in each case I think that the ت is a mistake for is that commonly known. (IB, TA.) لَيْسَ لَبًا هَاجَرَة حُلُوبٌ [Hence,] حَالِبٌ See also ([.ة + [A summer-midday] that draws forth the sweat. (K.)

خَليب: see حَليب, in two places. _ Also 1 A beverage [of the kind termed رنبيذ,] prepared from dates. (K, TA.) ___ And + Fresh blood. (K.)

or perhaps عُصَارَة like حَلَابَة or perhaps حَلَابَة (or perhaps حَلَابَة exuding fluid]. (AHn, TA voce iii, q. v.)

حَلُوبٌ see : حَلُوبَةً.

isee see : حَلْبَة : ... and see what next follows.

used as a pl. of حَلْبَة [q. v.], because the latter has the meaning of * مَلْيَبَة (Mşb.)_ Also Companies, assemblies, or troops. (K.)____ And The sons of the paternal uncle: (K :) or a man's assistants, or auxiliaries, consisting of the sons of the paternal uncle in particular. (TA.)

A certain plant, (S, K,) that grows in the hot season, in the plains and on the sides of valleys, cleaving to the ground so as almost to be buried in it, not eaten by the camels, but only by the sheep or goats, (TA,) and by the gazelles : (S, TA:) it increases the milk, and fattens; and gazelles are snared [while pasturing] upon it (تحتبل عليها): (TA:) hence the expression أَسْ أَنَوْ حُلَّبٍ and تَيْسُ ذُو حُلَّب [a buck-gazelle that feeds upon the إحلّب]: (§:) it is a curling herb, of a dusty colour inclining to green, that spreads upon the ground; when a piece of it is cut off, a milky fluid flows from it: (As, S:) AHn says, it is a plant that spreads upon the ground, evergreen, having small leaves, with which they tan : Aboo-Ziyad says, it is included among what are termed الخلفة, and is a tree that expands over the ground, cleaving thereto, intensely green, growing most when the heat becomes great: and he adds, on the authority of Arabs of the desert, that it lies upon the ground, having small and bitter leaves, and a root penetrating deep into the earth, and small twigs:

A skin for water or milk tanned with [the leaves of] the أَحْلَّب; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also , مُحْلُوبُ (Ķ.)

بَوْم حَلَّاب + A deny day. (Sh, K.)

مَالب A milher; (Ş, K;) as also * حَالب ; (K;) but the latter has an intensive signification: (TA :) pl. هُمْ حَلَبَةُ الإبل (Ş, A.) You say, هُمْ حَلَبَةُ [They are the milkers of the camels]. (A.) And شُتّى [Separately the milkers return]: تَؤُوبُ المَلَبَهُ (S, A:) for when they assemble to milk their camels, each occupies himself with milking his own, and then they return, one after another; (S, TA;) or they water them together, and return separately to their abodes, where each one milks : (TA:) a prov., (S, A, TA,) relating to the manners of men in assembling and separating: (TA:) you should not say السَلَمَة. (S.) IK gives it differently, thus: حَتَّى تُؤُوبَ الحَلَبَة [Until the milhers return]: but the former reading

Bk I.

[They (i. e. camels) have not a رَاجٍ وَلَكِنَّ حَلَبَةً pastor, but milkers] is another prov., applied to a man who asks thine aid, and whom thou aidest. but on whose part there is no aid. (TA. [That is, You ask aid of one to whom you render no aid. See also Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 427.]) ____ [Hence,] المالبان [The two spermatic ducts;] two veins, or ducts, which supply the penis with [the spermatic] fluid ; whence the phrase, c , meaning this penis became erect : (A, TA:) + two veins, or ducts, in the kidneys : (Zj in his "Khalk el-Insán :") or + two veins, or ducts, (S, TA,) of a green colour, (TA,) on either side of the navel: (S, TA:) accord. to some, + two veins, or ducts, within the two horns. (TA. [But I think that, in this instance, القرنين is a mistranscription for العرنين, meaning the

nose: see what follows.]) حُوَالبُ [is the pl., and] signifies 1 The sources [whence flows the milk] of the udder: (A, TA:) and t the sources whence flow the tears of the eye: (A, K:) and t the sources of a spring, (A,) or of a well : (K:) and حَوَالبُ الأُسْهَرَيْن + the veins, or ducts, that excern the mucus from the nose, and the spermatic fluid from the penis. (AA, T. [But see art. ([.سہر

see what next follows.

Milk which a man draws for his family, while he is in the place of pasturing, and then sends to them: (A, K:) or milk that remains over and above what fills the skin: $(\mathbf{K}:)$ or what remains over and above the contents of the skin when the pastor brings the skin on the occasion of his conducting his camels to water and it contains milk; this being the العلابة of the tribe : or milk which people collect, to the quantity of a camel-load, while their camels are in the place of pasturing, and convey to the tribe; as also قَدْ جَاءَ, pl. ; whence the phrases, أَحَالِيبُ He has come mith بْتَلَاثَة أَحَاليبَ and بِإِحْلَابَيْن two camel-loads of milk collected while the camels were in the pasture, and with three such loads : when, in the case of milking ewes or goats or جَاؤُوا cows, people do thus, one says of them, TA. [See] .بتَلَاثَة أَمَاخيضَ and بإمْخَاضَيْن also 4.])

and تَحْلَبَةُ and تَحْلَبَةُ and تُحْلَبَةُ and تُحْلَبَةُ تَحْلَبَةُ and تَحْلَبَةُ and تُحْلَبَةُ and تُحْلَبَةُ (AHei, TA) and تَصْلَابَة (K) A ewe, or she-goat, from whose udder somewhat [of milh] has issued before her being mounted by the ram: (K:) and a she-camel that emits, or yields, milk before conception: (Seer, TA:) or you say, accord. to Ks, عَنْزُ تَحْلَبَه or تَحْلَبَه, [accord. to different copies of the S,] meaning a she-goat from whose udder some milk has issued before she has been , عَنَاقُ تَسْلِبُهُ, mounted by the ram: and accord. to AZ, or تَصْلبَه, [accord. to different copies of the Ş,] and تَحْلَبَة, and تَحْلَبَة, a young she-goat that is milked before she conceives. (S.)

The prunus mahaleb of Linn.; a small kernel of the stone of a wild cherry, much esteemed by the Egyptians, (and by the Arabs in general, E.W.L.,) and employed by them in many diseases, as a bechic and carminative; brought from Europe: (Rouver, in the "Descr. de l'Égypte," xi. 452 of the 8vo. ed. :)] a kind of odoriferous tree : (A :) a certain tree having a grain (in [which may mean a kernel]) that is put into perfumes and aromatics; (Msb,*TA;) the perfume in which it is incorporated being termed * مُصْلَبية : so say IDrst and others: AHn says that he had not heard of its growing anywhere in the country of the Arabs: accord. to Aboo-Bekr Ibn-Talhah, a tree having a grain () like that of the which is likewise used in medicine, called رَيْحَان بزر الريحان, i. e. the seed of the ocimum basilicum, or common sweet basil]: accord. to Aboo-'Obeyd El-Bekree, the [tree called] أراك : (TA :) [J says,] is an aromatic medicine, the place whereof is أَبَدْ (Ş,) which is a town (بَلَدْ) near El-Móșil: (K, TA:) IKh calls it a kind of perfume : some say it is the grain of the [or castor-oil-plant]: others, that the the fruit, or produce, of the kind of tree termed iDrd : الأُسر which the Arabs call ، شَجَرُ اليُسُو says that it is the grain with which one perfumes; calling the grain by the name of محلب: (TA:) the best is the white, pearly, and clear. (Ibn-Seenà, book ii. p. 210.) Accord. to IDrst, this word is originally an inf. n., and حبّ المحلب شجرة and حبّ الحلب mean شجرة المحلب and الحلب. (TA. [IbrD informs me that it is a custom of some of the Arabs, previously to their milking, to chew some محلب, and to anoint with it the teat of the animal.]) = Honey. (K.)

One who assists in milking. __ And hence, in a general sense,] ‡ An aider, or assistant: (S, K:) or an aider, or assistant, not belonging to the party, or people, whom he aids: if of that party, or people, the aider is not so called, accord. to the T. (TA. [But see 4.])

مَحْلَبُ (S, A, Mşb, K) and لَبُ مَحْلَبُ (A, Mşb, K) A milking-vessel; a vessel into which one milhs; (S, A, Msb, K;) made of the skin of a camel's side, or of other skin: (MF:) a vessel into which ewes are milked. (Az, TA.)

مَحْلُوبُ Milk drawn from the udder. (Ş,* Ķ, &c.) = See also مُحَلَّبِي

حلت

ee what follows.

(Ş, Ķ;) for which you should not say; حلّتيتُ ; (Ş; جلتيتُ with ; sometimes written; جلّتيتُ as in one copy; but in another, and in that from which SM quotes, زحليت ;) and *زحليت; (Ķ;) [Assa, or asa: of which there are two kinds; حلتيت طَيّب or assa fætida; and حلتيت مُنْتن A place of milhing. (Mşb.) = [Also | or assa dulcis :] the gum of the أَنْجُذَان (S, K :) مَصْلَبٌ

