which signifies The places of the creeping of serpents; (Ṣ, Ķ, TA;) and the marks, or tracks, of the passage thereof: (TA:) and the ground; like the places. (TA in art also signifies The places of fighting of a party, or people. (TA.) And the places of pouring [of the mater] of the clouds; (TA;) the places where falls the rain of the clouds. (K, TA. [In the CK, the places of the clouds) put for the clouds.

A camel wont, or accustomed, to become fatigued, (S, K, TA,) and to drag his foot, or the extremity of his foot, (S,) or to stand still with his owner: (TA:) or ta she-camel that quickly becomes attenuated, or chafed, or abraded, or worn, in the sole of the foot: (A, TA:) pl. oiles.

زحل

1. زُحُولٌ , (Ṣ, Ḳ,) aor. -, (Ḳ,) inf. n. زُحُولٌ , ㈜, ႓) and زُحُولٌ (Ḥam p. 125) and زُحُلُ (Ṣ,) He removed, nithdrew, or retired to a distance; (S, K, TA, and Ham ubi supra;) and went back or bachwards, drew back, receded, or retreated; تزحّل ♦ [from his place]; as also عَنْ مَكَانهِ (TA;) اِزْحَلْ عَنِّى فَقَدُ نَزَحْتَنِى (Ṣ, Ķ.) Hence, in a trad., إِزْحَلْ عَنِّى فَقَدُ نَزَحْتَنِي meaning [Remove thou, &c., from me,] for thou hast exhausted me of what I possessed. (TA.) (,الأَمْرِ 採, TA, in the CK) يَزْحُلُ عَنِ الأَمُورِ And He removes, withdraws, or retires far away, from affairs. (TA.) - And He, or it, was, or became, distant, or remote. (TA.) — And زُحُولُ and زُحُولُ aor. -, (K,) inf. n. وَتُ مُقَامِه and مُزْعَلُ (TA,) It (a thing, TA) quitted its station, or standing-place; (K, TA;) as also ا تَزَحُولَ ♦: (K:) in some copies of the K, in the explanation of this phrase, J is put in the place of زَالَ (TA.) _ And زَالَ She (a camel) held back, hung back, or lagged behind, in her course, or journeying. (K.) _ And زَحَلُ He (a man, TA) was, or became, fatigued, tired, or jaded. (K, TA.)

2: see what next follows.

4. ازحله الحدة He removed him, or it, far away; as also زحله إليه, inf. n. تُزُعيلُ (K.) — And ازحله إليه He, or it, constrained him to betake himself, or repair, or have recourse, to him, or it. (K, TA.)

5: see 1, first sentence.

Q. Q. 1. زَحُولُهُ عَنْ مَكَانِه He made him, or it, to slip (أَزَلُهُ), [probably a mistranscription for أَزَلُهُ he removed him, or it, like as زَلُ is put in some copies of the K in the place of زَالُ in a case mentioned above,]) from his, or its, place. (TA.)

Q. Q. 2. تَزَحُولَ [quasi-pass. of Q. Q. 1]: see 1.

i and اخلیل Removing, withdrawing, or retiring to a distance; (Ṣ, Ķ, TA;) and going back or backwards, drawing back, receding, or retreating; (TA;) from a place. (Ṣ, Ķ, TA.)

A man who removes, withdraws, or retires far away, from affairs, (K,*TA,) whether they be good or evil: (TA:) fem. with ق. (K.) فرفر (K.) j, imperfectly decl., (S, K,) like رُحُلْ, (S,) because it is a proper name and deviates from the original form [which is app. الزّاحلُ, reg. part. n. of 1], (Mbr, TA,) [The planet Saturn;] a certain star, of those called | النّاسُّنُ (S, K;) so called because it is remote; and said to be in the Seventh Heaven. (TA.) غَلُمْ زُحُلُ [The young man, or slave, of Saturn] is [a surname of] Abul-Kásim the well-known astronomer or astrologer. (K.)

A man who does not travel about in the countries. (K.) [See also aii.] — And A certain beast that enters its hole with its hinder part foremost. (K.)

A camel that drives far away the [other] camels, pressing against them so as to remove them, in the coming to water, and then drinks.

(K.)

: see the next paragraph. __ Also Light in body. (TA.)

زَحْلِيلُ: see زَحْلِيلُ. — Also Quick, or swift: (K:) mentioned by Sb, and expl. by Seer. (TA.) — And A place that is strait and slippery, consisting of smooth stones; as also زُحُلُولُ (K:) and so زَحُلُولُ (Aboo-Málik, TA.)

to the watering-trough, and the driver (الدَّائَد, in the copies of the K erroneously written الرَّائِد TA) strikes her face, turns her rump to him, and ceases not to recede until she comes to the watering-trough. (Lth, K,* TA.) — And عُقْبَةٌ زُحُولُ [in the CK erroneously written مُقْبَةٌ , A stage of a journey] far-extending. (K, TA.)

A proud and self-conceited gait. (K.)

an inf. n. of زَحَلُ. (Ṣ, TA.) — And also A place to which one removes, withdraws, or retires far away. (Ṣ, TA.) Ibráheem Ibn-Kuneyf En-Nebhánee says,

وَمَا لِإَمْوِيْ عَلَّمَا قَضَى ٱللَّهُ مَزْحَلُ

i. e. And there is not, for a man, a place to which to go far away from that which God has decreed.

(Ham p. 125.) And one says, إِنَّ لِي عِنْدُكُ لَنَوْكُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الله

زحلف

Q. 1. زُحْلَفُهُ, (Ṣ, K,) inf. n. رُحْلَفُهُ, (Ṣ,) He rolled him, or it, down or along. (Ṣ, K.) — And He pushed, impelled, repelled, or drove away, or back, him, or it. (Ṣ, K.) [Hence,] one says, or back, him, or it. (Ṣ, K.) [Hence,] one says, or ward juba in the mischief. (TA.) مَا اللهُ عَنَّا شَرَّكُ اللهُ عَنَّا شَرَكُ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ إِلْمَا اللهُ ال

Q. 2. تَزَمُلُونَ فِيه He, or it, rolled down or along. (Ṣ,* K,* TA.) One says, يَتَزَمُلُونَ فِيه [They roll down it]; namely, a smoothed descending, or sloping, place. (IAar, T, Ṣ.) — And He, or it, became pushed, impelled, repelled, or driven away or bach. (Ṣ, Ķ.) [Hence,] El-Ajjáj says,

وَالشَّهْسُ قَدْ كَادَتْ تَكُونُ دَنَفَا
 أَدْفَعُهَا بِالرَّاحِ كَى تَزَحْلَفَا

[And the sun had almost become near to setting, and to turning yellow; I repelling it with the palm of the hand in order that it might be warded off: اَتَتَزَعُلُفُ being for اَتَتَزَعُلُفُ [. (Ṣ.) See also the next paragraph. — One says also تَزَعُلُفَ meaning The sun inclined to setting: or declined from the meridian, at midday. (TA.)

Q. 4. ازْلَعَا , as also ازْلَعَا , (Mgh, K,) He was, or became, far; he stood, or hept, aloof; (A'Obeyd, Mgh, TA;) he removed, withdrew, or retired to a distance; (A'Obeyd, Mgh, K, TA;) as also لا تَزْعَلَنَا ; (TA;) عَنْ صَالَا إِلَى اللهِ عَنْ اللهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ الله

Smooth rock: to which is likened the portion of flesh and sinew bordering the backbone, when fat. (Ibn-'Abbad, TA.)

A slippery place. (TA.) [See also what next follows: and see زُحُلِينًا.]

The traces of the sliding of children from the top to the bottom of a hill: (A, S, K:) of the dial. of the people of El-'Aliyeh: in the dial. of Temeem, with ق [in the place of in the place; i.e.] a smoothed descending, or sloping, place; (IAar, S, K;) because they roll down it (قَالُونَ فِيهُ): (S:) or a slippery place of a mountain of sands, upon which children play; and likewise on smooth rock: (Aboo-Málik, TA:) pl. وَمَالِفُ. (S.)

Asses having smooth and fat bellies. (Íbn-'Ab-bad, TA.) Also Small وُوَابِّ [i. e. reptiles, or insects], having legs, that walh, resembling ants: (K:) or, as in the O, having legs resembling ants. (TA.)

مَتَزَحُلْفً, accord. to Freytag, occurs in the Deewan el-Hudhaleeyeen as meaning Smooth, applied to rock.]

زحلق

Q. 1. زُحُلُقَةُ [inf. n. of زَحُلُقَةُ The rolling [a thing] down; syn. دَحْرَجُهُ (Ṣ, Ķ.) You say, رَحْلَقُ الحَجْرُ, i. e. رُحْلَقُ الحَجْرُ (He rolled down the stone]. (TĶ.)

Q. 2. تَزَحُلُقَ He, or it, rolled down; syn. : ثَدَحُرَجُ : (Ṣ, Ķ:) or he slid, or slipped, upon his posteriors. (TA.)

A violent wind. · (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

يْحُلِينٌ: see the next paragraph.