with thee (بَعْدَ عَهْدى بك being for بَعْدَك) in exchange for ignorance]. (TA. [The meaning of is there indicated by the context.]) ---- It تزعمینی is also used in the sense of الاعتقار: whence the زَعَمَر ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَنْ , [lxiv. 7] saying in the Kur They who have disbelieved our revela- أَنْ يَبْعَثُوا tions have believed, or firmly believed, that they shall not be raised from the dead]. (Msb.) -: شَهدَ is used in the sense of زَعْمَر Sometimes, also, as in the saying of En-Nábighah,

[app. meaning The magnanimous chief bore witness that her mouth was cool]. (TA.) - ازعر به عد (S, Msb, K,) aor. - (S, Msb) and -, (Msb,) inf. n. زَعَامَة (Ş, Mşb, K) and زَعَامَة (Ş, K,) or the latter is a simple subst., (Msb,) He was, or became, responsible, answerable, amenable, surety, or guarantee, for it; (S, Msb, K;) namely, property. (Mab.) ... And زَعَمَر like المجار (Mab.) or j, like كَرْمَ (TA,) aor. 2, inf. n. كُرْمَ, He was, or became, chief, lord, master, or prince, over] عَلَى قَوْمِ Mşb, TA,) of a people, (TA,) or عَلَى قَوْمِ (Mşb, TA,) a people]; (Msb;) or spokesman of a people. (TA.) = See also 4, in two places. = , aor. -, (Ş, K,) inf. n. زَعْمَر (Ş, TA) and زَعْمَر (TA,) He coveted, or eagerly desired. (S, K.) [Like its syn. طَبعَ, it is trans. by means of .] One طَمِعَ فِي غَيْرِ مَزْعَمَرِ فَلَانٌ فِي غَيْرِ مَزْعَمَرُ , i. e. مُطْعَمٍ Such a one covered a thing nut to be coveted; meaning, a thing of which the attainment was remote, or improbable : see art. [. (TA.) And 'Antarah says,

عُلَّقْتُبها عَرَضًا وَأَقْتُلُ قَوْمَهَا

(S,) i.e. I became enamoured of her unintentionally, [or accidentally,] while I was slaying her people; eagerly desiring her love: by the life of thy father, I swear, this is not a [fit] occasion for eager desire : i.e. I cannot attain to holding communion of love with thee, [or with her,] any day, while there is this conflict and hostility between the two tribes: (EM p. 222:) لَيْسَ بِمَزْعَمِ (: eaning الْيُسَ بِمَطْمَع (: (: (: :)) : اَلْيَسَ بِمَطْمَع

[eagerly desiring : by the Lord of the House (i.e. the Kaabeh), &c.]. (TA. [زعبًا is there expressly said to be thus: but the measure does not require its being so.])

3. زاحمر, (ズA,) *i.q. زاحمر*, (TA,) *i.q. زاحمر* [q. v.]: (Ķ.:) the is a substitute for the ... (TA.)

4. ازعر He made a person to be such as is termed زعيم ; (Msb, TA ;) as meaning responsible, answerable, amenable, surety, or guarantee. (Mşb.) You say, أَزْعَمْتُكَ الهَالَ (Mşb.) or الشَيْءَ م (TA,) I made thee, or have made thee, respon-

that I have purchased intelligence since I was | thing;] i. e. زعيمًا به. (Msb, TA.) 🛲 He made [.زُعْهة صَادِقَةٌ لَا تَيَنَّكَ. (Msb, TA.) one to covet, or eagerly desire. (S, K.) You say, I made him أَزْعَهْتُهُ فِي الشَّيْءِ And] (.Ş.) أَزْعَهْتُهُ to covet, or eagerly desire, the thing; like as you say, أَطْهُعْتُهُ فِيهِ. See [.زَعَمَ Be obeyed (K, TA) the زعيم [i. e. chief, lord, or prince]. (TA.) = It (an affair) was, or became, possible. (K.) It (milk) began to become good, or pleasant; [or fit to be drunk;] as also (قعر), (K,) inf. n. said of a young she-camel, ازعمت (TA.) .زَعَيْر or of one full-grown, She was thought to have fat in her hump. (IKh, TA. [The TA states it to have been asserted by IKh that the verb is only used in this sense, or (for the passage is ambiguous) in this sense and the first mentioned above.]) من Also, (K,) or (تَعَمَتُ (TA, [but this I think to be probably a mistranscription,]) said of the earth, or land, (رالأرض) It put forth the first of its plants, or herbage. (IAar, K, TA.)

> i. q. v.]: (Ṣ, Ķ :) [it seems] تَكُذَّبُ ، q. تَزَعَّم (٩. v.] here to mean He spoke falsely; and to be trans. for] a poet says,

[app. meaning O thou asserter of that which thou hast spoken falsely]. (TA. [This hemistich is there cited as an ex. of تزعّر as expl. in the K; and I find no other explanation of this verb.])

6. تَزَاعَهَا They two competed in discoursing of a thing, and differed respecting it : accord. to Z, it means they talked of, or related, زعهات, i.e. [mere assertions, or] stories in which no confidence was to be placed. (TA.) Sh says that is mostly used in relation to a thing respecting which there is doubt. (TA.) - One says also, تزاعم القوم, meaning The people, or party, became responsible, one for another : and hence, تزاعموا عَلَى كُذًا they leagued together, and aided one another, against such a thing. (TA.)

ind زَعْمَر [originally an inf. n. of زَعْمَر like زَعْمَر and is a word used by the vulgar as meaning, إرغير

i. e. Pride; and, as often used in the present day, pretension: because implying false, or vain, assertion]. (TA.)

and * زَعَامَةُ Responsibility, answerableness, amenableness, or suretiship ; substs. from زغير به (Msb:) or the latter is an inf. n. (S, K.)

applied to roasted meat, (K, TA,) Dripping, زعر with its gravy; or succulent, and dripping with its juice or fat; (TA;) having much grease, or gravy; quickly flowing [therewith] over the fire. (K.)

inf. n. of un. of ; زُعَهَد ; An assertion ; &c. : زُعْهَة ولا and هٰذَا وَلَا زَعْمَتَكَ One says, زَعْمَتَكَ and ولا imeaning This I think, and I think not زعماتك to be true thine assertion and thine assertions]; being understood after y: these words are أَتُوَهُمُ used as meaning the rejection of what has been said by the person to whom they are addressed. sible, &c., (Msb, TA,*) [for the property, or the | (K, TA. [In the CK, erroneously, زعمتك and

It is a true assertion: I will assuredly come to thee]; using the nom. case: though they said, i.e. I swear "a true oath : يَمِينًا صَارِقَةً لَأَفْعَلَنّ I will assuredly do" such a thing]; using the accus. case. (Ks, TA.) And one says, , meaning They two talked of, or related, each to the other, [mere assertions, or] stories in which no confidence was to be placed. (Z, TA.)

(with damm, TA) Mendacious : and veracious: (K:) thus bearing two contr. significations. (TA.)

زغموم: see the next paragraph.

زعوم, a fem. epithet, (S, K, &c.,) applied to a she-camel, and to a sheep or goat, Of which one doubts whether there be in her fat or not, (S, K,) and which is therefore felt with the hands, in order that one may know if she be fat or lean: (S:) or a sheep or goat of which one knows not whether there be in her fat or not: (As, TA:) or, as some say, of which men assert that there is in her marrow. (TA.) And, as a fem. epithet, Having little fat: and having much fat: thus bearing two contr. senses : as also * مزعمة [app. in both senses]: (M, K:) and مَزْعُومَة also signifies having little fat; of which people, when they eat of her, say to her owner, " Didst thou assert her to be fat?" applied to a she-camel. (TA.) = Also Impotent in speech; (K;) and so (S,* K.) .زُعْمُومُ

زَعيم Responsible, answerable, amenable, surety, or guarantee. (S, Msb, K.) Hence, in the Kur [xii. 72] وأنَّا به زَعِيمُ [And I am responsible for it]. (TA.) __ Also The chief, lord, master, or prince, of a people; (Msb, K;) or [in the CK " and "] their spokesman : (K :) their chief is thus called because he speaks for them; like as he is رْعَهَا، إِنَّ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى المَعَانَ (Ḫam p. 705:) pl. زُعَهَا، (Ḫam p. 705:) (K.) = Also Described; syn. مَوْصُوفٌ. (Har p. 204.)

i: see مَعَمَّد Also High, or elevated, rank زَعَمَّر see زَعَامَة or condition or state; or nobility. (K.) And Chiefdom, lordship, mastery, or princedom : (IAar, S, K:) [accord. to the Msb, an inf. u. in this sense:] thus expl. by IAar as occurring in the following verse of Lebeed: (TA:)

* تَطِيرُ عَدَائدُ الأَشْرَاك شَفْعًا * وَوِتُّرًا وَالزَّعَامَةُ لِلْغُلَامِ *

(S and TA in the present art. and in art. ac) [The portions of inheritance of the sharers fly amay, two together and singly; but the chiefdom is for the boy]: by his saying أَهْغَا وَوَتَرًا he means that the male's share of inheritance is like that of two females [so that he has two portions when the female has one]: but other explanations, those here following, are given of الزعامة as used in this verse. (TA. [See also عَدِيدَة]) A weapon, or weapons; syn. سَلَاتُ (S, K.) So, accord. to J, in the verse of Lebeed: for, he says, they used, when they divided the inheritance, to give the weapon, or weapons, to the son, exclusively of the daughter. (TA.) ___ A coat of mail: (K:) or coats of mail: and thus it is 155*

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