thighs: pl. . [Ham p. 443.] They say, The most thirst- أَنْقَعُ اللَّبَنِ مَا وَلِيَ حَاذَي النَّاقَةِ quenching of milk is that which is next to the hinder parts of the two thighs of the she-camel]: i. e., when it is fresh-drawn, without her having been previously sucked by a young one. (TA. [But the first word, there, is انفع, which I regard as a mistranscription.])

in two places. الحَاذُ see عَاذَةٌ

أَحْوَدِيُّ see : حَويدُ

A quick hunting. (L.)

Quick in journeying, or in pace; one who goes a journey of ten nights in three. (L.) And hence, ‡ Quick in everything that he undertakes: quick, sharp, and active in affairs: (L:) active and shilful: (K:) active in a thing by reason of his skilfulness: (AA, S, L:) applied [as meaning active by reason of expertness] to the wing of a bird of the kind called قُطُّ , by a poet, (Ş, L,) namely, Homeyd Ibn-Thowr: (S:) quick in his affairs, who prosecutes them, or carries them on, well: (L:) one who prosecutes, or carries on, affairs in the best manner, by reason of his knowledge thereof: (A:) one who manages things skilfully, well, or thoroughly: (Msb:) ready, or prompt, in affairs, who masters them, and to whom nothing is out of his way, or sphere, or compass; (As, S, L, K;) as also \* عُوينُـ (L,\* K:) one who overcomes, or masters. (L.) And isignifies the same. (Sand K&c. inart. أحوزى مَادُ مِنَ) as meaning + Quick in moving the bowels.

عور 1. مَارَ , aor. مَارَ , (Ṣ,) inf. n. مُورَ and مُؤورُ (Ṣ, K) and مُورُ , a contraction of the form next preceding, used in poetry, in case of necessity, رَحُورَةً (K) and مَحَارَةً (TA,) and مَحَارَةً (Ş, K) and مَحَارً (TA,) He, or it, returned, (S, L, K,) إِنَى شَيْءٍ to a thing, and عَنْهُ from it. (L.) \_\_ [Hence,] It (a false imputation) returned to him [who was its author; or recoiled upon him]. The thing حَارَت الغُصَّة The thing sticking in the throat, and choking, descended; as though it returned from its place. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ [And مور, inf. n. مور, He returned from a good state to a bad.] You say, حَارِ بَعْدُ مَا كَانَ (TA on the authority of 'Asim, and so in a copy of the \$,) He returned from a good state after he had been in that state: (A'Obeyd, S,\* TA:) so says 'Aṣim: (TA:) or حار بعد ما كَار (TA, and so in copies of the S,) He became in a state of defectiveness after he had been in a state of redundance: (TA:) or it is from حور, inf. n. معار He untwisted his turban: (Zj, TA:) and means + He became in a bad state of affairs after he had been in a good state. (TA. [See , below.]) He became in a defective and bad حار وبار\_ state. (TA. [Here بار is an imitative sequent; (see يَجُورُ as is also يَجُورُ in a phrase mentioned below. ]) مارت فَهَا أَحَارَتُ شَيْنًا she ground, and did not طَحَنَتُ فَهَا أَحَارَتُ شَيْنًا Bk. I.

It decreased, or became defective or deficient. (Ṣ,\* A,\* Mṣb, Ķ.\* [See also , below.]) — Also, inf. n. ) — (TA) and , , (Ṣ, Ķ,) He perished, or died. (Ṣ,\* Ķ,\* TA.) — Also, aor. inf. n. مور, He, or it, became changed from one state, or condition, into another: and it became converted into another thing. (TA.) Such a one does not مَا يَحُورُ فَلَانَ وَلَا يَجُورُ ـ increase nor become augmented [in his substance] (Ibn-Háni, K\*) is said when a person's being afflicted with smallness of increase is confirmed (Ibn-Hani, TA.) عور (TK,) inf. n. مور (K,) He mas, or became, confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course; syn. (K,\* TK.) [See also art. عند.] = See also 2. جُورَتُ, aor. -, inf. n. جُورَ (K;) and جُورَتُ aor. and inf. n. as above; (Msb;) and احور المعور المعارة ال (K,) inf. n. إَحْوِرَارٌ; (TA;) and إحْوِرَارٌ; (S, K;\*) He, (a man, K, TA,) and it, (an eye, S, Msb, K,\* TA,) was, or became, characterized by the quality termed as explained below. (S, Msb, K, TA.)

2. موره, inf. n. تحوير, He made him, or it, to return. (Zj, K.) - He (God) denied him, or prohibited him from attaining, what he desired, or sought; disappointed him; frustrated his endeavour, or hope; (K, TA;) and caused him to return to a state of defectiveness. (TA.) , inf. n. as above, He whitened clothes, or garments, (S, Msb,) and wheat, or food: (S:) and گرز. inf. n. بُحُورُ (TA,) he washed and whitened a garment, or piece of cloth; (K;) but قور is better known in this sense. (TA.) موّر عَيْنَ البَعِيرِ (inf. n. as above, TA,) He burned a mark round the eye of the camel with a circular cauterizing-instrument, (S, K,\*) on account of a disorder: because the place becomes white. (TA.) = [He prepared skins such as are called .: a meaning indicated, but not expressed, in the TA. \_\_ And app. He lined a boot with such shin: see محور.] = Also, (inf. n. as above, TA,) He prepared a lump of dough, and made it round, (S, K,) with a (TA,) to put it into the hole containing hot ashes in which it was to be baked: (S, K:) he made it round with a محور. (A.)

3. ماوره الكَلَامِ (A, Mgh, Msb,) and حاوره الكَلَامِ (TA in art. جواره, &c.,) inf. n. (Ş, Mgh, K) and مُحَاوَرَةً (A, Mgh,) He returned him answer for answer, or answers for answers; held a dialogue, colloquy, conference, disputation, or debate, with him; or bandied words with him; syn. رَاجَعُهُ الْكُلَامَ S, and Jel in xviii. 35,) and, جَاوَبُهُ (A, Mgh, Msb,) or رَاجُعُهُ فِي الْكُلَامِ, (Bḍ in xviii. 32,) or, of the inf. n., مُرَاجَعُهُ النَّعُلَى (K.) And Je vied, or competed, with him, or contended with him for superiority, in glorying, or boasting, or the like; syn. فاخره. (Jel. in xviii. 32.)

4. احار [He returned a thing]. You say

(Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ) and عُوْر (Ṣ, A, Ķ) and return (مَا رَدَّت) anything of the flour [app. for رُحُورُ and مُحَارَةً (Ṣ) and مُحَارَةً (Ṣ) and مُحَارَةً (Ṣ) and مُحَارَةً للغصة ـــ (He swallowed the thing sticking in his throat and choking him; [as though he returned it from its place: see 1: see also 4 in art. حير: and see an ex. voce حير.] (TA.) And فَلَانٌ سَرِيعُ الإَحَارَة Such a one is quick in swallowing: [said to be] from what next follows. (Meyd, TA.) \_\_\_\_, احارة , (S, K, &c.,) inf. n. إحارة , (TA,) He returned an answer, or a reply. (Mab, TA.) You say, إِلَى جَوَابًا إَحَارَ إِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّالِلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّل to him, and he did not return to me an answer, or a reply. (S, A,\* Msb,\* K.\*) And in like He did not return a word] مَا أَحَارُ بِكُلْهَة , manner in answer, or in reply]. (TA.) احارت She (a camel) had a young one such as is called ر (K.) موار

> 6. أَحُاوُرُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. تُحَاوُرُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) They returned one another answer for answer, or answers for answers; held a dialogue, colloquy, conference, disputation, or debate, one with another; or bandied words, one with another; syn. تَجَاوَبُوا, (Ṣ, Ķ,) and تُراجَعُوا, (Jel in lviii. 1,) or بَرَاجَعُوا في الكَلام or (Mab,K,) رَبَرَاجَعُوا الكَلامَ or . تَرَاجَعُوا الكَلامَ (Bd in lviii. 1.) [And They vied, or competed, or contended for superiority, one with another, in glorying, or boasting, or the like: see 3.]

> 9. إحوراً (, (Ṣ, Ḳ, &c.,) inf. n. إحوراً (, (Ḳ,) It (a thing, S, Mab, and the body, TA, and the part around the eye, A, and bread, S, or some other thing, TA) was, or became, white. (S, A, Msb, K.) — See also 1, last sentence.

> 10. استماره He desired him to speak [or to return an answer or a reply; he interrogated him]. (S, K.) And استحار الدار He desired the house to speak [to him; he interrogated the house; as a lover does in addressing the house in which the object of his love has dwelt]. (IAar.)

> inf. n. of عُور (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ.) [Hence,] -TA on the autho) ,نَعُوذُ بِٱللَّهِ مِنَ الحَوْرِ بَعْدُ الكُوْنِ rity of 'Asim, and so in a copy of the S,) a trad., (TA,) meaning We have recourse to God for preservation from decrease, or defectiveness, after increase, or redundance: (إنجاب or من الحور بعد or الكور, (TA, and so in copies of the S,) meaning as above: (S, TA:) or † from a bad state of affairs after a good state; from signifying the "untwisting" a turban: (TA:) or from returning and departing from the community [of the fuithful] after having been therein; [from "he untwisted" his turban, and] from he twisted" his turban upon his head. رُحُورٌ لَّ فِي مَحَارَةِ لَا ([.كُورُ Zj, TA. [See also]) (S, K,) and عور, (K,) Deficiency upon deficiency, (S, K,) and return upon return, (TA,) is a prov., applied to him whose good fortune is retiring; (S, K;) or to him who is not in a good state; or to him who has been in a good state and has become in a bad state: (K:) or the saying is,
>
> \* قَالَاتْ حُورٌ فِي مَحَارَةً 
>
> [Such a one is suffering] being used in the sense of بَاثِرُ , like بُورُ in the sense of بَاثِرُ , like بَدُورُ ; so heard by IAar; and said by him to be applied in