ils inflection.] زَفَعُ القُومُ The people, or company of men, went up, or upwards, through the countries, or lands. (As, K, TA.) ____,رفع البغير (Ş, Mab, K,) وفيي سَيْرِهِ (Ş,) or فِي السَّيْرِ (Mab, K,) inf. n. مُرْفُوع (Sb, S, TA) and رُفْع , (S, A, K, all in art مَرْفُوع ,) the former an inf. n. (Sb, S, TA) of the مَخْفُونَ ، (Sb, TA,) like [its contr. مَغْعُولُ مُوضُوع (S, TA,) and مُعَقُول and مُجَلُود [and (Sb, TA,) : The camel exerted himself to the full, or to the utmost, or beyond measure, in going, or pace, or in his going, or his pace: (S, K, TA:) or was quick therein: (Msb:) or went the pace termed مُرْفُوع, [q. v. infrà,] which is a running below that termed : (Ṣ, TA:) as though he had that [manner of going] which raised him, as well as that which lowered him. (Sb and TA with reference to the inf. n. مرفوع and مرفوع.) And رفعوا في مسيرهم † They [namely men] rose above the [easy and quich pace termed] in their going, or journeying. (ISk.) = رفع inf. n. رَفْعَة; (S, K;) or, accord. to Aboo-Bekr Mohammad Ibn-Es-Sereé, [so in two copies of the S, but in others, accord to the TA, Ibn-Esin the رفيع from رفيع in the sense of شَريفٌ; (Ṣ, O;) so says Sb; and he adds, but [they said] ارتفع ا; (TA;) ‡ He (a man, Ş) mas, or became, high, elevated, exalted, lofty, or eminent, in rank, condition, or state; (S, K, TA;) noble, honourable, glorious, or illustrious. (TA.) And رَفَعَ فِي حَسَبِهِ وَنَسَبِهِ † He was, or became, of high or exalted rank, or noble, or honourable, in his grounds of pretension to respect, and his relationship, or race, or lineage. (Msb.) ____ رَفْعَ ____ + The garment, or piece of cloth, was fine, fine in texture, delicate, or thin. (Msb.) _____, (S, K,) inf. n. رُفَاعَة, (K,) # He (a man, S) was, or became, high, or loud, (فيع),) in voice. (S, K.) [See dely, below.]

2. رَفَعَهُ, inf. n. تَرُفِيعُ: see 1, in the first sentence. — He took it, namely, a thing, and raised it, (رَفَعَهُ), the first [part thereof] and then the first [or next in succession]: En-Nabighah Edh-Dhubyanee says,

خَلَّتُ سَبِيلَ أَتِيِّ كَانَ يَحْبِسُهُ ﴿
وَرَقَعَتُهُ إِلَى السِّجْفَيْنِ فَالنَّضَدِ

[She had cleared the way of a torrent coming from another quarter, which it (meaning the barrier raised around the tent to keep away the torrent, which barrier is mentioned two verses before,) confined, and raised it by degrees, the first part and then the next, to the two curtains meeting together at the entrance of the tent, and then to the goods piled up therein: or the meaning here intended is, brought it forward, or advanced it; syn. قَدَّمَتُه; agreeably with the next explanahere following: see some observations رَفّع on the above-cited verse in De Sacy's Chrest. Ar., 2nd. ed., vol. ii. pp. 430 and 431]. (Lth, TA.) __رُفَعَهِ He put them, brought them, or sent them, forward; or advanced them; للْمَرْب to the war, or fight: or, accord. to Ibn-'Abbad and the K, he put them, sent them, or removed

them, far away; [app. meaning, far in advance;] في الحرب in the war, or fight. (TA.) You say also, المراب in the war, or fight. (TA.) You say + I brought forward this affair, or matter, to the commander, governor, or prince. (From an Arabic note on the above-cited verse of En-Nábighah, cited by De Sacy, ubi supra.) [See also 1, in two places in which reference is made to this paragraph.] — ألمنا أل

3. مَرَافَعُهُ إِلَى الحَاكِمِ and وَافَعُهُ إِلَى الحَاكِمِ and أَلَى السَّلْطَانِ : see 1, in the former half of the paragraph. خَصْمَهُ إِلَى السَّلْطَانِ لَا اللهُ عَنَى فَلَانٌ وَخَافَضَنَى فَلَمْ أَفْعُلُ ... t Such a one endeavoured in every way to induce me to turn or incline, or endeavoured in every way to turn me by deceit or guile, but I did not [that which he desired]. (K,*TA.) لا الفع بمور المور الفع بمور الف

قر بالله في الله في ا

قرانغنا إلى الحاكم : [Each of us preferred a complaint against the other to the governor, or judge: or each of us presented the other to, or brought him before, or brought him forward to, the governor, or judge, to arraign him and contest with him, and preferred a complaint against him: agreeably with explanations of the phrase him: (Ṣ:) or each of us communicated, or made known, his case [against the other] to the governor, or judge. (TA.)

8. It became raised; or it rose: it rose high, or became high or elevated or lofty: [it became raised, upraised, uplifted, or elevated, or it rose, from its resting-place: and, said of a building, it became reared, upreared, or made high or lofty:] it became taken up: [it became taken away, put away, or removed; or it ment away; after its coming or arriving: thus when said of corporeal things: but when said of ideal things, it is tropically used, as it is also in many other cuses, and accorded in meaning to what the case requires:] quasi-pass. of is as signifying the contr. of is as [See 1; first sentence.]—It (the water of a well) rose, by its becoming copious: and also it went away: (A in

became advanced; meaning] the sun became high: ; الشُّحُوةُ being originally a pl., namely, of [wherefore the verb is fem.;] but afterwards used as a sing. [as in the next ex. here following]. (Msb.) You say also, الضُّعَ الضُّعَ إِلَيْ الصَّافِي [meaning the same]. (TA.) And ارتفع النَّهَارُ †[The day became advanced, the sun being somewhat high: a phrase said by the doctors of the law in the present day to be employed when the sun has risen the measure of a رَمْع or more]. (S and K in art. ارتفع السِّعْرُ وَآنْحُطِّ ـــ (&c.) إِ السِّعْرُ وَآنْحُطَّ ـــ (The price rose, or advanced, and became low, or abated]. (TA.) __ [ارتفعوا] † They removed from, or to, a place. ارتفع عَنْهُ , said of a disease, pain, an affliction, and the like, + It quitted him; النَّقِيضَانِ لَا ___ became withdrawn from him.] __ النَّقِيضَانِ لَا ___ نقيضان What are termed] + يَجْتَمعَان وَلَا يَرْتَفعَان cannot be coexistent in the same thing, nor simultaneously nonexistent in the same thing]; as existence itself and nonexistence, and motion and rest. (Kull pp. 231 and 232.) == ارتفعه : see 1; first sentence.

10. استرفعه He desired, required, demanded, or ashed, that it should be raised, elevated, taken up, or removed. (K.) You say, الأيدى للدُعَاء الواعظ The preacher ashed that the hands of the people should be raised for supplication. (TA.) — [And hence, as though meaning المنسنة i.e. It required that itself should be removed,] استرفع الخوان + What was on the tuble became consumed, and it was time for it to be taken up, or removed. (K.)

رَفَعْ [see رَفَعْ), (of which it is the inf. n.,) throughout].

[see رفع , near the end of the first paragraph: used as a simple subst., which it seems properly to be accord to some of the lexicologists,] thigh, elevated, exalted, lofty, or eminent, rank or condition or state; nobility, honourableness, gloriousness, or illustriousness; (TA;) as also discounting the condition of the first paragraph.

منده أيّام رَفَاعٍ ; (AA, ISk, Az, S, Mgh,* Msb,* K;) but As disallows the latter: (TA;) and Ks says, I have heard الجرام, and their coordinates, [such as الحرام and ليحرام, &c.,] but الرفاع with kesr I have not heard; (S, TA;) These are days of removal, or transport, of seed-produce from the place in