follows, and also from an explanation of
 mentioned above, as is implied in the CK, ]) The middle (Ș, $\mathbf{K}$ ) of a thing, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) or of a horse :
 he is great in the middle: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{T A}$ :) or in the chest, or belly. (TA.) - One says also, of a
 strong is the knitting together of his joints! (T.A.)

## 



زَافِرْ One who [carries or] helps to carry loads,
 slaves that carry nater-shins ( $\mathbf{(})$ ) or [other] loads, or burdens. (TA.) _. See also the next paragraph.

 because he carries loads, or burdens. (TA.) + The كُاهِل [or withers, or upper portion of the back, next the nech,] with nhat is next to it. (TA.) [Because loads are borne upon it.] † The side, or angle, (رُّهُن)) of a building, (Ḳ,) upon which it [mainly] rests, or is supported: pl. زَوَافِرُ. (TA.) [Hence the expression] لَهْبْدِمِمْ
 ( $\overline{\mathbf{A}}, \mathbf{K} .{ }^{*}$ ) - $\ddagger \mathbf{A}$ man's aiders, or assistants, ( $\mathbf{S}$, TA,) and his kinsfolk, or tribe, syn. عَشَرُ, (S, A, K,) as also ${ }^{\prime}$; ${ }^{\prime}$; because they bear his burdens : (A:) his aiders, or assistants, and particalar friends. (TA.) You say, مُمْ زَافْرتَتْهُ عِنْدَ السُّطَانِ $\ddagger$ They are the persons who undertalie and perform their business with the Sultán. (Ṣ.) And
 is the chief of his people, and the bearer of their burdens, with the Sultán. (A.) See also ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{j} \mathrm{j}^{\prime}$, in two places. - $\dagger$ A company, or congregated body,
 † An army; or a collected portion thereof; or a
 —
 bow: (K:) pl. زَوَافر: (A :) so called as being likened to a rib: ('TA :) [or perhaps from its sound.] - $\dagger$ The part of an arrow exclusive of the feathers: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or the part exclusive of troo thirds, next the head: ('Eeà̀ Ibn-'Omar, Ṣ, $\mathbf{K}$ :) or the part from a little belon the head to the head: (ISh:) or about a third part of an arrow, and of a spear. (TA.) [Perlaps so called
 the بَبْر]. (T in art. أبر.)
 ribs of the sides: or in the chest, or belly:
 used as a subst, The pudendum; like المَعْطَأرَ


A beast, (K,) or camel, (TA,) having his joints strongly knit together. (K, TA.) You say
also, , He is strongly conpacted in make]. (TȦ.)
 from which the breathing termed زفير [see 1] proceeds. (AO, O, K.) - See also in two places.

## زفل

解 [whether with or without tenween is not shown; but accord. to general opinion, a word of this measure, if not an epithet, is perfectly decl., i.e. with tenween ;] Anger ; and sharpness, or hastiness of temper. (K.)

 (\$,) syn. therewith, (K,) signifying $a$ collection, or an assemblage, of any things. (TA.) One says, بَأَجْغَلْتِهْ (Fr, TA) They came with their company. (Fr,
 in a company. ( $\mathrm{Fr}, \stackrel{\mathrm{S}}{\mathrm{S}}$ and $\mathrm{K}^{*}$ in art. C .)

## أزْفَلَى : see the next preceding paragraph.

[Lightness, levity, \&c.]: (Sb, Ṣ, K:) so in the saying, أَخْذَتْهُ إزْنَلَّهُ [Lightness, or levity, \&c., seized him, or affected him]. (Sb, S. $)$

## زفن

 inf. n. زَزْنُ, (TA, Har,) in its primary acceptation, He pushed, or thrust, or he pushed, or thrust, away, (TA, Har,) vehemently: and he struck [or hicked] with the leg, or hind leg. (Ḥar.) You say, ذَنْتُتُ هِنْهُ فَزفَنْنَ I approached him, and he pushed me, or thrust me, from him. (TA.) And

 التُّرابت [The wind drives along the clouds and the
 waves drive along the ship]. (TÁ.) And المُشْتَضَرُوْ ,يزفْنُنُ بِنْفْسْه i. i. [He who is at the point of deuth]


 Msb, K ;) and played, or sported. (TA.) It is said in a trad. of Fátimeh, كَانَتْ تَزْنِ كِلْسَسِنِ She used to dance to El-Hasan. (TA.)
زَزْنٌ : see what next follows.
زِنْن A sovering which they make over their flat house-tops to protert them from the heat and den of the sea; ( $\mathbf{K}$;) of the dial. of 'Omán; and $\downarrow$ † ${ }^{\text {jo }}$ is a dial. var. thereof. (TA.) - And Straight and slender palm-branches stripped of their leaves [and cut to certain required lengthis], conjoined, one to another, [side by side, by means of split pieces of such branches passing through holes punched in the former,] like the noven mat: (K :) [of such are made chests for cooking utensils and provisions \&c. :] of the dial. of Azd. (TA.)

