مُخْرَتُ A strait, direct, or right, road or way. (K.)

originally Perforated, bored, or pierced. (TA.) — Then, (TA.) Having the nose slit; (K;) [and] so مَعْرُوتُ الْأَنْف, applied to a camel: (A, TA:) or مَعْرُوتُ signifies having a slit lip. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

خرث

The utensils and furniture of a house or tent: (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ:) and the refuse, or the worthless or mean or vile articles, thereof; (Ṣ, A, Mgh;) thus accord. to the lawyers: (Mgh:) or bad furniture and utensils: (A:) or the worst thereof, and of spoils: (Ķ:) or [rubbish,] such as a fragment of a bowl, and ashes, and [the dung that is termed] بقر, of a house: (AZ, TA in art نقلوا خُرثي متاعبر, of a house: (AZ, TA in art نقلوا خُرثي متاعبر, il.)

[pl. غَرُاتُي مَا You say, العَرَاتُي مَا الكَلام and utensils. (A.) — [Hence,] فَلَانْ يُسْمَعُ خُرثي [Such a one hears language in which is no good. (A, TA.) And الكَلام المَا الكَلام المَا الكَلام المَا ال

خرج

1. مرج, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K, &c.,) aor. أورج, (L,) inf. n. and مُنْزَع and مُنْزِع, (Ş, Mşb, K,) He, or it, went, came, passed, or got, out, or forth; issued, emanated, proceeded, ment, or departed; contr. of [from the place] مِنَ الْمُوضِعِ (TA;) ذَخُلُ (Msb.) One says, خَرْجَ مَخْرُجًا حَسَنًا [He, or it, went, came, passed, or got, out, or forth, &c., well: and it turned out well]. (S.) [And خرج خرج When . طوع .in art , طَائِعْ see : مِنْ طَاعَتِهِ means It was disbursed, or expended, the inf. n. is خَرْجَ إِلَّهُ [lit. He went out, &c., with him, or it]: see 4. (TA.) يَوْمُ الخُرُوجِ [The day of going forth] means the day of the age [or festival]. (A, TA, from a trad.) And [as used in the Kur l. 41] The day when men shall come forth from their graves; (TA;) a name of the day of resurrection. (AO, K.) — [+It became excluded by a definition or a rule or the like, or by a portion thereof.] على الخروج is a phrase of the Basree grammarians, said of the objective complement of a verb, meaning +Putin the accus. case as being out of the predicament of the subject and that of the attribute. (TA.) #He got out of, escaped from, خرج مِن آمرِ + extricated himself from, evaded, or became quit of, an affair, or a state]. (ISh, TA in art. نكس.) [And خرج مِن حالِ إلى حالِ +He passed from one state to another state. And عَرَجُ مِنْ دِينِهِ † He quitted, or forsook, his religion. And مِنْ دَيْنه, and مِنْ مَرْضه, + He became quit of his خَرَجَ إِلَى فَلَانٍ مِنْ And أَفَوَ disease.] And †He paid such a one his debt: a phrase

2. تَخْرِيجْ, inf. n. تَخْرِيجْ, [sometimes resembles in signification : أَخْرَجَ see the inf. n. voce __[+ He resolved, explained, or rendered, a saying. عَلَى هٰذَا خَرَّجُوا قُوْلَ كَذَا مُلَى هٰذَا this meaning &c. they have resolved, explained, or rendered, such a saying, is a phrase of frequent occurrence in the larger lexicons &c.] -+ He educated, disciplined, or trained, well a youth and in like manner, a horse [and a camel; for ap-مخرّج, as is indicated in the K voce مُدُرّب, applied to a camel, is syn. with مُؤْدُب]. (IAar.) You say, خرّجه في الأدب, (Ṣ, A,* Ķ,) inf. n. as above, # He educated, disciplined, or trained, him well in polite accomplishments; i. e. a teacher, his pupil. (TA.) = [He, or it, rendered a thing i. e. of two colours, white and blach : &c.] You say, النَّجُومُ تُخَرِّجُ اللَّوْنَ The stars render the colour [of a thing, such as an expanse of water,] a mixture of black and white, by reason of its blackness and their whiteness. (TA.) And خْرَج اللُّوْمَ, (A, K,) inf. n. as above, (K,) ‡He(a boy, A) wrote upon part of the tablet and left part of it without writing. (A,* K.) And He wrote a book leaving [blank] the places ڪتَابُا [of the titles] of the sections and chapters. (A.) And خرج العبل (A, K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He made the work to be of different hinds. (A, inf. n. as حرّجت الرّاعيّة المَرْعَى And حرّجت above, The pasturing animals ate part of the pasture and left part. (S,* A, K,* TA. [See عَامْ فِيهِ and : أَرْضُ فِيهَا تَخْرِيجُ and أَخْرَجُ see : عامر أو تَخْرِيجِ and رَخْرِيجُ

3. ألمناهدة بالأصابع i. q. المناهدة بالأصابع (S, TA,) i. e. (TA) One person's putting forth as many of his fingers as he pleases, and the other's doing the like: (K, TA:) [or the playing at the game called morra; micare digitis: see عربة. You say, خربة لله played with him at the game of morra. See also 6.] خارجة, [inf. n. as above,] He contributed with them to the expenses of a journey or an expedition against an enemy, sharing equally with each of them; like . (L in art. .).

He made an agreement with him, namely, his slave, that he (the latter) should pay him a certain impost at the expiration of every month; (Mgh, L, TA;) the slave being left at liberty to work: (L, TA:) in which case the slave is termed *عبد مخارج (Mgh, L, TA.)

and] إخراج) , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ, &c.,) inf. n. إخراج) رفنر, (Ṣ, K,) He made, or caused, him, or it, to go, come, pass, or get, out, or forth; to issue, emanate, proceed, or depart: [he put, cast, or thrust, him, or it, out, or forth; expelled, ejected, or dislodged, him, or it: he took, led, drew, or pulled, him, or it, out, or forth: he gave it forth: he, or it, produced it:] as also خُرُجُ : [but it should be observed that this latter properly and generally denotes accompaniment, like زهب به ; and may be literally rendered he went, came, passed, or got, out, or forth, with him, or it :] and اخترج الم also, is syn. with اخرج; as in the saying, in a trad., فَأَخْتَرَجَ تَهَوَّاتٍ مِنْ قِرْبَة [And he took forth, or took forth for himself (accord. to a property of many verbs of this form), some dates from a nater-skin]: (TA:) [so, too, is استخرج ; as meaning he took, led, drew, or pulled, out, or forth: but this generally implies some degree of effort, or labour; as does also اخترع ; and likewise, desire: i. e. it means he sought, or endeavoured, to make a thing come forth: the former and : أَحْدُثُهُ q. v.) and أَبْدُعُهُ and in many اخرج both of them signify, and so does instances, he drew out, or forth; extracted; educed; produced; elicited; fetched out by labour or art; got out; or extorted: this is what is meant by its being said that] الإسْتِخْرَاجَ * is syn. with الإخْتَرَاجُ الْمِ (Ṣ, Ḳ,) and so is الإخْتَرَاجُ الْمِ اللهِ اللهُ means Cause Thou me to go forth from Mekkeh in a good, or an agreeable, manner, so that I may not turn my heart [or affections] towards it: (Jel: [see also various similar explanations in Bd:]) is here a n. of place, or, accord. to the more approved opinion, of time. (TA.) ____ا † He vented that which was in his hosom, or mind]. (TA in art. اخرج] ___.)___ said of a definition or a rule or the like, or of a portion thereof, means † It excluded something.]___ -He excluded him from par اخرجه من الأمر ticipation in the affair]. (TA in art. حضن, &c.) intrans.] He paid his خُراج; (K;) i.e. his land-tax, and poll-tax. (TA.) He hunted ostriches such as are termed, (K, TA, [in the CK الخُرْج is erroneously put for الخُرْج) pl. of أخرج. (TA.) — He married to a woman of brown complexion, white intermixed with black, whose parents were, one, white, and the other, black. (T, K.) - He passed a year of fruitfulness and sterility, (K, TA,) or half fruitful and half sterile. (TA.) __ اخرجت الراعية The pasturing animals are part of the pasture

5. تخرّج [†It(a saying) was resolved, explained,

and left part. (K, TA. [See also 2.])