verb app. signifies He had much milk such as is | then a boy, not having full intellect]. (IAar, S, | piece, with which a camel's saddle (رُحْل) is termed رَانْب: see its part. n. مُريبٌ, below.]

The equal in quantity or measure or the like: so in the saying, هَنَا رَابُ كَنَا [This is the equal in quantity &c. of such a thing. (K,* TA.)

َ عَرُوْبُ : see بُرُوْبُ , in two places. __ Hence, (M,) أ رَوْبُ وَلَا رَوْبُ (IAar, T, M,) occurring in a trad., meaning + There is, or shall be, no dishonesty, nor any mixing: (TA:) it is a saying of the Arabs, in a case of selling and buying, respecting the commodity which one sells, and means I am irresponsible to thee for its faults, or defects. (IAar, T, M.)

: see what next follows, in three places.

The ferment of milk, (T, S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) consisting of a sour portion, (S, TA,) which is put into milk in order that it may become such as is termed زائب; (T, S, Mgh, Mab, TA;) and وَوَبَدُ signifies the same as رُوبَدُ in this sense, (Kr, M, A, K,) and in the other senses which follow: (M:) this is the primary signification: (TA:) or ferment of milk which contains its butter, and when its butter has been taken forth; as also أَنْتُ * in both of these two senses; : رَائبٌ † (T;) or in the latter state it is termed (TA:) or (so in the A and K, but in the M "and,") remains of milk (M, A, K, in the second of which, as in the last, this applies also to \, رُوْبَةً \, ,) that has become such as is termed : (M:) or remains of milk left in the [skin or vessel called] مروب, in order that fresh milk, when poured upon it, may quickly become زائب: (T:) and milk containing its butter: and also milk from which its butter has been taken forth: (Aboo-'Amr El-Muțarriz, MF, TA.) It is said in a prov., شُعْبُ Mix thou a mixture, app. of thick أَشُوبًا لَكَ رُوبَتُهُ and fresh milk: thine shall be what will remain of it]: (Ṣ:) or نَكُ بَعْضُهُ [thine shall be some of it]: (so Meyd:) it is like the saying اُحُلُبُ حَلَبًا expl. in art. اشطر (Ş, Meyd:) and is لَكَ شَطُرُهُ applied in inciting to aid him in whom one will find profit, or advantage. (Meyd.) ___ I. q. دُردی [as meaning A ferment] such as is put into [the beverage called] نبيذ [to make it ferment]. (TA.) __ ! What has collected of the seminal fluid (T, S, M, A, K) of a horse, (S, A,) or of a stallion, (M, K,) after resting from covering; (T, S, M, K;)and رُوبَةٌ in this sense is mentioned by Lh: (M:) you say, فَرَسِكَ (T,) or أَعِرْنِي رُوبَةَ فَحْلكَ (Ṣ, A,) when you ask a person to lend you a stallion, or a horse, to cover: (T, S, A:) or the collecting thereof: or the seminal fluid of the stallion in the nomb of the camel: (M, K:) it is thicker than that which is termed on, and more remote in respect of the place into which it is injected. (M.) ## Strength of a horse to run: so in the phrase أَوْرَسٌ بَاقِي الرَّوبَةِ [A horse whose strength to run remains]. (A.) = Intellect (IAar, S, A) of a man (IAm, S) when it has attained to full vigour: (A:) [app. as being likened to the روبة of the هُوَ يُحَدَّثُني وَأَنَا إِذْ ذَاكَ stallion:] so in the saying, هُوَ يُحَدِّثُني وَأَنَا إِذْ ذَاكَ He would talk to me, I being غُلَامٌ لَيْسَ لِي رُوبَةٌ

A: in one of my copies of the S, and in the TA, t The main, or most essential, part, syn. جَمَاع, of an affair: (M, K:) so in the saying, مَا يَقُومُ بِرُوبَةَ أُمْرِه †[He does not undertake, or superintend, or attend to, the main, or most essential, part of his affair]: app. from the روبة of the stallion. (M.) __ † Means of subsistence: (M, K:) + food, or sustenance: (TA:) + anything that puts a thing into a good, right, or proper state; from the same word as signifying "a sour ferment that is put into milk to make it ferment:" (JM:) ‡ a want, or thing that is needed [to put one into a good, or right, state]: (S, M, A, K:) and want as meaning poverty. (Ibn-Es-Seed, K, TA.) You say, رُلَا يَقُومُ برُوبَة أَهْله (Ş, A,) or مَا يَقُومُ الخ, (M, TA,) i. e. + [He will not, or does not, undertake, or take upon himself, or attend to,] the food, or sustenance, of his family: or their case, and the putting them into a good, right, or proper, state: (TA:) or 1 [the supplying of] what they require of him. (S, M, A, TA.) طائفة A part, or portion, or small portion, (طائفة Ş, M, or قَطْعَةُ , K, or سُاعَةً , T, M, A,) of the night: (T, S, M, A, K:) [app. from the same word signifying "remains of milk;" as seems to be implied in the A:] so in the saying, ساعة), A period, or short portion, (ساعة), ارُوبَةٌ مِنَ اللَّيْلِAof the night passed: (T, M, TA:) and بَقَيَتُ رُوبَةُ منَ اللَّيْل $m{A}$ period, or short portion, (ساعة, $ar{of}$ and هُرِقُ عَنَّا the night remained: (M, A, TA:) and اكُسرْ عَنَّا سَاعَةً مِنْهُ i.e. (جَ, A,) مِنْ رُوبَةٍ اللَّيْلِ [app. for اڪْسر جَهْدَنَا or the like, i.e. \$ Abate thou, or allay thou, our fatigue, or the like, or relieve than us, for a period, or short portion, of the night; من before روبة being redundant]. (A.) _ + A piece of flesh-meat: (M, K:) so in the saying, قَطَعَ اللَّحْمَ رُوبَةً رُوبَةً +[He cut the flesh-meat into pieces; or cut it piece by piece]. (M.) = + Heaviness, sluggishness, or torpidness, $(\Gamma, K,)$ or laxness, or confusedness of the intellect, (T,) and languor, feebleness, or faintness, (K,) from drinking much milk. (T.) - Good and fertile land, abounding with plants, or herbage, (T, M, K,) and with trees: (T, M:) that kind of land in which the herbage, or pasturage, remains longest. (T.) __ Accord. to Aboo-'Amr سَاقيَة which means A مَشَارَةً, which means A [or channel of water for irrigation: but it has also other meanings, which see in art. شور]. (TA.) __ The tree called نُلُك; (T, K, TA;) expl. by Ibn-Es-Seed as meaning the tree called [q. v.]. (TA.) = A kind of hooked instrument ڪُلُوب) by means of which an animal that is hunted is drawn forth from its hole: (M, K:) accord. to Abu-l-'Omeythil, the مِصْرَش [app. meaning the same, or an instrument used for from its ضُبّ from its hole]. (M.) It is also mentioned by IAar as [syn. with رُبَّة and أَرْبَةً,] meaning A knot. (T.) A piece of wood with which a wooden bowl, or other vessel, is repaired, or mended; or with which a breach, or broken place, therein is stopped up: (T, TA:) and, accord. to AZ, a patch, or such as is termed] رَاثُبُ (Ş, Mgh.) ... And رَاثُبُ

patched, or pieced, when it is broken: (TA:) pl. رُوَب: but this is [properly, or originally, with .: (T, TA:) so says ISk. (T.) [See [.رأب art.

دُوْبَانُ: see the next paragraph.

applied to milk, (Lth, T,S, M, Mgh, Msb, K, &c.,) and رُوْب , so applied, (Lth, T, M, K,) Thick, or coagulated: (M, Msb, K:) or churned, and deprived of its butter: (As, T, M, K:) see also رُوبَة, in two places: or thick, (Ṣ,) or having a compact pellicle upon its surface, and thick, or resembling liver so that it quivers, (Lth, T,) and fit to be churned: (Lth, T, \$:) or such as has been churned, and such as has not been churned: (S:) or such as has become thick; (Fr. A'Obeyd. T, S, Mgh;) until its butter is taken forth; (Fr, A'Obeyd, T, S;) or before and after its butter has been taken forth; (Mgh;) like as the epithet is applied to a she-camel when pregnant and when she has brought forth. (A'Obeyd, T, S.) A poet, cited by As, says,

* سَقَاكَ أَبُو مَاعز رَائبًا * وَمَنْ لَكَ بِالرَّائبِ الخَاثرِ *

(T, S, Mgh) meaning Aboo-Má'iz gave thee to drink churned [milk], (T, S,) but how wilt thou obtain, (T,) or [rather] but who will be answerable to thee for, (S,) the unchurned (T,S) [that is thick, or] that has not had its butter taken in the former رَاثب forth from it? (Ş. [Ör instance may be from رَابُ of which the aor. is پُريبُ; so that it may there mean what occasioned doubt, or evil opinion : see رَائبٌ in art. ريب: and if so, this word as belonging to the present art., and applied to milk, may signify only thick, or مَا عَنْدُهُ شُوْبٌ وَلاً ,And one says M,) i. e. He has رَوْبٌ ♥, (T,) or مَا عَنْدِي النَّه not, or I have not, mixed honey, nor milk such as is termed رَائب: (T, M:) or, as some say, honey nor milk; thus explaining the two words and روب without restriction. (M. [See also art. S, M, A, K,) as also رُوْبَانُ (T, M, K,) and اْرُوبُ ، (M, K,) † Confused, disturbed, or disordered, (T, S, A,) in mind, by reason of drowsiness, or satiety, or intoxication: (A:) or confounded, or perplexed; unable to see his right course: (M, K:) and languid in spirit, by reason of satiety, or drowsiness: (M:) or who has arisen (M, K) from sleep (M) disordered in body and mind: or intoxicated with sleep: (M, K:) or signifies + confused in his intellect and his opinion and his affair: (TA:) and a man & fatigued, wearied, distressed, embarrassed, or troubled: (A:) fem. [of the first] زَائِبَةُ (Lh, M:) pl. of the first, (S, M, A,* Mgh,) accord. to As, (S,) or of the second, زُوْبَى (Ṣ, A, Mgh :) you say قُوْمُر ta people, or company of men, confused, disturbed, or disordered, in minds, (T, S, Mgh,) by reason of drowsiness: (Mgh:) accord. to Sb, (M,) rendered heavy, or weak, or languid, by journeying, (S, M,) and by pain, (M,) and heavy with sleep: (S:) or intoxicated by drinking [milk