(IDrd, TA.) S.gh., or his copyist, has corrupted (TA.) - Also the fem., The شُقْشَعْة [i. e. the bursa faucium, or faucial bag,] of the camel: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or the of the camel is sometimes ,رقششا, having in it a mixture of colours. (IDrd.)

## رقص

 Mṣb,) inf. n. رُرْصٌ, (S, M, M, M@̣, CK, ) or of the measure of ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ طَلْبَ this is what is meant by the explanation] he played, or sported; syn. (A, K:) said of a رَّعَّاص [or dancer], ( $A, K$, ) or of a لَّابَ [or player or sporter], (M,) and of a $a$, [or effeminate man, or one who affects the manners \&c. of women], and of a صُوفِّى [or mystic, in a choral celebration of the praises of God, which is termed a $\dot{\mathfrak{\xi}}$, performed by certain orders of darweeshes, all of whom, more or less, pretend to be mystics]. (TA.) - Also رَقَصَ (Lth, A,) aor. 2 , (Lth,) inf. n. رَمْصُ (Lth, M, A, K) and (Lth, M, K ,) or the latter only, (IDrd, Ibn-Málik, TA, and TA ) went the pace, or in the manner, termed ; [i.e. ambled;] (Lth, M, A, K, TA;) or nent in a manner which was a hind of went quickly. (TA.) One does not say يُرْمُصْ speaking of any animate being] except of a player or sporter and of a camel ( $\mathrm{Lth}, \mathrm{K},{ }^{*}$ TA) and the like: (Lth, TA:) in relation to others, one uses
 times, (Lth, TA,) - it is also said of an ass, meaning $\ddagger$ He played with his she-ass. (Lth, A, TA.) - You say also, رُقصَ فُوَادْهُ بَيْنَ بَنَامَيْهِ
 his two sides, by reason of fright]. (A.) - رقص also signifies $\mathfrak{I t}$ (wine, $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$, and the beverage called so. (S, A.) - And $\ddagger I t$ (the mirage) was, or became, in a state of commotion; [it danced; (S, M, A, $\mathbf{K} ;$ ) and so it signifies when said of
 (A) or السَّرَابُ (TA) $\ddagger$ (I came to him when the mirage danced; in the heat of the day]. And $\ddagger$ He hasted, or was quick, speech. (A,TA.) You say also, لَه رَفْض بِي القَوْ $\ddagger$ He has a haste in speech. (A, TA.) - [And $\ddagger$ He spohe evil against another.] You say, رَقْصَ التَّاس عَلَيْنَا people against us. (A, TA.)

## 2: see 4, in two places.

4. ارقصه [He made him to dance; or to play, or sport ;] trans. of 1. (Msb.) You say,
 M) [danced, or dandled, her child; or] made her child to leap or spring or bound [in her arms or on her knee]; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{M}$;) as also $\downarrow$, $\mathbf{~ ( S , ~ M , ~ A , ~}$ inf. n. تَرْقِيض: : (S, A:) or the latter verb has an
intensive signification. (Msb.) - ارقص بـعییره $\ddagger$ He made his camel to go in the [ambling] manner termed : same, (TA,) or رقُصهُ (M,) he made him (i. e. his camel) to leap, spring, or bound. (M, TA.) $=$ See also 5.
5. ترقّص [lit., He, or it, became danced or dandled. - And hence,] $\ddagger H e$, or it, became raised and lovered; or rose and sank; or went up and donn. (К, ТА.) You say, ترقّصوا فِّ
 ing; (A ;) as also "1.رثصوا. (A, TA.) And Er-
 $\ddagger$ The desert [in appearance] went up and down; the mirage, only, making it [seem] to rise and sink. (TA.)
 an ex. voce ${ }^{\text {an }}$
;قَّاض [ $A$ dancer; a player, or sporter: one who dances, or plays, or sports, much, or often] (S, A, Mgb, K :) an intensive epithet. (Mg̣.)
رَّاصَة [A female dancer]. - A certain game of the Arabs. (IF, K.) = أُضْ رُقَّاصَة that does not give growth to anything, though rained upon. (K.)
[راقض [A man dancing; playing, or sporting]. (Mg̣b.) - الرّإِصُص التِّنَّ (Kraco]. (Kzw.)
. $\ddagger$ Speech, or language, that makes one to be affected with a lively emotion of joy, or of grief. (TA.) You say also, الصّولِّيَّ ode, which makes the mystics to dance; or to be affected with a lively emotion of joy: for darweeshes are often seen to be excited to frantic ecstasy, or ecstatic catalepsy, by certain love-songs designed to have a mystic religious sense]. (TA.)
 verser thereof to hasten, or go quichly. (A, TA.)

مرْقَصْ $\ddagger$ A camel that goes much, or often, in the [ambling] manner termed غَبَ. (M, TA.)

## رقط

2. رَتَّطْتُ عَلَى ثَوْنى $\ddagger$ I made specks, or small spots, [with ink or the like, (see 5,)] upon my garment; syn. تُنَُُّّمُ. (A, TA.)
3. $\ddagger$ ترقِّ $\ddagger$ His garment became sprinkled with spechs, or small spots, of ink or the lihe. (K, TA.)
 was, or became, of a black colour speckled with white : or the reverse: ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) [or speckled with white, and black, and red, and yellow : (see $\left.\left.{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}, \dot{\prime}:\right)\right]$
 furmer, he (a sheep, or goat,) was, or became,
 twig, of the عَرْقَ put forth its leaves, and what resembled nails ( $)$ (i) were seen in the place of
separation (مُتَرَّق) of its stalhs, or trigs, and internodal portions; as also the latter verb: (K,* TA :) this is said to be after what is termed إْرَبَبَ: and ${ }^{\text {ang }}$ : (TA:) or ${ }^{\star}$ the latter verb, said of the عرفقب, signifies it put forth its leaves; and

 El-Ḳutabee thinks that it should be عْرَّبُهَا (TA.) 11: see 9 , in three places.

, Blackness mixed with speckles of white: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ :) or the reverse: ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) or speckles of white, and of black, and of red, and of yellow, in an animal: (A, TA:) and the state, or quality, denoted by the epithet أرقَّا. (TA.)
.jas Blach speckled nith white: or the reverse:

 speckled with black and white. (Har p. 303.) And the fem., applied to a domestic fowl or hen (دَبْاجَة), Blach spechled with white: (Ṣ:) or party-coloured: (K:) or having patches of white and black: much sought after, and used, by enchanters; and rarely found. (TA.) _ It is also applied to a man. (TA.) - And the fem. is
 as meaning Having one of the letters of a word thereof dotted, and another not dutted: from the same epithet applied to a sheep or goat. (Har
 most malignant of the "[kind of lizards called] : عhen : when it cravls upon food, it poisons it. (TA.) —— broken bread] having much oil (Sgh, $\mathrm{K}^{*}$ ) or clarified butter. (TA.) - الأرَّفَّ The leopard: (K : ) an epithet in which the quality of a subst.
 flict and faction; sedition; or the like; syn. الشْنَّة : (K:) because of its variableness: or such as is not universal; likened to a speckled serpent: occurring in a trad. (TA.)

## رتع

 رَّ (Mg̣b, TA,) He patched it ; pieced it ; put a piece of cloth in the place thereof that nas cut or rent ; (Msp;) repaired it, (K,) and closed up the hols or holes thereof, (TA,) with [a patch or] patches; (S, K ;) namely, a garment, or piece of cloth; (S, Mṣ, K ;) and in like manner, a akin,
 (TA:) or signifies the patching a garment, or piece of cloth, in several places. (S, TA.) He stopped it up, or closed it up; namely, any
 of 'Omar Ibn-A bee-Rabee'ah,

[And they (referring to women) used, when they

