(A, K :) or, accord. to some, signifies knowand محبورة and معبورة and signify knowledge of the external and internal state; or, as some say, of secret internal circumstances or properties; but this necessarily involves acquaintance with external things. (TA.) and مخبرة * [&c.] I have لِي بِهِ خُبُر (You say, knowledge of it. (TA.) And ما بى به خبر [&c.] I have not knowledge of it. (A.) _ See also ______ See also _______ See also _______.

نونو : see : عبر : and see also **3** : and see also **5** : and see also **5** : and see also **5** : and see

خُبُر originally] an inf. n. of خُبَرُ : see خُبَرُ (TA.) __ Also Information; a piece of information; a notification; intelligence; an announcement; news; tidings; a piece of news; an account; a narration, or narrative; a story; syn. زَبَبَا; (T, Ķ;) that comes to one from a person of whom he asks it : (TA :) or نَبَأُ and نَبَأُ are not synonymous; for, accord. to Er-Rághib and others, the latter relates to a thing of great importance: and accord. to the leading anthorities in lexicology and the science of conventional language, the former signifies properly, and in its common acceptation, what is related from another or others: to which authors on the Arabic language add, that it may be true or false: (MF:) or what is related from another or others, and talked of: (Mşb:) pl. أُخْبَار, (Ş, Mşb, K,) and pl. pl. أخابير . (K.) - By the relaters of traditions, it is used as syn. with حديث [signifying A tradition; or narrative relating, or describing, a saying or an action &c. of Mohammad]: (TA:) or this latter term is applied to what comes from the Prophet; and Jić, to what comes from another than the Prophet; or from him or another; and أَثَر, to what comes from a Companion of the Prophet; but it may also be applied to a saying of the Prophet. (Kull p. 152.) ____ [In grammar, as correlative of مُبتَدَأً, An enunciative : and as correlative of انشر, the predicate of the non-attributive verb كان and the like, and of فَادَ &c.] _ Also A man's state, or case; (Har p. 20.) الأَمْرُ الَّذِي هُوَ عَلَيْه

خَبْرُ see المَخْبَيرُ in two places. - See also جَبُرُ مَوْضِعٌ خَبِرَةٌ and ; أَرْضٌ خَبَرَةٌ , and مَوْضِعٌ خَبِرَةً مَا مَوْضِعٌ خَبِرَةً .

in two places. = Also A portion, or share, (A'Obeyd, S, A, Mgh, K,) which one takes, of flesh-meat or fish. (A'Obeyd, S. K.) — A sheep, or goat, which is bought by a number of persons, (S, K,) for different sums, (TA,) and slaughtered, (S,K,) and of which the flesh is then divided by them among themselves, (S,) each of them receiving a share proportioned to the sum that he has paid; (TA; [see 5;]) as also أَسَاةً خَبِيرَةً (K:) and أَن خَبِيرَةً a sheep, or yoat, divided among several persons; thought by ISd to be formed by rejection of the augmentative letter [in its verb تخبر]. (TA.) ___ What one

buys for his family; as also *: (K:) accord. to some, (TA,) flesh-meat (K, TA) which one buys for his family. (TA.) - Food, (K, TA.) consisting of flesh-meat and other kinds. (TA.) A thing brought forward or offered [for entertainment]. (Lh, K.) So in the saying, They congregated over what [اجْتَهَعُوا عَلَى خُبْرَتِه he had brought forward, or offered, for their entertainment]. (Lh.) _ A mess of crumbled, or broken, bread, moistened with broth, large, (K, TA,) and greasy. (TA.) _ A bowl in which are bread and flesh-meat for four or five [persons]. (K.) - Food which the traveller carries in his journey, (K,) and provides for himself. (TA.) _ Seasoning, condiment, or savoury food; as also أَتَانَا بِخُبْزَةٍ وَلَمْ يَأْتِنَا ,whence the saying : خَبِيرًا [He brought us a cake of bread, but he brought us not any seasoning]. (TA.) ____ Hence, by the Karaj, whose land is adjacent to 'Irák el-'Ajam, applied to A date; and by some of them pronounced خبلة. (TA.)

Trial, proof, or test; (S, Msb, K;) and صَدَّقَ الخَبَرُ الخُبُرُ (Ṣ,Ķ,) as in the saying, خُبُرُ الخُبُرُ [The trial, proof, or test, verified the information]. (S.) ____ See also خبر , in three places.

(Ş,) and أَرْضٌ خَبْرَاءً (Lth, Ş, K,) and أَرْضٌ خَبْرَاءً أَرْضْ خَبِرَةْ or ([,خَبْرَة Lth, K, [in the CK), خَبِرَةً * (S,) A plain, or level, tract of land, that produces or lote-trees]: (Ṣ, Ķ :) or a tract abounding سڈر with trees, in the lower part of a meadow, in which water remains until the hot season, and in nd سدر and which grow trees of the kinds called أراك, with abundant herbage around them : (Lth :) خَبْرَاوَاتْ and خَبَارٍ and خَبَارَى is خَبْرَاءُ and خَبْرَاءُ (S, K) and the pl. of خبرة is quasi-pl. n.: it may be a coll. gen. n.: but it is probably only an epithet, of which is the fem.; for] one says also مَوْضِعْ خَبِرْ (Ş, TA,) meaning a place abounding with (TA.) also signifies A place where water collects and stagnates: (TA:) or where water collects and stagnates at the roots of trees of the kind called سدر: (K, TA:) or a round low tract of level ground in which water collects. (T.) __ See also مَجَبُر And see مَجَبَار د

خَبَار Soft land or soil, (IAar, S, A, Mgh, Ķ,) in which are burrows (IAar, S, A) and hollows; (IAar;) as also خبواً: (A:) or soft land or soil, in which beasts sink and are embarrassed: or crumbling ground, in which the feet of beasts sink. (TA.) It is said in a prov., مَنْ تَجَنَّبُ He who avoids soft ground in [He who avoids soft ground in which the feet sink will be secure from stumbling] (A, K.) ____ Also Heaps of earth, or dust, collected at the roots of trees. (K,* TA.) __ And Burrows of جردًان [or large field-rats]: (K: [a coll. gen. n. :] n. un. with 5. (TA.)

The lion. (K.) الخَبُور

Mşb;) as also نخبر (AHn :) or possessing much knowledge with respect to internal things; like with respect to external things : (L in art. :) or possessing knowledge of matters of information, news, tidings, accounts, narratives, or stories; of what is termed نخبر; (K;) or of مَهُ what are termed أَخْبَار (TA;) as also مَحَابِرُ اللهُ and *مبر, (K,) which last is thought by ISd to be a possessive [as distinguished from a verbal] epithet, (TA,) [or it is from , a form which ISd may not have known,] and بخبر (K,) which is an intensive epithet: (TA:) also informed; possessing information. (TA.) You say, أنَا به possessing information. I have knowledge of it. (A.) And [hence] is a name of God, meaning He who knoweth what hath been and what is or will be : (TA :) or He who well knoweth the internal qualities of things. (Sharh Et-Tirmidhee.) __ Also Possessing knowledge of God, (K, TA,) by being acquainted with his names and his attributes. (TA.) ____ A lawyer; one skilled in the law, or practical religion. (TA.) _ A head, or chief. (TA.) _ A tiller, or cultivator, of land. (S, Mgh, Msb, K.) = Fur, or soft hair, syn. بَبَر, (S, K,) of camels, and tof the wild ass. (TA.) - Hair that has fallen: and with 5, a portion thereof. (K.) [See also interbage ; below.] __ ; Plants, or herbage ; (S, K, TA;) fresh herbage: (K, TA:) likened to the eye of camels, because growing like the latter : and seed-produce. (TA.) It is said in a trad., t We cut (S, TA) with the أَسْتَخْلَبُ الخبيرَ reaping-hook, (TA,) and eat, the plants, or herbage. (S, TA.) _ Froth, or foam: (TA:) or the froth, or foam, of the mouths of camels. (S, K, TA.) = Scasoned, or made savoury. (TA.) __ See also خبرة.

ربر . . see 4. خبورة

in two places. - Also Good خَبَرَةً see جُبَرَةً an invitation to the عقيقة [q. v.] of a boy. (TA.)

Also One who tries, proves, خبير see . خبير or tests, things; having experience. (TA.)

A certain plant: (K:) or a kind of tree, having a blossom beautiful and bright, yellow, und of good odour, with which gardens are adorned : MF says, I do not think it to be found in the East. (TA.)

الخَيبَرَى (K, TA,) in some copies of the K written الخَيبَرِي, (TA,) The black serpent. (K.) So in the saying, بَلَاهُ ٱللهُ بالخَيبَرَى [May God afflict him, or it, with the black serpent]: app. because a ruined place becomes the resort of deadly serpents. (TA.) - One says also, عَلَيْه ,May perdition befall him] الدَّبَرَى وَحُبَّى خَيْبَرَى and the fever of Kheyber : الدبرى being app. an inf. n., syn. with الدّبار, which is used in a similar phrase (عَلَيْه الدَّبَار) mentioned in the رخَيْبَرَى being altered to خَيْبَر and مَعْيَبُر as is indicated in the S, in order to assimilate it Knowing; having knowledge; (Ṣ, A, in form to الدبرى]: (Ṣ, TA:) the fever of

