(TK:) it signifies an act between two. (TA.) [And | application now commonly obtaining: (TA:) He was minute, &c., with him راقّه في الأمر in the affair, or case.] الهُدَاقَةُ في الأُمْرِ signifies تَفَاعُلُّ ; (Ṣ;) which is an instance of التَّدَاقُ ♥ mean-تَدُاقًا ♦ (Şgh, K:) you say, الدَّقَّةُ meaning + They were minute, &c., each with the داق النَّظَرَ في مُعَامَلَاته ,other. (T.K.) You say also He examined minutely into his dealings ونفقاته and his expenses]. (TA in art. دنتی.) _ And [hence] مُدَاقَة, metonymically, signifies ! The being niggardly, stingy, or avaricious. (Az, TA in art. دنق.)

4. ادقه He made, or rendered, it (a thing, [i. e. thin, or slender, &c.]; (S, M, K;) as also V. دققه (S, M.) _ And He gave him a small thing: (S, TA:) or he gave him little: (S in art. جل :) or the gave him a sheep, or goat; (M;) or sheep, or goats. (K, TA.) You say, أَتَيْتُهُ فَهَا أَدْقَنِي وَلا أَجَلَّنِي (Ş, M) I came to him, and he gave me not a small thing, nor gave he me a great thing: (S in the present art.:) or he gave me not little, nor gave he me much: (S in art. جل:) or he gave me not a sheep, or gout, nor gave he me a camel. (M.) - And ارقت, said of the eye, It shed few tears; opposed to اجلت; as in the saying of El-Fak'asee cited in art. جل. (Ṣ* and TA voce أَجُلّ, q. v.) And ادق + He pursued little, paltry, or mean, things. (TA.)

6: see 3, in two places.

7. اندق It (a thing, S, M, TA, such as medicine, &c., TA) was, or became, broken, (M, K, TA,) or crushed, (M,) in any manner: (M, TA:) or bruised, brayed, or pounded; i. e. beaten with a thing so that it was broken, or crushed: (M, K :*) quasi-pass. of دُقّه (S, M, K.)

10: see 1, first sentence, in two places. استدق means Her thinness increased in thinness.

: see دَقِيّْ ; in nine places. __ Hence, دَقِيْقُ: اللهِ عَلَيْ Hectic fever; so termed in the present day]; that is, from دقی as signifying the contr. of عُليظُ in measuring, relating to the thing measured, is The being broken, crushed, or bruised, in the measure, so as to become close, or compact. (TA.) = Also ! Niggardliness, stinginess, or avarice; the condition of him in whom is little, or no good. (M, TA.)

Soft dust swept by the wind (Ş, K) from the ground: pl. دُقَتْن: (Ş:) or dust swept from is its sing. : دُقَّةُ signifies fine dust; and is دُقُتُّى or, accord. to IB, the sing. of رُقَّى الله الله is دُقَّى, like as the sing. of بُلَلُ is دُقَّى الله (TA.) Also Seeds that are used in cooking, for seasoning food, (IDrd, M, K,) bruised, or brayed, (M,) and what are mixed therewith; (IDrd;) such as are termed قُزْح, and the like: all such seeds of the cooking-pot are called دُقّة by the people of Mekkeh: (IDrd, Sgh:) and salt with such seeds mixed therewith: (M, K:) this is the

or salt alone: (M:) or salt bruised, or brayed: (Lth, K:) whence the saying, مَا لَهُ دُقَّة He has not salt. (Lth, M, K.*) __ And [hence,] | Beauty, or prettiness: (M, K, TA:) whence the phrase K,,) or قَليلَةُ الدُّقَّة or (M,) امْرَأَةٌ لَا دُقَّة لَهَا مَا لَا رُقَةٌ, (TA,) A woman who is not beautiful, or pretty; (M, K;*) who has not beauty, or prettiness. (TA.) __ Also A certain ornament (حُلْی) of the people of Mehkeh. (K.) _ And The small, or young, (فَشُو,) of camels.

inf. n. of the intrans. verb دُقّ [q. v.]. (Ṣ, Msb, K.) [As a simple subst.,] The state, or condition, or quality, of that which is termed يَّ (and دُقيقٌ ; properly and tropically : i. e., it signifies slenderness, &c.]: and smallness, littleness, or the like; [properly and tropically;] contr. of عظم. (K.) _ [Hence,] ‡ Littleness in estimation, paltriness, inconsiderableness, meanness, vileness, or contemptibleness. (K, TA.) [And + Subtileness, niceness, abstruseness, reconditeness, or obscureness..]

agreeably with analogy,] دَاقٌ ♥ [pl. of وَقَعُهُ Persons who manifest, or reveal, the faults, or vices, of the Muslims. (IAar, K.)

What is broken, or crushed; or bruised, brayed, or pounded; of a thing; as also وَقَاقَةٌ ♥ (M:) broken particles of anything: (JK, K:) and [particularly] fragments, or broken pieces, of branches; as also لوقاق (K.) __ See also [with which it is sometimes syn.]: __ and .دُقيقُ see

دقَاقی: see the next preceding paragraph.

A certain medicine (JK, M, K) for the eye, (JK, K,) bruised, brayed, or pounded, (JK, M, K,) and then sprinkled (JK, M) therein. (JK.)

contr. of غَلِيظٌ (JK,* S, M,* Msb, K) and يَّ (Mṣb;) as also أَوْقَاقُ * and وَقَاقُ ; (Ṣ, Ķ;) the last contr. of جلّ : (JK, S, M:) [i. e. Slender, or small in diameter or circumference as compared with length: also small in all dimensions; small in size; minute, or fine, either as a whole, or in its component particles: and sometimes, as applied to a garment or the like, thin, or fine, as opposed to thich or coarse; like رُقيقًى the former ; رَفَيقُ differs from رَقِيقٌ the former signifying the contr. of غليظ [as stated above], and the latter, the contr. of تُنعينٌ: therefore one says "حُسًا تُخينٌ and " thin soup" and "thick soup"], but not حَسًّا دَقيقٌ; and one says [a sword thin in the edge, or in the part next the point]; and رُمْتُ دُقِيقُ المُضْرِبِ [a slender spear]; and غُصْنُ دُقِيقُ [a slender branch]; and حَبُلُ دَقِيقُ [a slender rope]: (IB, TA:) pl. [of mult. دَفَقْ and of pauc.] أُرقَّةُ. (Mṣb.) One

or small, or fine, nor thick, or great, or coarse]; أَخَذُتُ And (.جل . Ş in art. دُقيقٌ وَلاَ جَلِيلٌ i. e. I took the slender, &c., thereof, and رقَّه ♥ وَجلَّهُ the thich, &c., thereof]; like as one says, اخذت بَعْلَمُهُ وَكُثِيرَهُ (Ṣ in the present art.) And it is اَللَّهُمَّ ٱغْفِيْرُ لِي ذَنْبِي كُلَّهُ دِقَّهُ ۖ وَجِلَّهُ ،said in a trad., [O God, forgive me all my sin, the small thereof and the great thereof]. (TA.) مُشَجُرُ دِقُ اللهِ means Shrubs, bushes, or small trees: (M:) opposed to مُجُرِّ جِلَّ. (Lth in art. جل, and Mgh in art. signifies Plants دقً با Accord. to AḤn, بقل that are slender and soft to the camels, so that the weak of the camels, and the young, and such as has its teeth worn down to the sockets, and the sich, eat them: or, as some say, their small leaves: (M:) or slender and long leaves of the and grain trodden out but not winnowed : means Thin, مُلَلُ دِقٌ لا JK.) And مُلَلُ دِقٌ اللهِ means Thin, or fine, [garments, or dresses, of the hind called] دِقٌ ♦ opposed to يُحْلَلُ جِلِّ (Mgh:) or حُلَلُ signifies the contr. of as applied to carpets, and to the garments called أُخُسيَة [pl. of] and the like, and to the [cloth called] مأس, and to the mat and the like. (TA in art. عبل.)___ [Hence,] دُقيتُ is also applied to a thing, an affair, or a case, as meaning + Little in estimation, paltry, inconsiderable, mean, vile, or contemptible; in this case, contr. of جُليل : (IB, TA:) and means also ! niggardly, stingy, or avaricious; (M, TA;) in whom is little, or no, good; (M, K, TA;) applied to a man: (M:) nd [of mult.] أَرقَّاءُ and [of mult.] أَرقَّةُ (TA.) _ Also, applied to a thing, an affair, or a case, + Subtile, nice, abstruse, recondite, or obscure: (M, K, TA:) [applied likewise to speech; and so أَ: دقُّ you say, جَاءَ بِكُلاَم دقّ and ل دُقيق [He uttered subtile, nice, abstruse, recondite, or obscure, speech]. (TA.) __ [The fem.] (used as a subst.] signifies ! Small cattle ; i. e. sheep or goats; opposed to بليلة (JK, K, TA) which signifies camels: (JK, TA:) pl. مَا لَهُ دَفِيقَةٌ وَلَا جَليلَةٌ (TA.) You say, دَقَائتُ He has neither sheep, or goats, nor camels: (TA:) or neither a sheep, or goat, nor a shecamel. (M.) And كُمْ دُقيقَتُك How many are thy sheep, or goats? (TA.) And هُوَ رَاعِي الدَّفَائق ‡ He is the pastor of sheep, or goats. [He gave أَعْطَاهُ مِنْ رَقَائِقِ الْهَالِ And إِلَيْ الْهَالِ TA.) him of the small cattle]. (TA.) _ Also, [i. e. as a conventional term of the astronomer, + [A minute of a circle;] the sixtieth [in the O, and in some copies, app. most, of the K, erroneously, "thirtieth," as remarked by MF and SM and others,] part of a درجة [or degree of a circle: pl. رُقَائِقُ, as above]. (K, TA.) _ | ▼ [And + A minute of time; the fourth part of a درجة (or degree) of time: pl. as above. as syn. with وَقَائِتُ is also sing. of رَقيقَةٌ ٧ ـــــ signifies also Flour, or دَنِينُ عِيْ , q́. v.] مَدَاتُي says, مَا لَهُ دِقٌ ۗ وَلاَ حِلْ [He has neither slender, meal, (S, M, M, Sb, K, &c.,) of wheat &c.; (M, sb;)