surprise.] One says, مَا رَاعَنِي إِلَّا مَجِيؤُكُ meaning | [Nothing took me by surprise but thy coming; i. e. I was surprised by thy coming; or] I knew not save thy coming; as though he said, nothing struck my thy coming. (TA.) And المَوْجُتُ وَمَا رَاعَني إِلَّا فُلَانٌ بِالبَّابِ And forth, and nothing took me by surprise but such a one at the door]; which is equivalent to saying, and lo, such a one was at the door. (Har p. 207.) And it is said in a trad. of I'Ab, أَنَامَ يَرَعْنَى إِلَّا رُجُلٌ اَحَدٌ بَهُنْكِبِي, i. e. I knew not [save a man taking hold of, or seizing, my shoulder-joint]; as though he came upon him suddenly, or unexpectedly, without any previous appointment, and without knowledge, and so that event frightened him. (TA.) \_\_ [It affected his , i. e. heart, or mind, with admiration, or pleasure; ] it excited his admiration and approval; it pleased him, or rejoiced him; (S, Msb, K;) said of beauty [&c.]. (Msb.) It is said in a trad., describing the people of Paradise, فَيُرُوعُهُ مَا عَلَيْهِ مِنَ اللَّبَاس And what is upon him, of apparel, excites his admiration &c., by its beauty. (TA.) - [It (drink) cooled it, (namely, the heart,) or allayed its thirst.] A poet says,

سَقَتْنِي شَرْبَةً رَاعَتُ فُؤَادِي سَقَاهَا ٱللهُ مِنْ حَوْضِ الرَّسُولِ

She gave me to drink a draught that cooled, or allayed the thirst of, my heart: may God give her to drink from the pool of the Apostle in Action (TA.) You say also, هٰذه شُرْبَةٌ رَاعُ which may be rendered This is a بها فؤادي draught by which he has cooled, or allayed the thirst of, my heart; and it is implied in the TA that this is the right meaning: or it means] this is a draught by which the thirst, or vehement thirst, of my heart has been allayed: (so accord. to the pointing in the copies of the K:) mentioned by Az. (TA.) = The verb from [q. v. infrà] is one and the same [whether trans. or intrans.; i. e., you say رَوْعَ, aor. يَرُوعَ, inf. n. رُوَّعَ, meaning "He," or "it, excited his admiration and approval," &c., as expl. above; and رَاعَ, app. with the same aor. and inf. n., meaning He possessed the quality of exciting admiration and approval by his beauty and the pleasingness of his aspect, or by his courage, &c.; and in like manner, راعت, said of a woman]; the trans. verb [in this case] being like the trans. [in other cases], and the intrans. [in this case] like the intrans. [in other cases]: but the regular form, accord. to Az, of the [intrans.] verb hence derived is رَاعَ فِي يَدِي = (.TA.) رَوَعُ بِي inf. n. رُوَعُ and رَاع see art. مِرْوع . And مراع see art. مَرْوع , aor. , inf. n. of the former رُواعٌ, and of the latter ريع .see art زيع

2: see 1, first sentence, in two places.

5: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph.

8: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph,

mind, with a sudden surprise; it took him by in two places. ارتاح لَهُ i. q. أرتاح للهُ إلى الرتاع لِلْخَيْرِ [He was affected by alacrity, cheerfulness, briskness, liveliness, or sprightliness, disposing him to promptness to do good; he inclined to, and loved, doing *good*]. (AZ.)

> [see 1, of which it is an inf. n. \_\_ ] Fright, or fear; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also ووع [accord. to some, but this seems to be little known]. (TA.) Hence the saying, أَفْرَخَ رَوْعَهُ His fright, or fear, departed. (S.) Az says, All the lexicologists whom I have met say أَفْرِجُ رُوعَهُ, with fet-h to the [in except El-Mundhiree, who informs me that AHeyth used to say, It is only أفرخ رُوعُهُ \* that AHeyth used to with damm. (TA.) Accord. to different relations of a trad., you say, أَفْرَخُ رُوعُكُ , meaning Fright, or fear, hath departed from thy heart; or may fright, or fear, depart from thy heart; (K, TA;) thus expl. by AHeyth; (TA;) and افرخ روعك with fet-h; or this latter, only, is the right, and means what thou fearest hath quitted thee, and departed from thee, and become removed; or may what thou fearest quit thee, &c.; as though it were taken from the young bird's going forth from the egg, (K, TA,) and the darkness' becoming removed from it; thus expl. by Aboo-Ahmad El-Hasan Ibn-'Abd-Allah Ibn-Sa'eed El-'Askeree; and AO says that افرخ روعك [thus in the TA, without any syll. signs,] means let thy fright, or fear, depart, for the case is not as thou fearest it to be. (TA.) It is also said, in a trad. of Mo'áwiyeli, that he wrote in a letter to Ziyád, with damm; (K, TA;) but the ليَفْرِخُ رُوعَكُ ♥ opinion commonly obtaining with the leading lexicologists is, that it is with fet-h; except AHeyth, who relates it thus, with damm; (TA;) meaning Dismiss thou the روع from thy روع; (K, TA;) i. e., the fright, or fear, from thy heart: (TA:) for you say أَفْرَخُت البَيْضَةُ when the young bird quits the egg; and is fright, or fear, which does not depart from itself, but from its place, which is the روع, with damm; (AHeyth, K;) the روع in the being like the young bird in the egg: in like manner also one says أَفْرَخَ فُوَّادُ الرَّجُلِ when a man's fright, or fear, departs: but Dhu-r-Rummeh, though knowing the meaning, has made an inversion, saying,

## قَدُّ أَفْرَخَتُ عَنْ رُوعه الكُرَبُ

[for قَدُّ أَفْرَخَ عَنِ الكُرَبِ رُوعُهُ His heart had freed itself from griefs]. (AHeyth, TA.) AHeyth وَأَفْرِخُ رُوعَكَ ♦ عَنِ الأَمْرِ ,adds, (TA,) one also says or عَلَى الأَمْرِ, [accord. to different copies of the K, the latter being the reading in the TA, but the former probably the right,] meaning [Free thy heart from the affair; i. e.] be thou tranquil, and without fear. (K, TA.) Az observes, What AHeyth says is clear; but I am averse from it because of his being alone in his saying; though sometimes later authorities correct things in which the earlier have erred; therefore the correctness of A Heyth may not be [absolutely] denied in this matter, seeing that he had an ample share of putting in fear; making afraid; [and particu-

knowledge. (TA.) [See also art. فرخ, in several places.] \_\_ Also † War, or battle; as in the phrase, He witnessed, or was present at or شَهِدَ الرَّوْعَ in, war, or battle]. (TA.) [See also an ex. in a رَسُعُفُ verse cited voce

The heart: (S, Msb, K:) or the part thereof which is the place of , i. e. fear: (K,\* TA:) or the سُوَاد [or core, &c.,] thereof: (某:) and the mind: (S, Msb, K, TA:) and the understanding; or intellect. (Ş, K.) See روم, in five places. You say, وَقَعَ ذَٰلِكَ فِي رُوعِي That came into my mind. (S, Msb, TA.) And it is said in [Verily] إِنَّ الرَّوحَ الأَمِينَ نَفَثَ فِي رُوعي a trad., the Trusted, or Trusty, Spirit (meaning Gabriel) inspired into my mind, or heart]. (S.) You say also, ثَابَ رُوعُهُ, meaning + He went to [app. a mistake for from] a thing, and then returned to

The quality of exciting admiration and approval by beauty (S, K) and pleasingness of aspect, or by courage; (K;) the quality denoted by the epithet , applied to a man, (S, K,\*) and , applied to a woman. (S.) [See also 1, near the end of the paragraph.]

وَائعٌ see رَوعٍ: last sentence.

َرُوعَاتُ A fit of fright or fear: (Ṣ, Ķ, TA:) pl. زُوعَاتُ; (TA;) which is applied by Tarafeh to the frights occasioned by a stallion-camel to a she-camel when he desires to cover her. (EM, p. 66.) It is said in a trad., وَأَعْطَاهُمْ بِرُوعَةَ الخُيلِ meaning And he gave them something for the fright occasioned to their women and their children by the horsemen. (TA.) \_ A trait, or sign, or mark, of beauty [that affects the روع, or heart]: (IAar, K:) beauty that excites admiration and approval, or pleases, or rejoices. (TA.)

and رُوَاعَةُ الفُؤَادِ, applied to a she-camel, Quich, spirited, vigorous; sharp in spirit; syn. شُهُمُهُ زَكِيَّةُ: (Kː) and [in like manner] , applied to a she-camel and a mare, (S, K,) but not to a male [in this sense, i.e. its masc. form, أروم, is not thus used], (S,) sharp in spirit; -with ,رُواعُ , with the T (جُديدَةُ الفُؤَادِ .syn : حَديدَةُ الفُؤَادِ .syn out 5, is applied as an epithet to a mare: and IAar says that روعانه , thus applied, is not from but means one that is as though she were, ألعة fearful, by reason of her sharpness, and briskness, or lightness, of spirit: he says also, that أُوْعُ , applied to a horse, is like this epithet applied to a man; and IB says, in art. that, applied to a man, it signifies quickly frightened or afraid: it is also applied to a heart, meaning that is frightened, [or startled,] by reason of its sharpness, at everything that is heard or seen; and so رُواْعُ (TA.) [See also رُوْاعُ and mentioned and expl. therewith.]

[act. part. n. of رَاعَهُ, q. v.,] Frightening;