manner applied to a she-camel; as also ${ }^{\circ}$

 [مُقْوِلْ signifies a she-camel that brings forth one year a male, and another year a female. (TA.) - See also éوْلِّ.
 machine (مَنْبَنْون, Lth, K) over which [passes the rope whereby] water is drawn: (Lth, TA:) and, (K,) or as some say, (TA,) a great [َبَرْ [or sheare of a pulley], ( $(\underset{Q}{\text { in art. }}$, and $\mathbf{K}$,) by means of which camels dran water: (S ubi suprà, and TA:) [see [coll. gen. n.] †مـطال (K. (K.) The vertebre;
 neously put for , الفَعَقا:]) or the latter has this meaning; and the former signifies a single vertebra: and the $s$ may be radical: (M,TA:)
 (وا, as in the $M$ and $O$; in the $K$, erroneously, واسِطة, TA) of the back; (M, O, K ; ) as also radical. (TA.)

مُ A man who says much that is [or absurd, inconsistent, self-contradictory, utreal, or intpossible]. (Ltb, K.*)
.
 has not fallen. (TA.) - See also حوَّل.
[pass. part. n. of ${ }^{\text {مُتَعَّ }}$
 to which one shifts, removes, or becomes transferred. (Idem ib.)

A leg that is crooked in the two extremities of its shank. (M, O, TA.) In the K, رَبْ for (TA.) And (S, K)
 TA) in the portion between the part grasped by the hand and the curved extremity, or in its curved

 means land that has been left [unsonn, or uncultivated,] a year, or years. (M, K.)

 = Also Full. (K.)

## عورق

 art.

 or flying thing, (S, Mgb, K,) \&c., (S,) It ment, [or hovered,] or circled, (\$, Mṣ, K,) round about the water, (S, Mṣb,) by reason of thirst, (TA,) or round about the thing: ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) and in like manner - [Hence,] it is said in a trad.,
 approaches acts of disobedience is near to falling



 the second with kesr [to the $\tau$, and therefore with $\mathcal{G}$ in the place of $g$, but written in the CK with fet-h], (TA,) $\ddagger$ Such a one desired, or sought, the thing. (K, TA.) And عَام $\ddagger$ He affected, or inclined towards, his relations, like one going round about the water. (TA.)
2. ing $+H e$ paused, and acted with deliberation, or in a patient or leisurely manuer, or he waited in expectation, in the affair, or case, like one who hovers about a thing]. (K, TA.)
 Noah; meaning, because of its blackness,] $\ddagger$ the night. (TA.)
-ロ A large herd of camels, (S, M, K, amounting to a thousand: (M, $\mathbf{K}$ :) or an indefinite number; (K,*TA;) i. e. many: a quasipl. n. ; or, as some say, a pl. (TA.)
-ُ, applied to wine, (TA,) That circulutes [or produces a sensation of circular motion] in the head. (K.) - Accord. to Aş, so applied, it signifies Much in quantity. (TA.)
صْ: The main part or portion, (S, K, ) of water, (S,) or of the sea, (K,) and of sand, and of a fight, \&c. : ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ :) the part where is most water, of the sea; (Ham p. 329, and TA;) the deepest part thereof: (TA:) and in like manner, of a watering-trough : (Ham ibid., and TA:) or a copious, or deep, part of water: (Lh, TA:) and bence, the vehemence of war or fight: (Ham p. 329 :) or a place of fight ; because the opposing parties go round about it: (Ham p. 492:) or the most vehement part [or the thickest] of a
 [See also
º́ A blach, or negro, boy or young man, ( $\mathrm{S}, \dot{\mathbf{K}}$,) or slave: ( $\mathbf{S}:$ ) so termed in relation to ole [or Ham, the son of Noah], the father of the blacks, or negroes. (S, K.)
"نَ Thirsty, and going, [or hovering,] or circling, round about the water: (Ham p. 753 :) and hence, (Id. p. 317,) whatever is thirsty: (Id. ibid., and $\mathrm{K}:$ :) [fem. with $\mathrm{B}:$ pl. masc. ©~: say إِلْ Rhirsty camels that go round about the water: (As, TA:) or, as also إِلْ thirsty camels: ( $\mathbf{K}:$ ) or very thirsty camels. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., respecting the

bave mercy upon our beasts that are going about the water and not finding any to which they may come to drink. (TA.) You say also A thirsty head: (TA:) or a head of which the brain is thirsty. (T, TA.) - Also $\ddagger$ Desiring, or
 it is] like سُتَّو. (TA.)

## صون

:- A place where wine is sold; (Msb and TA in this art., and $\mathbf{S}$ : and $K$ in art. ; ; ) the



.
, mentioned in the $\underset{\text { K }}{\mathbf{K}}$ in arts. and and and : see above; and see also art. [to which several words allied to this are to be regarded as belonging]. It is masc. and fem.:
 and its pl. is : مُوانهتُ: (S : ) or, accord. to IB, it is originally ;َبْتُوتُ ; ; ; ; ; and then, (TA in art. (حمانُوتٌ.)

عَانَّةٍ Wine; (S and K in art. (in the CK, erroneously, a rel. n. from
 . (TA in art.

## توى

1. . or brought it, drew it, or gathered it, togethar; (Ş, Mṣ, K;) as also V'ólglan: (TA :) he grasped it ; got, or gained, possession of it: ( $\mathbf{M g b}_{\mathbf{g}}, \mathrm{K}:$ )
 also الحتوى : (Msb, K : ) or this last, he took, or got, possession of it; tooh it, got it, or held it, within his grasp, or in his possession: (S:) and ól signifies also he possessed it: (Mẹb:) and, said of a place [\&c., as also إتوىى عليه and it comprised, comprehendell, or contained, it. (TA.) - He turned it round, made it to turn round, or nound it. (Har p. 236.
 a vehicle for a noman such as is called صوريَيَّ.

 draning together, or contracting: and the state of draving together, or contracting; or being drann together, or contracted; as also تَوْ [inf. n. of ${ }^{\dagger}$ ] : $(\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or, in the opinion of ISd, تَتْوِيْ has the former signification; and - ; , the latter. (TA.) A woman of the tribe of Kelb, being asked what she did in the rainy

