خُنْفَقِينٌ see خَيْفَقي ع and see also خَيْفَقي .

A place, (TA,) or a level land, (Aṣ, TA,) in which the سَرَاب [or mirage] quivers. (Aṣ, TA.) [See also مَنَافَى And [the pl.] مَنَافَى signifies The places of setting [of stars]: and is used as [a sing.,] meaning the place of setting of a star. (Ham p. 152.) [See also مَنَافَى.]

A broad sword: (JK, S, K:) or anything broad with which one strikes. (Mgh.)

مَنْفَقَةُ A وَوَ إِلَى v.] (JK, Ṣ, Ķ) with which one strikes [or flogs]: (Ṣ:) or (so in the Ķ, but in the JK "and") a whip of wood: (JK, Ķ:) so says Lth. (TA.)

A man (T) having a fluttering, or palpitation, of the heart. (IDrd,* T, K.*) __ And Possessed, bereft of reason, or insane; syn. فَحَنُونُ : (AA, K:) fem. with 5. (AA.)

خذو

1. الْغَوْ, (Ṣ, Ḳ,) aor. الْعَفُوْ, (Ṣ,) inf. n. الْعَفُوْ; (ISd, Ḳ;) and الله إلى الله إلى

neously, خَنْيَةٌ , (K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, خُنْيَةٌ ,]) an inf. n. of غَنْتُ as syn. with الْخُنَفَيْتُ , (K* and TA in art. حَنَى , q. v.,) the and being interchangeable. (TA.)

خفي

1. مَغْنَى, (Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. مَغْنَى, (Msb, K,) inf. n. 流, (Mgh, Msb, K,) has two contr. significations: (Mgh, Msb:) It was, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [or hardly perceived or perceptible, by any of the senses, or only by the eye or ear, or by the mind; mostly] unapparent, or not apparent; (K;) [latent; obscure;] hidden, concealed, or covered; (Mgh, Msb;) [or unconspicuous; but also faint, or dim, to the sight; suppressed, or stifled, said of the voice; or low, faint, gentle, or soft, to the ear; and obscure to the mind, abstruse, recondite, occult, or covert; and secret, private, or clandestine:] and the contr., i. e. it appeared; it mas, or became, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident; (Mgh, Msb;) [as also استخفى ا: (see , below:)] or, accord. to some, the particle

meaning from the other: (Mşb:) you say, خفى عَلَيْه, aor. and inf. n. as above, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, TA,) it (a thing, or an affair, Mgh) was, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [&c., by him;] unapparent, or not apparent, [or obscure, &c., to him;] (TA;) or hidden, or concealed, from him: (Mgh, Msb:) and غَنِي لَهُ it appeared to him; it was, or became, perceptible, apparent, open, &c., to him: [but see what follows:] (Mgh, Msb:) whence the sayings of Mohammad, [app. the Hanafee Imam,] referring to spoils, فخفى i. e. It ap لَهُمْ أَنْ يَذْهَبُوا بِهَا وَيَكُنَّهُوهَا أَهْلَ الشَّرْكِ peared [to them that they should go away with them, or take them away, and conceal them from the believers in a plurality of gods], and خَفَىٰ [It appeared] لَهُمْ أَنْ يُخْرِجُوهَا إِلَى دَارِ الإسْلَامِ to them that they should take them forth to the territory of El-Islám]: but this is said only in relation to that which appears from a state of concealment or from a hidden quarter. (Mgh.) [Hence,] برح الخفاء The affair, or case, became manifest: (S, K:) or the state of concealment departed, or ceased; but the former explanation is better: or, as some say, الخفاة here signifies the secret; and the meaning is, the secret became apparent: (TA:) or, lit., the low ground became high and apparent; meaning + what was concealed became revealed. (Ḥar pp. 133-4. [See also art. برح.]) [And عَلَى خَفَاء means Covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely. (See also what خُفْيَةُ .aor. بَ (K,) inf. n خَفيتُ لَهُ __ [follows. and خُفْيَةُ (Mab, K) and خُفْيَةً, (K,) the and اخْتَفَيْتُ ♦ being interchangeable, (TA,) signifies [i. e. I made myself unapparent to him, lurked, or lay hid or in ambush, for him; cloaked, or disguised, myself to him; hid, or concealed, myself from him]: (Kٍ:) [for] اختفى signifies he hid, or concealed, himself, (Fr,* El-Fárábee, JK,* Msb, K,) منه from him; (TA;) as also راحغی ال Fr,* JK,* Msb, K,) and استخفی ال (IAar, K,) and تخفّی also is syn. with اختفی [in this sense]: (Z, TA:) or you say, الشَنْفَيْتُ meaning I hid, or concealed, myself from, thee; but not اخْتَفَيْتُ: (IKt, Th, S, Mab:) or is not of high خَفِيُ in the sense of خُفِي authority, nor is it disallowed, (Az, Msb, TA,) but استخفى is more usual. (Az, TA.) You say, غَفْيَةُ and غَفْيَةُ [I did it covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely]. (Msb) And خَفْوة and قَتِلَ خُفْية [He was slain يَأْكُلُهُ خِفُوةً covertly, secretly, &c.]. (JK.) And [lit. He eats it covertly, &c.,] means he steals it. (K.) In the saying in the Kur [vii. 53], أَدُعُو the meaning [of the last word] , رَبُّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً is, Submissively, devoting yourselves to his service: or, accord to Zj, adhering to his service in your minds: or, accord. to Th, celebrating Him in your minds: or, accord. to Lh, in quietness, and stillness: (TA:) or secretly; and so in the similar passage in the Kur vi. 63. (Jel, and so Bd on أَخْفَيْتُ الصَّوْتَ is from خُفْيَةً [explained below in this paragraph]: (JK:) the intrans. v. whereof is اختفى [signifying It (the

low, faint, gentle, or soft; like خَفَى, which is more common]. (Lth, TA.) مَنْفُهِ, sor. مِنْفُهِهِ, (JK, S, Mşb, K,) inf. n. مُفَّدًى (JK, Mşb, K) and خفی, (K,) also has two contr. significations: (S, Msb, TA:) He made it perceptible, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident: (JK, S, Msb, K:) and he hid, or concealed, or covered, it; (S, Msb, K; [in this latter sense, erroneously written in the CK إنْ خَفَّاهُ }]) as also الخفاهُ (Ṣ, Ķ:) or, accord. to some, this latter has the latter meaning; and the former verb has [only] the former meaning: but accord. to others, the reverse is the case: (Msb:) or, accord. to Aboo-'Alee El-Kálee, the former verb has the former meaning only; and the latter verb has both meanings: (IB, TA:) the latter is also explained as signifying he removed its, i. e. its covering: (TA:) and the former, as meaning he made it to come forth from a state of concealment: (JK:) and he drew it forth; (K;) as also اختفاه (S, Msb, K.) One says, خَفَى الْمَطُرُ الْفَأْرُ The rain made the rats, or mice, to come forth from their holes. (S.) It is إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ أَتيَةٌ أُكَادُ ,said in the Kur [xx. 15], إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ أَتيَةٌ أُكَادُ (JK, Ş, TA,) أَخْفِيهَا لا , (JK, Ş, TA,) accord. to different readers: (TA:) the former means [Verily the hour of the resurrection is coming: I am almost making it to appear: (JK, TA:) and the latter, I am almost removing that which conceals it : (S, IJ, TA:) or I almost conceal it: (JK, TA:) or, as Ubeí reads it, I almost conceal it from أَكَادُ أَخْفيهَا مِنْ نَفْسي Myself]: and Fr says [that the meaning is], I almost conceal it from Myself, and how then should I acquaint you therewith? (TA.) And it is said in a trad. respecting the flight [from Mekkeh], اخفى عَنَّا خَبُرُكُ [written without the [,أَخُفى vowel-signs, so that it may be اخْفى or الْخُفى i. e. Conceal thou thine information from such as may ask thee respecting us. (TA.) And in thus with كَانَ يَخْفى صَوْتَهُ بِأَنِينِ, thus with fet-h to the , meaning He used to make his voice perceptible [or audible, with moaning]. meaning أَخْفَيْتُ لا الصَّوْتَ ,TA.) And you say I suppressed, or stifled, the voice; or made it low, faint, gentle, or soft]. (Lth, JK, TA.) [And ,He uttered speech, or the speech اخفی الکالام in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, tone; he spoke in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, manner; lit. he made speech, or the speech, to be low, &c.] = مَنْفَى عصوبَة . aor. يَنْفِنِي ; and يَنْفِي ; inf. n. of each خُفًا; said of lightning: see خُفُي, in art.

4, as an intrans. v.: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle. As a trans. v.: see 1, in seven places, in the latter half of the paragraph.

5: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle.