manner applied to a she-camel; as also and أمسول (Ks, Sgh, K:) and accord. to some, or مُحُولُ [if not a mistranscription for مُحُولُ اللهِ signifies a she-camel that brings forth one year a male, and another year a female. رَحُولِي See also حَولِي.

in four places. __ Also A machine (مُنْجَنُون, Lth, K) over which [passes the rope whereby] water is drawn: (Lth, TA:) and, (K,) or as some say, (TA,) a great بَكْرَة [or sheave of a pulley], (S in art. محل, and K,) by means of which camels draw water: (S ubi suprà, and TA:) [see مُحَاوِلُ :] pl. مُحَاوُلُ and [coll. gen. n.] مُحَالُ اللهِ (K.) _ The vertebræ; as also الفَقَار ,(Ķ: [in the CK) : مَحَالٌ اللهُ is erroneously put for النقار: ا) or the latter has this meaning; and the former signifies a single vertebra: and the , may be radical: (M, TA:) pl. مَعَالَات. (T in art. معَالَات.) __ The middle (elud), as in the M and O; in the K, erroneously, واسطة, TA) of the back; (M, O, K;) as also أمَــَالُ • but accord. to some, the مُــَالُ • is radical. (TA.)

حيلة see مُحيلة.

. مُحيلُ see عَائلُ see مُحَوّلُ

A man who says much that is [or absurd, inconsistent, self-contradictory, unreal, or impossible]. (Lth, K.*)

see 4, in the latter half of the paragraph. __ أَرْضُ مُحْتَالَةً Land upon which rain has not fallen. (TA.) _ See also مُولِّل.

an .== Also] an مُتَحَوِّلُهُ pass. part. n. of inf. n. of تَحُوَّلُ. (Ḥam p. 503.) = And A place to which one shifts, removes, or becomes transferred. (Idem ib.)

. مُحيلُ see : مُتَحَوِّلُ

A leg that is crooked in the two رجل مُستَحَالَةُ extremities of its shank. (M, O, TA.) In the سَاقَيْهِ is erroneously put for رَجُل , and سَاقَيْه (Ş, K) قُوسٌ مُسْتَحيلَةٌ ♦ TA.) And أَوْسٌ مُسْتَحيلَةً ♦ and مُسْتَمَالَةُ (K) A bow that is crooked (S, K, 'IA) in the portion between the part grasped by the hand and the curved extremity, or in its curved extremity. (TA.) And أُرْضُ مُسْتَحِيلَةً * Uneven ground: (Ṣ, TA:) or i. q. مُسْتَحَالَةً , (Ķ,) which means land that has been left [unsown, or uncultivated,] a year, or years. (M, K.)

fem. with ة: see the paragraph next preceding, in two places: __ and see also ... Also Full. (K.)

prayer for rain, أَحُوِّى نَفْسِي O God, night, answered وَاللَّهُمَّ ٱرْحَمْر بَهَائِهَنَا الحَائِمَة (K,) aor. مَعْسَى (Ş,) أَnf. n. أُحَوِّى نَفْسِي

(Ş, Mşb, K) and حُوْمُ, (Ş, K,) said of a bird, or flying thing, (S, Msb, K,) &c., (S,) It went, [or hovered,] or circled, (S, Msb, K,) round about the water, (S, Msb.) by reason of thirst, (TA,) or round about the thing: (K:) and in like manner and, said of camels. (K, TA.) مَنْ حَامَ حَوْلَ ,[Hence] it is said in a trad. الحِمَى يُوشِكُ أَنْ يَقَعَ فِيهِ, meaning + He who approaches acts of disobedience is near to falling هُوَ يَحُومُ حُولُ ,therein. (Msb.) And you say t [He hovers about an object of aim, or غُرَضِ لُهُ حام فُلَانٌ عَلَىٰ And (TA.) And مَوْمُ desire, that he has]. (TA.) And مَوْمُ بَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُر the second with kesr [to the -, and therefore with so in the place of , but written in the CK with fet-h], (TA,) \$\forall Such a one desired, or حام عُلَى قُرَابته sought, the thing. (K, TA.) And # He affected, or inclined towards, his relations, like one going round about the water. (TA.)

2. استُدَامَ i. q. استُدَامَ ‡ [app. as meaning + He paused, and acted with deliberation, or in a patient or leisurely manner, or he waited in expectation, in the affair, or case, like one who hovers about a thing]. (K, TA.)

[lit. The army of Ham, the son of Noah; meaning, because of its blackness,] | the night. (TA.)

A large herd of camels, (S, M, K,) amounting to a thousand: (M, K:) or an indefinite number; (K,* TA;) i. e. many: a quasipl. n.; or, as some say, a pl. (TA.)

عوم, applied to wine, (TA,) That circulates [or produces a sensation of circular motion] in the head. (K.) _ Accord. to As, so applied, it signifies Much in quantity. (TA.)

The main part or portion, (S, K,) of water, (S,) or of the sea, (K,) and of sand, and of a fight, &c.: (S, K:) the part where is most water, of the sea; (Ham p. 329, and TA;) the deepest part thereof: (TA:) and in like manner, of a watering-trough: (Ham ibid., and TA:) or a copious, or deep, part of water: (Lh, TA:) and hence, the vehemence of war or fight: (Ham p. 329:) or a place of fight; because the opposing parties go round about it: (Ham p. 492:) or the most vehement part [or the thickest] of a fight: (K,* TA:) pl. حُومًات. (Ḥam p. 329.) [See also حَوْبَة , last signification.]

A black, or negro, boy or young man, (S, K,) or slave: (S:) so termed in relation to or Ham, the son of Noah], the father of the blacks, or negroes. (S, K.)

Thirsty, and going, [or hovering,] or circling, round about the water: (Ham p. 753:) and hence, (Id. p. 317,) whatever is thirsty: (Id. ibid., and K:) [fem. with 5: pl. masc. pl. fem. حُوائير (Ham p. 317.) You Bay إِبِلْ حُوَّمُ Thirsty camels that go round about the water: (As, TA:) or, as also إيلَ حُوائِمُ thirsty camels: (K:) or very thirsty camels.

(S, Msb, K,) مُولُ الْهَاءِ, (S, Msb,) or (TA.) And it is said in a trad., respecting the

have mercy upon our beasts that are going about the water and not finding any to which they may come to drink. (TA.) You say also هَامَة حَالَيْة A thirsty head: (TA:) or a head of which the brain is thirsty. (T, TA.) __ Also † Desiring, or seeking: pl. حُوم (K, TA,) [in the CK, حُوم, but it is] like سُكُّرُ, (TA.)

أَنْهُ A place where wine is sold; (Msb and TA in this art., and S and K in art. نحين;) the [or shop] حَانُوت ♦ place of the vintner; (Kr;) the of the vintner : pl. خَانَاتْ: (Ṣ, Mṣb:) thought by AHn to be from the Persian خانه. (TA.)

حنه .see art خاناة

and حنت, mentioned in the K in arts. حَانُوتُ and عنو and عين: see حَانَة above; and see also art to which several words allied to this are to be regarded as belonging]. It is masc. and fem.: and is [said to be] originally مُعَانُوةً, like تَرْقُوهُ and its pl. is حَوَانيتُ: (S:) or, accord. to IB, it is originally تَحْنُوتْ; then, حُونُوتْ; and then, (.حين .TA in art) .حَانُوتُ

in the حين . Wine; (S and K in art حَانيَّةً CK, erroneously, حائنة,] and K in art. نو;) a rel. n. from خَانَةُ : (Ṣ, TA:) or vintners; (Ḳ in art. خَانِيُّة; or] a rel. n. from (.حنو .TA in art. حَانَيَةُ

1. مُعَلَّى, aor. مِ (Ṣ, Mạb, Ķ,) inf. n. مُعَوَّاهُ (Ṣ,) or عُوايَة, (Msb,) or both, (K,) He collected it; brought it, drew it, or gathered it, together; (S, M,sb, K;) as also نحاواه (TA:) he grasped it; got, or gained, possession of it: (Msb, K:) and أحتواه signifies the same; (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ;) as also عَلَيْهِ: (Mṣb, Ķ:) or this last, he took, or got, possession of it; took it, got it, or held it, within his grasp, or in his possession: (S:) and signifies also he possessed it: (Msb:) and, said of a place [&c., as also احتوى ا and احتواه , it comprised, comprehended, or contained, it. (TA.) - He turned it round, made it to turn round, or wound it. (Har p. 236. [See مُونى حَوِيَّةً = ([.حى in art. حَوَى حَوِيَّةً a vehicle for a woman such as is called عُويّة. . مو (TA.) عنون [originally مَوِيَ = ee art. مَو

2. تَحْوِيَةُ [inf. n. of حَوَى signifies The act of drawing together, or contracting: and the state of drawing together, or contracting; or being drawn together, or contracted; as also تحوّ [inf. n. of اتحوى : (Lh, K:) or, in the opinion of ISd, تَحْوِيَة has the former signification; and the latter. (TA.) A woman of the tribe of Kelb, being asked what she did in the rainy