peace, (or, as in the TA, , he will not perceive the odour of Paradise: (S, Mgh, M§b:) As says, I know not whether it

 S) a sceet odour. (S, A.) - [And hence, app.,]
 thee a favour, or benefit. (K.) $=$ =, aor.
 termed נצבץ, [explained below, i.e. width in the space belmeen the thighs or legs; \&c.; or] a spreading in the fore part of each foot. (Lth, TA.) And رُوِهِتْ تَدَمْهُ His foot had the quality so termed. (TA.)
2. روّع عَلْبْه , Hou fanned]. You欮 fanned him with the fan]. (A,
 [They required to be fauned, by reason of the heat, with the fan]. (TA.) - Also, (A, Mṣb,) inf. n. تُرْوِيُ, (M§b,) He perfumed oil; rendered it smeet in odour, ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{M} 9 \mathrm{~b}$, ) by putting perfume

 $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{b}$, ) $\boldsymbol{H}_{e}$ performed with them the prayers termed التَّرَارِيــ. (A, Mgh, Mgb.) - روّح having for its objects camels, and sheeep or goats: see
 the first paragraph.
 of the paragraph. - المُرَاوَحَهُ فِى العَهْلَّنْ or two deeds, or works, alternately; this one time, and that one time: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) as, for instance, reading, or reciting, at one time, and writing at another time: (Mgh :) and الهراوحة بين الرِّبْتَيْنِ the standing upon the troo legs alternately; upon each in turn: and المراوحة ين الجَنبّهٌن the turning over [upon the two sides alternately, or] from side to side. (K.) You say, راوح يَّْنَ عَهَلَيْنِ [He did two deeds, or roorks, alternately; he alternated them]. (A.) And راوح تَيْنَ رِجْلَيْهِ He stood upon one of his legs one time and upon the other another time: ( $(\mathbb{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}$ :) it is said also of one walking [as meaning he moved his legs alternately]. (A.) And it is said in a trad., كان
 upon one of his feet one time and upon the other another time to give relief to each of them [in consequence of long standing]. (TA.) One says also, راوسهd $H_{e}$ did a thing with him by turns, each of them taking his turn [and so relieving the other: for المُرَاوَمَعْ signifies the giving mutual relief, or rest]. (TA in art. ععش.) [See also 6.]
 of the paragraph.
4. ارام He breathed: (S, A, K :) said of a man, (A,) and of a horse. (S.) - [It emitted an odour:] it (a thing, Mṣb) stanh; (S, M§̧, K ; ;) as also أروّة: (Mgb, TA:) the former said of
flesh-meat, ( $(\underset{\text { S }}{ }, \mathrm{K}$ ) and of water; ( $\mathbf{K}$;) and so the latter: (TA:) or the latter, it became altered [for the norse] in odour; (Lh, S, M, A, Mßb;) said of flesh-meat, (Lh, M, A," Msb,) and of water, (Lb, Ṣ, M, A, M\&b,) \&c.; (\$ ;) and so the former, said of water: (L, TA:) ISd makes a distinction between لروّح "اروح and v., as does also $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{]}$ said of water. (M\&b, TA.) - Also,
 revived, or his spirit returned to him, after fatigue; (Lh, S, 下, ;) like "استرا, q. v.: (TA :) and he had rest. (K.) - And [hence], (S, Mab,

 rest: and he (a camel) died, or perished. (TA.)
 so rested others], meaning the died, and so people became at rest from him. (A.) - [Hence also,] أرَّمَا بِالصَّكَهِة $W$ We performed the act of prayer: because its performance is [a cause of] rest to the soul; the waiting for the time thereof being troublesome. (Mṣb.) - أُرأَتْ said of camels \&c. [as though meaning They returned in the evening, or afternoon, to rest]: see 1, in the latter
 , إ, said of a man, His camels, and sheep or goats, and cattle, returned to him in the evening, or afternoon, from pasture. (L.) - And ا, ا,
 alighted from his camel to rest him and to alleviate him. (L.) - أروَهُوا :أَرأحُوا : or : see 1 , in the last quarter of the paragraph. $=$ ín
 quarter of the paragraph, in twelve places. -



 of a man, (A, Mş,) He rested him, made him to be at rest or at ease, or gave him rest; (S,* A,* Mgb;) namely, a hired man, ( $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{b}$,) or any man ;
 (God) caused him to enter into a state of rest, (K, TA,) or of mercy. (TA.) And ( K in art. لث) Give ye us rest. (TK in that art.) And ارام $H e$ revived, or recovered, his camel. (TA.) - [Hence,] اراح النَّاسَ بِالَّلَلِّة $H_{e}$ chanted the call to prayer, and 80 made the people to ease their hearts by performing the act of prayer. (L.) ——And إراح, (S, M, A, Mṣb, K,)

 inf. n. تَرْوِيَ; (S ;) He (the pastor, Mṣ) drove back, or brought back, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{Msb}, \mathrm{K}$,) camels, (\$, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and sheep or goats, (M, A,* Mgh, ) and cows or bulls, (A,* Mgh,) in the evening, or afternoon, ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{g} \mathrm{b}}$,) after the declining of the sun from the meridian, ( $\mathbf{(}, \mathbf{,})$ [from their place of pasture,] to their nightly resting-place, (S, M, K,) or (for you


 And the saying, in a trad., of Umm-Zara, اراح
 she was [as though she were] a bounty. (L.)
5. تروّح [He fanned himself]. (A, TA.) And [He fanned himself with a fan].
 ring in a trad., means $I$ san them requiring the being fanned with the fan (التَّرِْيهِح بِالِمرْوَمْة) by reason of the heat [in the morning after sunrise]: or it may mean returning to their tents or houses: or seeking rest. (TA.) - تروّهت الرَّابَتْمُ odour exhaled, or diffused itself.' (Mgb.) - تروّح said of water, It acquired the odour of another thing by reason of its nearness thereto. (S., A, Msb, K.) See also 4. _ See also 10 : _ and see 1, in five places. - تروّع said of herbage, It became tall: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) and in like manner said of trees; as well as in another sense explained in the first paragraph. (TA.) - تَريُتْ to be an inf. n., of which the verb is تَرَّيَّ : see

 [like تَعَاورَاهُ and and work, by turns, [resting by turns,] or alternately;
 did a thing by turns; syn. تـعـاوروها. (TA.)
 [in the $\mathbf{S}$, the contert implies that the meaning is, Verily his two hands are occupied alternately in doing that which is kind, or beneficent: in the A, it is said to be tropical, and the context seems to indicate that the meaning is, $\ddagger$ his two hands vie, one with the other, in promptness to do that nhich is kind, or beneficent]. - تراوحوا لِبيُوتِهْمْ and تراوحوا بُّوتْتْهُ [They went in the evening, or afternoon, to their tents, or houses, app. meaning one to another's tent, or house, by turns]. (A.) [See also 3.]
8. ارتار, and its inf. n. $\dot{\text { ارتّ }}$ : see 1 , in the former half of the paragraph, in ten places:and see also $10 .=$ إْتَوَوَا عَبَلً
 became shaken by the wind: (TA :) or it inclined from side to side. (Mşb.) - See also 1, near the beginning of the paragraph; and see 1 ,أآلى شَدِيثه, and , in the former part of the same paragraph. - Also, (K,) and
 common in this sense,] and ${ }^{\text {Tر }}$, (TA,) and sometimes ${ }^{\dagger} C^{\prime \prime} 1$, q. v., (Msb,) [and "تروّح, as
 (Mab,) [and of any man,] He found, or experienced, rest, or ease; [was, or became, at rest, or at ease; rested;] (S.,* A,* M§̧b,* K ; [from him, or $i t],(A$,$) and \underset{4}{ }[b y \mid m e a n s ~ o f ~ i t] ; ~ ;$ (Mgb;) from ألرَّ

