called تَخَرَّسى (TA.) Hence the prov. خُرْسَة (CA.) مُخَرَّسَة لَكِ (A,* TA) Make thou the food) يَا نَفْسُ لَا مُخَرِّسَةَ لَكِ for child-birth for thyself, O self: there is no maker of it for thee : said by a woman who had given birth to a child and had not any one to care for her: alluding to a man's taking care for himself: (K, TA:) and also related [in the A] without the words يا نفس. (TA.)

fe feigned himself dumb, or speech- [He feigned himself dumb, or speech] تخارس less,] is from إِذَا شَبِدْتَ hence When thou art present] مَنْ لَا يَغْهَمُ عَنْكَ فَتَخَارَسُ with, or beholdest, him who will not understand what thou sayest, then feign thyself dumb, or speechless]. (A.)

ل كَوْسُ A [wine-jar such as is called] خَرْسُ (JK, جُرُسٌ * (Kr, K,) and خُرُسٌ * Ş, K;) as also (TA:) pl. [of pauc.] أُخْرَاسٌ (JK) and [of mult.] خُرُوس. (K.) خُرُس Food that is prepared on the occasion

of the birth of a child; (S, A, Msb, K;) as also Lh, TA.) IJ seems to assign to it خراس الم also the sense of خُرْسَة. (TA.) — Hence, as also the second word, A feast, or banquet, that is prepared on that occasion, and to which people are invited : so in a trad. of Hassán, حَانَ إِذَا دُعِيَ إِلَى He used,] طَعَامٍ قَالَ إِلَى عُرْسٍ أَمْر خُرْسٍ أَمْر إعْذَارٍ when he was invited to food, to say, To a weddingfeast, or a feast for child-birth, or a circumcisionfeast?]; and if it were for one of these, he consented: but if not, he did not consent. (TA.)

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Food for a woman who has given birth خُرْسَة to a child; (S, A, K;) what is made for her, such as فَرِيعَة and the like ; as also [مُوْصَة], with فَرِيعَة (TA.) مُوْسَمُ مَرْيَش (TA.). ص Maryam], applied to dates, and occurring in a trad., alludes to verse 25 of chap. xix. of the Kur, وَهُوْرِي إِلَيْكِ اللَّهُ and Khalid Ibn-Şafwan : وَهُوْرِي إِلَيْكِ اللَّهُ uses in the same manner the phrase * تَخْرِسَةُ in which تخرسة is an inf. n. used as a ; مَرْيَمَر subst.; or it may be a subst., like بنورية, (TA.)

A she-camel that does not utter the cry خرسى termed رغاً. (Ibn-'Abbad, Sgh, K.)

in two places.

or female that has not yet] بكر A خَرُوسْ brought forth] in the first period of her pregnancy : and (some say, S) one for whom غُرْسَة is made: (S, K:) and one having a scanty flow of milk. (Sgh, K.)

A maker (S, TA) and seller (K, TA) of خَرَّاس the [kind of wine-jar called] خوس (S, K, TA.) ___ And A vintner. (JK, TA.)

(Ş, &c.) Dumb; prevented from speaking by natural conformation; (Msb;) speechless, or destitute of the faculty of speech, by natural conformation, (T and Msb in art. بكر,) like the beast that lacks the faculty of articulation; (T ibid;) differing from أبكر, q. v.: (T and Msb ibid :) or tonguetied, or speechless, (K,

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press what he would say, or by natural conformation [of the organs of speech]: (TA:) fem. خرسان (Mşb :) pl. خُرْسَانُ (Mşb, K) and خُرْسٌ (K.) A he-camel that has no perforation to his a شَقْشَقَة, for his bray to issue therefrom, so that he reiterates it therein : such a one they like to send among the [she-camels in the state in which they are termed] شُول, because in most instances he begets females : and نَافَة خَرْسَاء a she-camel that is not heard to utter the cry termed A sign of the way, \$ عَلَمُ أَخْرَسُ ـــ (TA.) . رُغَاً. (K,) [or a mountain,] from which, (A,) or at, or in, which, (فيه, K,) no echo is heard: (A, \mathbf{K} :) or a sign of the way in the mountain whereof no echo is heard: (Lth, T:) or [it seems to be applied to a mountain where no echo is heard; for] it is said when no sound of an echo is heard in the mountain. (S.) سَحَابَة خُرْسًا: م the mountain. that does not thunder: (A:) or a cloud in which is no thunder nor lightning, (S, K, TA,) and of which no sound is heard; which is mostly in A spring of the عَيْن خَرْسَاءُ ـــــ (.TA) winter. running whereof no sound is heard. ('IA.) t A hard and solid roch : (Akh, صَحْرَةً حَرْسَاً TA :) and خطام خرس hard and solid bones. (Th, TA.) كَتيبَة خُرْسَاءً (An army, or a por tion thereof, without any clamour or confused noise: (A:) or whereof no sound is heard, by reason of their staidness in war: (S, K:) or that is silent, by reason of the multitude of the coats of mail, without any clashing of arms. (A'Obeyd, Ş, Ķ.) لِبَنْ أَخْرَسُ (S, A, Ķ.) لِبَنْ أَخْرَسُ (S, K.) that makes no sound in the vessel, (S, K,) or that does not shake about in its vessel: (A:) or thick milk, of which no sound is heard when it is poured out : (Az, TA :) and شَرْبَةٌ خُرْسَاءُ † a thick وَلابِي عِرْضًا أُخْرَسَ (M, TA.) وَلابِي عِرْضًا أُخْرَسَ or [? عُرْضًا [or المُوسَ] † He turned from me, and nould not speak to me. (Fr, TA.) خرسان +A viper: (A:) pl. خُرس (TA.) ____ Hence, (A,) He smots him with a calamity. رَمَاهُ بِخُرِسَاءً (A, Ķ́.*)

خُرْسَةً see : تَخْرَسَةُ مَرْيَ<u>مَ</u>

خَرْش . (Ş, K,) inf. n, جَرَشَهُ . (Ş, K,) inf. n, خَرَشَهُ (Lth,) He, or it, (namely, a cat, A,) scratched him, or it, (namely, the skin, A,) with the nails, (Lth, S, A,* K,) in any part of the body, (Lth,) so as to cause bleeding or not; or wounded him in the outer skin, so as to make it bleed or not; or lacerated it (namely, the skin) little or much; or tore off its surface with a stick or the like; syn. زَخُرَشُهُ (Ş, Ķ ;) [as also] (جُدَشُهُ and so He اختىرشة ♦ بظَفْره and (S, K :) : اخترشه ♦ scratched him, &c., with his nail. (TA.) You Bay also, خَرَشَهُ بِحَدِيدَة وَنَحُوهَا [He scratched it with an iron thing, and the like]. (K.) _ It (a fly) bit him; (A, TA;) as also مُرَشَهُ. (TA.) جَرَشَ البَعيرَ (Ş, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (TA,) He drew the camel (S, K) towards him (S, K:) مَخْرَاش with the مَخْرَاش i. e., the (S, K: TA,) either from inability to find words to ex- or he struck the camel and then drew him towards

him therewith; desiring thereby to excite him to quicken his pace : and he struck him with its extremity in the side of his neck, or [elsewhere] in his skin, so as to scrape off from him his fur. aor. as رَخُرَشَ لعيَّاله ... [.حَرَشَهُ See also] (TA.) above, (S, K,) and so the inf. n., (TA,) + He earned for his family, or household; $(\S, K;)$ collected, and practised artifice, for them; (TA;) and sought sustenance for them; $(\S, K;)$ as also فُلَانْ يَخْرِشُ مِنْ You say also, _____(K.) .اخترِشٍ♥ t Such a one takes from فَلَانٍ الشَّىٰءَ بَعْدَ الشَّىٰ؛ such a one thing after thing; as also * يَخْتَرِشُهُ . (A.) And أَصْرَشَ شَيْئًا He has not taken any-فُلَانْ يَتَخَرَّشُ * مِنْ فُلَانِ الشَّىْءَ And (TA.) (TA.) t Such a one takes and acquires from such a one the thing. (TA.) And مُخَارَشَة * signifies + The taking against one's will. (TA.)

2. تَخْرِيش, inf. n. تَخْرِيش, [He scratched him, or it, with the nails, vehemently, or much; like نحد التَّرْعُ ـــــ (TA.) (TA.) مَوَشَ الزَّرْعُ ـــــ (TA.) + The seed-produce put forth the first extremity of the ear. (Ibn-'Abbad, Sgh, K.)

 inf. n. مُخَارَشة and رخارشة , [He scratched him with the nails, being scratched by him in like manner; like خادشهٔ.] (TA.) ____ [Hence,] تَلْبُ خِرَاشٍ [An irritable, or a quarrelsome, dog]; like تَكْبُ هَرَاش : (Ş, K :) IF holds that the is a substitute for . (TA.) --- See also 1, last signification.

5: see 1, last sentence but one.

6. (A, K,) and السَّنَانير, (A, K,) and السَّنَانير, (A,) The dogs, and the cats, [scratched, or] fought and assailed, (تهارشت, K, TA,) and lacerated, or tore, one another. (TA.).

8: see 1, in four places.

Gain; or earning : pl. خُرُشٌ (TA.)

The skin, (Ṣ, Ķ,) or slough, (A, TA,) مُرْشَاً of a serpent. (S, A, TA.) To this one likens a thin, transparent, shirt. (A, TA.) AHn applies its pl., مَرَاشِى, metaphorically, to [the skins of] all [animals of the class termed] حُشَرات (TA.) -The upper covering, (S, K, TA,) which is dry, or tough, or hard, [app. meaning the shell,] (TA,) of an egg, (S, K, TA,) after it has been broken, and what was in it, (S, TA,) of moisture, (TA,) has been extracted : (S, TA :) or the inner skin, (T, TA,) or inner covering, (A,) of an egg; (T, A, TA;) also called :غرقم : (TA:) pl. as above. (TA.) ____ To this is likened + Anything in which are an inflation and a bursting and holes. (AZ,* S.) ___ The thin skin upon the surface of milk: $(\mathbf{K}:)$ or the bubbles that rise upon the surface of milk: (A:) froth, or foam. (S, TA. [See an ex. in a verse cited voce _____])_ ‡ Phlegm: (S, A, K:) or viscous phlegm in the chest: (TA:) and what is termed أنخامة, q.v. (A, TA.) You say, أَنْقَى خَرَاشِي صَدْرِهِ (A, TA.) forth the phlegm (lit. phlegms) of his chest. (S.) [See also a tropical meaning below.] And أَنْقَى t He cast forth from his chest مِنْ صَدْرِهِ خَرَاشِيّ what is termed نَخَامَة (Az, A, TA) and phlegm :

