of the paragraph.

غُز: see the next paragraph.

زُخُ \* see مَزَخُةُ عَاد : see مَزَخُةُ (L,) [or the former is a simple subst. and the latter is an inf. n., (see 1, last sentence but one,)] Rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite; and anger, or rage: (S, L:) but is said to have been heard in this sense only in a verse of Sakhrel-Ghei. (TA.)

The young ones of sheep or goats: of the ; مَفْعُولُ in the sense of the measure فُعُلَةً like عُبْضَةُ and غُرْفَةٌ so called بُبْضَةً because they are driven, and impelled from behind them: from these, it is said in a trad. that no contribution to the poor-rates is to be taken. (TA.)

see what next follows.

A woman who ejects the [seminal] fluid on the occasion of جِمَاع; (K, TA;) as also زُخَّاءُ (TA.)

The vulva of a woman; (K, TA;) because it is the place of الزُّخَّة. (TA. [See And A wife; (S, A, K;) as though مِزَخُةٌ \* (TA;) as also ; الزُّخْةُ and ♦ زُخَةُ (K.)

see what next precedes.

زُخُورْ and زَخْر , (Ṣ, A, K,) aor. -, inf. n. زَخُر (K) and زخير, so in the A, (TA,) It (the sea) became full; or rose, and became full; as also تزغّر الله:) or both, said of the sea, its flow, or tide, rose, or became full: (JK, A:) or the former, [or each,] said of the sea, it increased, and its water became abundant, and its waves rose. (TA.) \_\_ It (a valley) flowed with much water, which rose high: (S, K:) it flowed copiously, and its torrent became full: or it flowed with abundance of water, and its waves rose. (TA.) ُرِيَّ (TA, رَخُوْر , (K, ) aor. - , iuf. n. رَخُوْرت القَدُّرُ ــ The cooking-pot boiled, or began to do so: (K, TA:) and in like manner, الحرب [war, or the war, i. e. raged, or began to do so]. (A, K.) And The people, or party, became in a state زَخُرُ القُّومُ of commotion for the purpose of going forth to execute some affair, (AA, JK, K, TA,) or for war. (JK, A, K.) \_\_ [وَخُرُتِ الرِّيخُ The wind blew strongly, or vehemently. (Freytag, from the Deewan el-Hudhaleeyeen.)] نَخُرُ عَمْ said of a plant, or herbage, It became high, or tall; (A, K;) and so said of anything. (JK.) - And, said of a man, He boasted (As, A, K) بها عنده [of what he possessed], (As, K,) or بها نَيْسَ عنْدُهُ [of what he did not possess]; (A;) as also تُزَخُورُ : (K:) or this latter signifies he magnified himself; or behaved proudly, haughtily, or insolently; and

R. Q. 1. وَخُونَعُ العُوالَةُ : see 1, in the latter half He filled a thing. (K.) \_ It (the herb, or cation, pride, haughtiness, or insolence, (JK, K, herbage,) fattened, and rendered comely, the cattle. (JK, K.) - He caused a man to be affected with emotion [app. by reason of mirth or joy]; syn. أَطُوبُ (JK, K.) \_ أَطُوبُ (JK.) آرَيْحُ لِيَّا السَّعَابُ (JK.) He threw, or أَذْرَاهُ فِي الرِّيحِ .q. زَخَرَ الدِّقِّ ــــ scattered, the fine part, or particles, (accord. to the TK the flour and bran,) in the wind], (JK, (or instrument with which مذرة TA,) with the مذرة grain is scattered]. (TA.) = See also what next

> 3. أَخُرتُهُ فَزَخُرتُهُ لا I vied with him in boasting, and surpassed him, or overcame him, therein. (JK, A, K.\*)

5: see 1, first sentence.

. see 1 تَزَخُورَ . Q. Q. 2

رَأَيْتُ [Fulness of the sea]. One says, زَعْرَةً السِّمَارَ فَلَمْ أَرَ أَصْلَبَ السِّمَارَ فَلَمْ أَرَ أَصْلَبَ I have seen the seas, but I have not منه صنورة seen one more surpassing in fulness than he is in bountifulness; and the mountains, but I have not scen one more firm in rock than he is in heart]. (A.)

مُرَى, applied to a plant, or herbage, &c., (TA,) Tall; (JK, K, TA;) as also زُمُارِيُّ (

, (O, TA,) وَمُبْرِيَةٌ like رَخْرِيَةٌ (O, TA,) رَخْرِيَةٌ A plant, or herbage, full-grown; (IDrd, JK, O, TA;) as also رُمُرِيرُ \$ (JK.)

: see what next precedes.

A wind blowing violently. (Freytag, from the Deewan el-Hudhaleeyeen.)]

: see the next paragraph.

A plant, or herbage, full-grown, full of juice, luxuriant, or abundant and dense, (K, TA,) and in blossom; (TA;) as also زُخُورِي \* مَكَانًّ ... رُخُورًى K, TA.) See also مَكَانًّ ... رُخُورً [A place having its plants, or herb- زُخَارِيّ النّبَات age, full-grown, full of juice, luxuriant, or abundant and dense, and in blossom]. (S.) -The blossoms, and the beauty زُحَارِي النّبات and brightness, of plants, or herbage. (K.) [Hence,] أَخُذُ زُخَارِيَّهُ It (a plant, or herbage,) blossomed: (JK:) or became luxuriant, or abundant and dense, and put forth its blossoms; as also جُنّ ب inf. n. جُنُون (As, TA:) or obtained its full supply of moisture: (A, TA:) or acquired its due degree of beauty and brightness: (TA:) or became tall. (A.) Also It (any affair, or thing,) became complete, or perfect, and in a sound, or good, state. (A, TA.) And أَخُذُتِ The land had tall herbage: (A أَرْضُ TA:) when such is the case, it is termed (TA.) .زُاخُرُةٌ ♥

زخورى: see the next preceding paragraph. threatened. (TA.) جَرُفُورِي (K,) inf. n. کُلَام زَخُورِي (TA,) رَخُر (TA.) بَرُخُرِد (TA.) بَرُخُورِي الله Speech in which is self-magnifi- meaning. (TA.) .... Then applied to Any orna-

TA,) and threatening. (TA.)

زخار: see the next paragraph.

اخر A sea full, or flowing with much water, and rising high: (S, TA:) and a valley flowing with a copious and high tide of water: and أَخُارُ , also, is applied as an epithet to a sea [in a similar, but intensive, sense]. (TA.) [Hence,] one says, Such a one is a full + فَلَانَ بَحْرَ زَاحِرَ وَبَدْرَ زَاهِرَ sea, meaning bountiful, and a shining full moon, meaning illustrious]. (A, TA.) The saying of the Hudhalee, describing a woman,

means Liberal with the food of the belly in the time of hunger, when [the vein is full, and] the blood and the tempers are excited: or it means, and her lineage is high; for the vein of the generous flows fully with generousness. (S, TA.) meaning + He is generous, عرقه زاخر increasing [in generosity], or abounding [therein]. (AO, Ṣ, K, TA.) And زاخر signifies High nobility. (AA, K.) \_ See also زخاری, last sentence. \_\_ Also Rejoicing, joyful, glad, or happy.

a subst. from زَاخَرُة, rendered such by the affix وَوَاخِرُ [is its pl., and] signifies Watercourses; or channels of water. (JK.) \_\_ And Herbs: so in the saying, إِحْتَهَالُتْ زُواخِرُ الوَادِي [The herbs of the valley became tall, full-grown, or of their full height and in blossom]. (A, TA.)

[More, and most, full, &c.]. One says, أَزْخُرُ اللهِ [Mere, and most, full, &c.] أَزْخُرُهَا لَمْ البُدُورِ أَزْهُرُهَا لَالبُدُورِ أَزْهُرُهَا لَا البُدُورِ أَزْهُرُهَا of the seas, the most full, meaning, of the bountiful, the most bountiful; and of the full moons, the most shining, meaning, of the illustrious, the most illustrious]. (A, TA.)

## زخرف

Q. 1. نَحْرُفُة signifies The adorning, ornamenting, decorating, or embellishing, of a thing, (KL, and Har p. 3,) primarily, with زخرف, i. e. gold: (Har ib.:) and hence, (Har,) the adorning, &c., of falsehood, or a lie: (KL, Har:) and the falsifying or adulterating [of speech &c.]. (KL.) You say, زُخْرُفَة, inf. n. زُخْرُفَ البَيْتَ, He adorned, ornamented, decorated, or embellished, the house, or chamber, &c.; and rendered it complete: and is said of anything as meaning It was udorned, ornamented, decorated, or embellished. He arranged, or rightly زُخْرُفُ الْكُلَامُر TA.) And) disposed, or put into a right or proper state, the speech, or language : (TA:) and i. q. رَقَّشُهُ [i. e. he embellished it; generally meaning, with lies]. (S, A, K, in art. رقش.) [This verb is mentioned and explained by Freytag as on the authority of the K, in which it is not found in this art.]

Q. 2. تَزْخُرُفُ He (a man) adorned, ornamented, decorated, or embellished, himself. (TA.)

زَعْرَفُ Gold: (Fr, S, M, K:) so in the Kur xvii. 95: and this, accord. to ISd, is the primary