to it; or he is more, and most, entitled to it]: this phrase is used in two senses: first, as denoting the possession of an exclusive right or title, i. e., without the participation of another; as when you say, زَيْدُ أَحَقُّ بِجَالِه Zeyd is entitled to his property exclusively of any other person: secondly, as denoting the possession of a right or title in participation with another person, but in a superior degree; as in the saying, الأَيِّمُر أَحَقٌ بِنَفْسِهَا مَنْ وَلَيُّهَا, (Mşb,) i. e. The moman that has not a husband and is not a virgin [is more entitled to dispose of herself than is her guardian]; (Mgh in art. ايمر;) meaning that they participate [in the right], but that her right is the stronger: (Mşb:) a saying of Mohammad, in which the is opposed to the بتكر, for it is added that the is to be asked her permission : but one reading بكر substitutes التَّبَّبَ for الاير, (Mgh ubi suprà.) In نَشَهَادَتُنَا أُحَقُّ (saying, in the Kur [v. 106], نَشَهَادَتُنَا أُحَقُّ by إِسْتَحَقَّى it may be formed from ,مِنْ شَهَادَتِهِمَا rejection of the augmentative letters, so that the meaning is, [Verily our testimony is] more deserving of being accepted [than the testimony of them signifying حَقَّ الشَّىٰ: two]: or it may be from ثبَت, and so mean more true, or valid. (TA.) Applied to a horse, That does not sweat. (S, K.) - And, likewise thus applied, That puts down his hind hoof in the place [that has just before been that] of his fore hoof. (S,* K.) [See صَغَتَى.]

Speaking truth; saying what is true; (Mşb;) contr. of مُبْطلٌ: (Ķ :) or revealing, or manifesting, or showing, a truth, or a right or due: or laying claim to a right [or to a thing (see 4)] which is, or becomes, due to him. (Msb.)

in the CK, erroneously, مُحَقَّق [in the CK], erroneously, to speech, or language, *t Sound*, or compact, (S, K, TA,) and orderly. (TA.) ____ And, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, *t* Firmly, or compactly, woven, (S, K, TA,) and figured with the form of حُقَّة [pl. of حُقَّة, q. v.]. (TA.)

is often used as meaning A critical مَحَقَق judge in matters of literature.]

in six places. رَحَقَيْقٌ see ، مَحْقُوقٌ

محَاق, applied to cattle, Such as have not in لَمْ يُحْلَبْنُ brought forth, nor been milked [in the CK, erroneously, [الهر يُجْلَبْنَ), in the next preceding year: (Ibn-'Abbad, K:) or whose first and second milkings are of biestings. (AHát, TA.)

in [some of] the copies of the dailed daile K, erroneously, مُحَقَّعَة, TA) A thrust, or piercing, in which is no swerving from the right direction. (S, A, O, L, K.)

1. حقب, (Ş, A, Mşb, K,) aor. -, (A, Mşb, K,)

(a camel) suffered suppression of his urine, (S, Msb,) or had difficulty in staling, (A, K,) in consequence of the pressure of his _____ [or hind girth] upon his sheath, (S, A, K,) which sometimes kills the beast; as also **احقب المقب**. (TA.) And حقبت She (a camel) suffered suppression of her milk in consequence of the pressure of the upon her udder. (A.) _ [Hence,] said of rain, (IAar, L, Msb, K,) &c., (K,) † It was delayed; (L, Msb;) was withheld; (IAar, L, K;) as also **احقب الم**. (TA.) And of a year (عامر), t Its rain was withheld. (S, R, A.) And of a mine, t [It ceased to yield; or] nothing was found in it; as also I. (K, TA.) And of a gift, or benefit, † It became little, or ceased. (TA.) And of an affair, *It became perverted*, marred, or disordered, and impeded. (L.) = See also 8.

4. احقب He girded a camel with a احقب. (S.) - He made a person to ride behind him on the same beast; (A, TA;) as also **استحقب**, (A,) or احتقب , q. v. (TA.) = See also 1, in three places.

8. احتقب He bound a مقيبة behind [on his camel or horse]; (Az, TA;) as also * استحقب: (Ham p. 289:) he bound anything behind the [camel's saddle called] رَحُل (K:) he put on, or conveyed, a since behind him on his horse [or camel]; as also مُقَبَ : (Mşb:) he carried, or conveyed, a thing behind him [on his beast]; as also استحقب : and he made a person to ride behind him on the anima. (TA.) استحقب ♦ and احتقب [Hence,] and استحقب (S, A, K) ; He bore, or took upon himself the burden of, (S, A,) a thing, (S,) good, or evil; (A;) syn. الْحَتَمَل : (S, A :) and laid it up for the future; (A, K;) namely, good, or evil: (A:) for a man [as it were] bears his actions, and lays them up for the future [to be rewarded or punished for them]. (TA.) And hence, احتقب (Ş, Mşb) + [He bore, or tooh upon himself the burden of, the sin; or] he committed the sin: as though it were a thing perceived by the senses, which he bore or carried [behind him]: (Msb:) or as though he collected it into a mass, and conveyed it behind him [as a جقيبة]. (Ş.)

10: see 4 and 8; the latter in three places.

, (A, Mşb, K,) or لَعْبُ (S,) or the latter also, (A, Mşb, K,) i. q. دَهْرٌ; (Ṣ, A, Mşb, K, and Bd in xviii. 59;) [as meaning] A long time: (Bd ib.:) and the former, (S,) or both (A, Msb,* K,) eighty years; (S, A, Msb, K, and Bd ubi suprà;) as some say: (Msb and Bd:) or more: (S, A, K:) or, as some say, seventy: (Bd:) and a year; (A, K;) as also ♥ a. (S, A, K:) or years: (A, K:) pl. of the former [a pl. of mult.], (Ş, TA,) and of the latter, (S, TA,) or former, (Msb,) or of both, (TA,) (S, A, Msb, K) and أَحْقَابُ [both pls. of pauc.]. (Az, K.)

مُعَبًى A camel's hind girth; the girth that is next to the flank: (A, K:) or a rope with which inf. n. مُعَبَّ, (Msb, TA,) It (a camel's urine) | a camel's saddle is bound to his belly, (S, A, Msb, became suppressed : and, elliptically, (Msb,) he K, next to the sheath of his penis, in order that

the fore girth may not draw it forward (S, TA) nor hurt him, (TA,) or in order that the saddle may not shift forward to his withers: (Msb:) pl. أُحْقَابُ. (Mşb.) __ And A cord with which the مَعَابٌ is bound. (ISh, TA.) _ See also حَقَيبَة. In excellent she-camels, Smallness, or slenderness, of the flanks, with tenseness, or firmness, of the skin of those parts : a quality approved. (Az, **TA.)**

A period of time, (A, Mşb, K,) undefined : حقبة (A, Ķ :) accord. to some, i. q. نُحْتُبُ : (Mşb :) see this latter : pl. حَتُوبُ (Ş, Ķ) and حَتُوبٌ (Ķ.)

A thing to which a moman hangs ornaments, and which she binds upon her waist; as also 🕇 حقب: (K:) an ornamented thing which a woman binds upon her waist: (S:) accord. to Az, like the بريم, except that the latter has different-coloured threads. (TA.) __ A thread, or string, that is bound upon the maist of a child to avert the evil eye. (Az, K.) _ The whiteness that appears at the root of the nail. (K.)

مقيبة A bag, or receptacle, (A, TA,) in which a man puts his travelling-provisions; (TA;) and any other thing that is conveyed behind a man [on his beast]: (A [accord. to which this is a proper signification]:) what the rider conveys behind him: (MF [accord. to whom this is a tropical signification, from the same word in the last of the senses mentioned below]:) what is borne, of goods or utensils or the like, upon the horse, behind the rider: (Msb [accord. to which, also, this is tropical]:) anything that is bound at the hinder part of the [camel's saddle called] رَحْل or of the [saddle called] : قُتَب (Ķ :) what is put behind hind their رحًال, in the [receptacles called] that they might put them on in case of war: (Ham p. 458:) a thing like a بَرْدُعَة, [a covering for a camel's back,] of two kinds; namely, that of the [cloth called] جلس, which is hollowed out, so as to admit the upper part of the camel's hump; and that of the [saddle called] قَتَب, which is behind : ISh says that it (the حقيبة) is placed upon the hinder part of the camel, beneath the two hinder curved pieces of wood of the قتب: (TA:) a وفادة [or kind of pad, or stuffed thing,] placed at the hinder part of the قَتَب: (K:) pl. حَقَائبُ. (Ş, A.) You say, مَلَا حَقِيبَتُهُ [He filled his مَدَاً حَقَيبَتُهُ]. (A.) And أَرْدَفَهُ خَلْفَهُ عَلَى الحقيبَة He made him [Hence,] ‡ A thing [of an ideal kind] that one takes upon himself, or lays up for the future [to be rewarded or punished for it]. (A.) You say, He took upon himself a bur- إ احتَمَال حقيبة سوء den of evil: as though he bound it behind him: see 8]. (A, TA.) And البِرْ خَيْرُ حَقِيبَة [Piety is the best thing that one can take upon himself, and lay up for the future to profit thereby]. (A, TA.) _ [Hence also, accord. to the A, which I follow in marking this signification as tropical,

