or a remain or relic marking the place of a house or the like and cleaving to the ground,] It was, or became, even with the ground. (S, K.) The clouds became equable, or uniform, (JK, S, K, TA,) their sides becoming conjoined; or, as some say, they became smooth; (TA;) and, (K,) or as some say, (S, TA,) they became adapted, or disposed, to rain; (S, K, TA;) as though they were rendered smooth: or they became collected together after separation, and prepared to rain. (TA.) And اخلولقت The shy was near, and likely, to السَّمَاءُ أَنْ تَمْطُو rain. (TA.) __ See also 1, latter part.

inf. n. of خَلْق (JK, S, Mab, K, &c.) You say رَجُلُ تَامَّر الخَلْقِ [A man complete, or perfect, in respect of make, or proportion, &c.]. (Ş, K.* [See also خُلْقَة.]) [In this and similar instances, النفلق signifies The fashion of the outer man, and its [peculiar] qualities and attributes; like as النَّفُلُقُ signifies "the fashion of is also used الخَلْقُ __ (TA.) الخَلْقُ in the sense of المنظوق الاستعادة الله المنظوق المنطقة المنط created; the creature]: (TA, and Bd in xxiii. 17, &c.:) [and, collectively, the creation; as meaning the beings, or things, that are created;] all created things: (Bd ubi suprà, &c.:) and [particularly] mankind; as also الخليقة (S,* K:) and manhind and the jinn, or genii, and others: (Jel in غَلَائِقُ and [its pl.] الخَلِيقَةُ الا 1v. 9, &c.:) and signify the same: you say, مُمْ خَلِيقَةُ ٱلله and also هُمْ حَلْقُ ٱلله [They are the creatures of God] : being originally an inf. n.: (S, TA:) and Lh mentions [an instance of its having a pl., in] لاَ وَٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ الخُلُوقَ مَا فَعَلْتُ كَذَا ,the saying meaning [No, by Him who created] all creatures, [I did not such a thing.] (TA.) In the saying, in the Kur [iv. 118, lit. And , فَلَيْغَيَّرُنَّ خُلْقَ ٱلله they shall alter the creature of God], some say that castration is meant: (TA: [and Bd includes, with this, other unnatural actions:]) or the meaning is, the religion of God; (Bd, Jel, TA;) accord. to El-Hasan and Mujáhid. (TA.) And in the Kur [xxx. 29], means, أَدُ تُبُديلَ لَخَلْقَ ٱلله accord. to Katadeh, [There shall be no changing, or altering,] of the religion of God. (TA.) also signifies Anything made smooth. (TA.) [See also مُخَلَّقُ.]

غُلُقٌ see خُلُقٌ, in four places.

inf. n. of خُلقُ: as such, signifying The being smooth [&c.]. (JK, S.*) [As such also,] in a rock, Freedom from crack or fracture. (S, K.) _ [And, as such,] The being old, and worn out. (K.) - [Hence, used as an epithet,] Old, and norn out: (S, Msb, K:) [and as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. is predominant; meaning an old and worn-out garment or piece of cloth:] pl. خُلْقَانْ (Ṣ, Ķ) and أَخْلَاقٌ (Ṣ,*Ķ,* TA.) And [as an epithet] it is masc. and fem.; (S, K;) because it is originally an inf. n., the inf. n. of اَعْلَقُ meaning "smooth," (Ş,) [or rather of مُنِيَّة meaning "it was, or became, old, or temper or the like; syn. أُمْنِيَّة, (S, Msb, K, and worn out;" although it has pls.; and] IB TA,) and عُلْق ; (K, TA;) of which one is Bk. I.

any instance: (Lh, TA:) Fr says that it is without 5 [as a fem. epithet] because it was originally used as a prefixed noun; for one said, أغطني lit. meaning Give خَلَقَ عَمَامَتَكَ and خَلَقَ جُبَّتَكَ thou to me what is old, and worn out, of thy and of thy turban]; but Ez-Zejjájee says that this is nought. (TA.) You say [An old and worn-out garment or piece of cloth], and مَلْحَفَةٌ خَلَقَ [an old and worn-out outer an old رُمَّةٌ خَلَقٌ also رُمَّةٌ خَلَقٌ [an old] and worn-out piece of rope]: and دَارْ خَلَقْ [an old and decayed house]: and جِسْمْ خَلَقْ and wasted body]. (TA.) One says also meaning A garment, or piece of cloth, altogether, or wholly, old and worn out; (Fr, S, K;) every portion of it being خُلُق; (Fr;) like as they said بُرْمَةٌ أَعْشَارُ &c.: (S:) and in like manner, مُلاَّهُ أُخُلاقُ And Ks mentions أَخُلاقُ And Ks mentions the saying, أَصْبَحَتْ ثِيَابُهُمْ خُلْقَانًا وَخَلَقُهُمْ جُدُدًا [Their garments became old, and worn out; and their old and norn-out garments became replaced by new]; with the sing. [in the latter clause] in the place of the pl. خُلُقَان: (TA:) or جَدَرًا may be here put for جَدِيدًا. (L in art. جديدًا) In the plırase مُلْمَقَةٌ خُلَيْقُ [An outer wrapping garment that is a little, or somewhat, old, and worn out], the dim. is without 5 because it is [the dim. of] an epithet [applied without 5 to a fem. n.], and 5 is not affixed to the dims. of epithets [of this kind]: it is like نُصُفُّ dim. of نَصُفُ an epithet applied to a woman. (S, K.* [See Lumsden's Arab. Gram. p. 623: but some of the grammarians consider these instances as anomalous.]) the ,بَيْعَ ذِي الخَلْقِ and ,بَاعَهُ بِيعَةَ الخَلَقِ. latter as used by a poet, [lit. He bought it, or sold it, (app. the former,) as one buys, or sells, the old and worn-out garment, like as we say "dogcheap," and "cheap as dirt"], are phrases mentioned, but not explained, by IAar, who cites the following saying:

أَبْلِعْ فَزَارَةَ أَنِّي قَدْ شَرَيْتُ لَهَا مُجْدَ الحَيَاةِ بِسَيْفِي بَيْعَ ذِي الخَلَقِ

[app. meaning Tell thou Fezárah that I have purchased for them life-long glory (lit. the glory of life), with my sword, as cheaply, i. e as easily, as one purchases the old and norn-out garment]. (TA.) ـ شَحَابُةٌ خَلَقَةٌ . see the next paragraph.

سَحَابَة [Hence,] خَلْق part. n. of خَلْق A cloud in which is a sign, or trace, of خُلقَةٌ rain; as also مُعَلِيقَةٌ * (Ṣ, Ķ :) or a cloud giving hope of rain; as also خُلْقَانُة ; (JK;) both are said by IAar to signify the same: (TA:) and سَحَابُةٌ [alone, as a subst., or probably خُلُقَةٌ الْ مُلُقَةٌ,] a cloud that is equable, or uniform, giving hope of rain. (Aboo-Sa'eed, K.)

(Ş, Mşb, K) and عُلُقٌ ♦ (Ş, K) A nature) خُلُقٌ or a natural, a native, or an innate, disposition

mentions an instance of its dual, خُلُقَةُ : (TA:) | created: (TA:) and خُلُقَةُ ♦ signifies [the same; [or nature, &c.,] (S, Msb, K, TA) فطرة in i. e.] the فطرة of which a man is created; (TA;) like مُنُلَق and] خُنُقُ اللهِ: (K, TA: [in the CK, erroneously, also] signifies [the same; كُلْقَةُ ♦ and عُلَيْقَةً ﴾ i. e.] the طَبيعَة [or nature, &c.,] (Ṣ, Ķ, TA) with which a man is created: (TA:) the proper is [the moral character ; or] خُلُقْ signification of the fashion of the inner man; i.e. his mind, or soul, and its peculiar qualities and attributes; signifies the "fashion of the outer خَلْق signifies the man, and its [peculiar] qualities and attributes:" it signifies also custom or habit [as being a second nature]: (TA:) and, as also مُخُلُقٌ , [which is merely a contraction thereof, and therefore identical with it in all its senses,] manliness; syn. أَخْلَاقٌ and religion : (IAar, K :) the pl. is مُرُوَّةً only: (TA:) [this is often used as signifying morals: and ethics:] and the pl. of خُليقَةٌ ♦ in the sense explained above [said in Har p. 193 to be that of خَلُقُ is حَكَلَاثُقُ. (Ş.) It is said in a لَيْسَ شَيْءٌ فِي البِيزَانِ أَثْقَلَ مِنْ حُسْنِ الخُلْقِ ,trad., [Nothing is heavier in the balance in which good and evil will be weighed than goodness of the moral character, &c.] (TA.) And one says, and خُلِقَهَا ♦ and هُذِه خَلِيقَتُهُ ♦ الَّتِي خُلِقَ ♦ عَلَيْهَا This is his nature, &c., of which he was created. (Lh.) And النَّالِيقَةِ أنهُ تُكْرِيمُ النَّالِيقَةِ أ Verily he is generous in respect of nature, &c. That became to him صَارَ ذِلكَ لَهُ خُلُقًا And [a second nature, a habit, or] a thing to which he was habituated. (TA.) It is said in the Kur This is nought إِنْ هٰذَا إِلَّا خُلُقُ الأُوَّلِينَ ,[73] [27] but a custom of the ancients. (TA.) And in the same [lxviii. 4], وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَى خُلُقٍ عُظِيمٍ And verily thou art of a great religion. (Jel, TA.) And in a trad. of 'Aïsheh, وَكَانَ خُلُقُهُ القُرْآنَ meaning That whereto he clung was the Kur-án, with its rules of discipline and its commands and its prohibitions, and the excellences and beauties and gracious things comprised in it. (TA.) -The sleep of [الخُلْقِ♦ or الخُلُقِ i. e.] نَوْمَهُ الخُلقِ midday, which was prescribed by the Prophet. (Har p. 223. [See also مُهُنَّ and مُرَقًّ أَلَّهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ

خُلُوفَةُ * Smoothness; (K, TA;) as also خُلْقَةٌ and مَا ذَفَةُ (K:) but the second of these three, correctly speaking, [as also the third, accord. to analogy, and perhaps the first also,] is an inf. n. of خُلُقُ (TA.)

primarily signifies A mode, or manner, خلْقَة of خُلُق, generally as meaning creation; a particular make: and hence,] constitution; syn. تُرْكيبُ: (Mgh:) [and particularly the natural constitution of an animated being, as created in see : فطُرَة lso termed : فطُرَة also رُجُلُ حَسنُ الخُلْقَة You say عَلْقُ. You say مَاتُنُ goodly, or beautiful, in respect of make]. (A, TA.) عُنِي طَرِيتِي means فِي مُسْلَكٍ هُوَ خِلْقَةً يَّ أُصْلِيّ [În a way, or road, that is natural, and original]. (Mgh.)

خَلقٌ see خَلقَةُ.

101