[originally] He pitched his tent; (TA in art. : and hence, \_\_\_] He re mained, stayed, dwelt, or abode, in a place; (S, Mab, K, TA;) as also المام, aor. يُخيرُ: whence, مَنْ أَحَبُّ أَنْ يَسْتَخيهَ لا لَهُ الرِّجَالُ قيامًا ,in a trad., أَمَنْ أَحَبُّ اللَّهِ الرَّجَالُ [Whose leveth that men should remain before him standing]; as some relate it; but others relate it differently, saying بُسَتَحَبِّر, and يَسْتَحَبِّر, as mentioned before [in arts. معرف and جأياً). (TA.) He alighted, or descended and stopped or sojourned or abode, in a place; as also غَيْف. (JK in art. The wild عَيْم الوَحْشَى فِي كِنَاسِه And خَيْم الوَحْشَى فِي كَنَاسِه The wild animal remained in his covert, not quitting it. (TA.) And الرِّيتُ الطَّيِّبَةُ (TA,) or خَيَّمَتِ الرَّائِحَةُ (JK,) ! The odour, or sweet odour, remained; (JK, TA;) as also لتخييت (K, TA;) in a garment, (JK, K, TA,) and in a place. (TA.) [q. v.]. (JK, خَيْنَة They entered into a خَيْنُوا K.) = 4. He made it lihe a 4. (S, TA.) See also 4. \_\_ Also + He covered it with a thing in order that its odour might cling to it. (K, TA.)

إِخَامَةُ in the phrase إِزَّاخَامَ finf. n. of إِخَامَةً الفَرَس, (K, TA,) which signifies The horse's standing upon three legs and the extremity of the hoof of the fourth, (TA,) or raising one of his fore legs or one of his hind legs, (JK,) belongs to the present art. and to art. فوم (K, TA.) رُيْخِيمُر فِي إِحْدَى رِجْلَيْهِ ,Accord. to Fr and IAar inf. n. as above, signifies He (a man, or a beast,) is unable to place one of his legs, or feet, firmly upon the ground, and to rest upon it, by reason of a fault therein. (L, TA.) عَنْهُ and أخيمها, He constructed a خيمة; (IAar, K;) as also لَخَيَّهُمَا لا TA.)

 أَنْ عَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الل such a place, or here]. (S, K.) \_\_ See also 2.

10: see 2.

A skin, or hide, untanned: or not tanned much, or thoroughly: and a ڪرباس [or coarse garment or piece of cloth, or garment or piece of cloth of white cotton,] unwashed: (K:) a Persian word, (TA,) arabicized. (K.) Unbleached cloth. (Msb, in art. خوم.) Paper that is polished, [app. a mistake for not polished,] or to be polished. (TA.) [Crude, or raw; applied in this sense to silk, contr. of odie; and to sugar, &c.: anything unprepared for use.] Honey of dates as being used on the occasion of alighting: (IB,

2. خير, (S, Mab, K,) inf. n. تخيير, (TA,) المناس, untouched by fire: (AḤn, T:) which is the best thereof. (TA.) see also مُخَامَةً.

see غُيْثُ, in three places.

Natural, or innate, dispositions or tempers or the like: (A'Obeyd, S, M, K:) a Persian word, arabicized: (TA:) having no sing. (S, K) of its own radical letters: (S:) or largeness, or liberality, of disposition: (JK, TA:) and the original, or primary, state, or condition, syn. أصّل, of the soul, or mind. (TA.) You say, He is generous in respect of هُوَ كُرِيرُ الخِيرِ natural dispositions &c.]. (TA.) \_\_ The diversified wavy marks, streaks, or grain, syn. فرنّد, of a sword. (K.) \_ And I. q. \_\_\_\_\_ [app. meaning the hind of plants called \_\_\_\_\_\_. (TA.)

belongs to the present art., and J has erred, (K,) in mentioning it in art. خوم: (TA:) [but why this is said, I know not; nor do the commentators on this passage, as is observed in the TA, give any explanation of it worthy of notice:] it signifies A fresh, or juicy, plant: (§, Msb: both in art. منوم:) or an ear of corn: (IAgr, TA:) or a shoot of seed-produce when it first grows forth upon a single stalk: (JK:) or signifies what grows forth, of seedproduce, upon a single stalk: (M, K:\*) or the fresh, or juicy, bunch thereof: or the fresh, or juicy, plant thereof: (M, K :) pl. خَامَاتْ (Msb) and [coll. gen. n.] اخام (Msb, TA.) It is said مَثَلُ الْمُؤْمِنِ مَثَلُ الخَامَةِ مِنَ الزَّرْعِ تُعِيلُهَا ,in a trad., مَثَلُ المُؤْمِنِ مَثَلُ الخَامَةِ مِنَ الزَّرْعِ The similitude of the الرِّيحُ مُرَّةً هٰكَذَا وَمُوَّةً هٰكَذَا believer is that of the fresh, or juicy, plant of seed-produce, &c., which the wind hends, at one time thus, and at one time thus ]: (S, TA:\*) but Fr related it differently, saying الحافة, [app. a mistranscription for النافة, which see in art. موف,] and explained this as meaning "the bunch" of seed-produce. (TA.)

غَيْنُ, (S, Mgh, Msb, K, &c.,) with which is syn., (S, Msb,) [though said by some to be a pl., as will be seen below,] A بَيْت [here meaning booth, or the like,] (S, Msb, K,) of any kind (K) such as is built, or constructed, (S, Msb, K,) by the Arabs, (S, Msb,) of the branches of trees : (S, Msb, K:) so says As, holding that the خيمة is only of trees, and that otherwise it is called [q. v.]: but others hold that it is [a tent; i. e.] made with pieces of cloth and tent-ropes; because تَحْيِيرُ signifies the " remaining, staying, dwelling, or abiding;" wherefore it is thus called,

TA:) this latter is the meaning commonly known; but accord. to the saving of As, it is tropical: (TA:) or, accord. to IAar, it is applied by the Arabs only to a construction of four poles roofed over with ثَهَام [or panic grass]; and is not of cloths; (Mgh, Mab, TA;) the مطَلَّة, he says, being of cloths and of other things: or i. q. عظلة: (TA:) accord. to AHát, the same as the Persian [lit. " ase's back;" like the French " dos d'ane;" meaning a high-pitched span-roof]: (Mgh:) or any round i [which may here mean either booth or tent]: or three poles, or four, over which is laid; by means of which one is shaded in the heat: (K:) or poles set up, with rafters laid across, covered with trees; so that it is cooler than are أُخْبِيَة [pl. of أَخْبِيَة]: or poles upon which [pl. of are constructed: or a construction of trees and palmbranches with their leaves upon them, which a man uses for shade when he brings his camels to water: and applied by the Arabs to a بيت [or tent &c.], and a place of abode [in an absolute sense]: (TA:) the pl. of خَيْمَة is خَيْمَة and خَيْمَة (S, Msb, K) and المُعْرِدُ, (K,) or this last is [a coll. gen. n., or] syn. with خَيْنَة , (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and جَيامً , (Ķ,) or this is pl. of خُيْنُه , (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and is applied also to \$ [momen's vehicles of the kind called] خياء these being likened to خياء [properly so termed]. (TA.) It is said in a trad., The martyrً إِ الشَّهِيدُ فِي خُيْمَةٍ ٱلله تَحْتَ الغَّرْشِ is in the tabernacle of God, beneath the empyrean: this signification of being perhaps taken from the phrase ή σκηνη τοῦ θεοῦ in Rev.

(K, TA) A preparer of skins, or hides, of the kind termed ... (TA.)

خيمى: see what next follows.

and خين One who applies himself to the fabrication of the [kind of tent, or booth, called] خَيْهُ (TA.)

in [some of] the copies of, مُكيل , (in [some of] the the K, erroneously, like مِكْتُلْ, TA, [in the CK like مگیکر,]) A collection of bundles, or handfuls, (بجرز, [in the CK, جرز,] of reaped seed-produce. (K, TA.)

خيو جيور rel. n. of اخْيَو see خَيُوكِيّ [.خوأ rel. n. of خَيَوكِيّ]