تَحْفَنْ and مَحْفَنْ The place in which a bird broods upon its eggs to hatch them: (K:) pl. (TA.) [See also what next follows.

[And مَحْفَثُ مَنُ الدَّيْنِ And مَحْفَثُ (TA.) See also what next follows.

A shallow bowl, made of clay, for the pigeon (K, TA) [to lay its eggs therein, and] to brood therein upon its eggs: (TA:) مَحْفَنُ [&c., and] signifies the places, in pigeon-towers, in which the pigeons lay their eggs. (Mgh.) [See what next precedes.]

حضْن see : مُحْتَضَنَ

حضه

1. مَضُونَ , (K,) first pers. مُضُونَ , (Ṣ,) inf. n. مُضُونَ , (Ṣ,) He lighted, or kindled, the fire; or made it to burn, burn up, burn brightly or fiercely, blaze, or flame: (Ṣ:) or he stirred the live coals of the fire after they had become [partially] extinguished. (K. [مُمَنَ , there, seems to be a mistake for مَمَنَ]) It is also with .. (Ṣ, TA. [See art. مُحَدَ.])

i. q. غُورُ [as meaning either A black-smith's fire-place, or the skin with which he blows his fire]. (Ķ.)

fire is stirred; as also i, the latter accord. to those who pronounce the verb with .. (S.)

حط

1. مُطُّهُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA,) aor. عُرَّه , (Mṣb, TA,) inf. n. ., (Msb, K, TA,) He put it down, syn. (Msb, TA,) from a أُنْزَلُهُ K,* TA,) and أَنْزَلُهُ high to a lower place; (Msb;) namely a load, or any other thing from a back; (TA;) a camel's saddle, (S, Msb, TA,) or other thing; (Msb;) a horse's saddle; and a bow; (S, TA;) as also حُطُّ الرُّحْبَالُ عَن ,You say You say احتطَّهُ ♥ He put down the loads from the beasts. (L.) And عَنْهُ وزْرَهُ He put down from him his heavy burden: or this heavy burden of sin]: (S,* K,* TA:) if a real load be intended, this is proper; but if an ideal thing, it is tropical; (TA;) [as when you say,] حُطُّ عَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا [‡Put Thou down from us the burden of our sins]. (K.) And [lit. He put down his camel's saddle;] meaning the stayed, or abode. (TA.) And alone, [elliptically,] + He alighted; or alighted and abode; (Ṣ, TA;) فِي مَكَانِ in a place. (TA.) He threw it down; namely a thing. (TA.) [He paid it down; namely money.] __ He made it to descend, or to go down, or downwards, or down a declivity, (S, K,* TA,) from above to below. (K, TA.) Imra-el-Keys says, [describing a

كَجُلْمُودِ صَغْرٍ حَطَّهُ السَّيْلُ مِنْ عَلِ

[Like a mass of rock which the torrent has made to descend from above]. (TA.) _ [+He lowered him, or degraded him.] _ أَشْقُطُ مِنَ النَّهُنِ كُذًا _ [He abated of the price so much; syn. وَأُسْقُطُ (Mgh, Mṣb;) لَهُ to him. (Mṣb.) And

حَطَطْتُ مِنَ الدَّيْنِ And [See عُطَطْتُ مِنَ الدَّيْنِ I abated [somewhat] of the debt. (Msb.) [See also 10.] حَمَّةُ is also syn. with عَمَّةُ : as in a trad. where it is said of Mohammad, that he sat by a dry branch of a tree, فَقَالَ بِيَدِه وَحَطَّ وَرَقَهَا [And he made a sign with his hand, and removed its leaves]; meaning, scattered its leaves. (AA, الزُّبُدُ يُحَطُّ عَنِ اللَّبَنِ ,TA.) And so in the phrase [The froth is removed, or skimmed off, from the milk]. (TA.) حَمَّةُ السَّعْرُ aor. عُ, (L, TA, [but I think it more probable that the aor. is -, agreeably with analogy, like as some say of . which, accord. to Sh, signifies the same, or nearly so, but accord. to others, the contr. of ... inf. n. and مطوط , (L, K,) ! The price was, or became, low, or cheap; (L, K, TA;) it abated; (Fr ubi انحطً ♦ and so ; قط . (Fr ubi suprà, Ṣ,* TA.) مُعَدُّ الْبَعِيرُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) السَيْرِ (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. مُعَدِّ الْبَعِيرُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) † The camel bore upon his nose-rein (S, K) towards one side, (K,) in yoing; (Ṣ;) as also انحطّ ا: (Ḳ:) or, accord. to signifies †the she- انحطّت النَّاقَةُ فِي سَيْرِهَا camel was quick in her pace; (S, TA;) and so also signifies †vehement حطَّاطُ TA:) and حَطَّت running. (TA.) [From what next follows, it seems that the verb in this sense is of the measure , aor. [.] ___ The poet 'Amr-Ibn-El-Ahtam uses the phrase, حُطِّى فِي هُوَاى, meaning + Rest thou upon my love, and incline my way. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., إِلَى الشَّابِّ she inclined with her heart towards the youth. He launched forth حَطَّ فِي عِرْضِ فُلَانِ ــــ (TA.) into, or pressed on in, the reviling of such a one. (TA:) or he ate much of the food. (A, TA.) inf. n. مُطَّ الجِلْدُ, He polished, or smoothed, the skin; and figured, or decorated, it; (K, TA;) and ruled it, or made lines upon it; (TA;) with the مُحَطَّ (K, TA.)

2: see 1; last sentence but one.

7. أحماً, quasi-pass. of عَلَى ; It was, or became, put down; (Ṣ,* TA;) said of [a load, or any other thing from a back;] a camel's saddle; a horse's saddle; (TA;) [&c.] — He, or it, descended; went down, or downwards, or down a declivity; from above to below. (Ṣ,* TA.) You say, انحط في حَدْر [He descended a declivity]. (Ṣ and TA in art. حدر , from a trad.) — [+ He became lowered, or degraded.] — Said of a price: see 1. — Said of a camel: see 1. — Also + He, or it, went back, or backward: went away: perished. (TA.) — See also R. Q. 1.

8: see 1; first signification.

استطه وزَرَهُ Lowest, rank, or station: for the latter [meaning the ranks, or station: for] which is its pl., (TA,) is explained which is its pl., (TA,) is explained (K, TA,) on the authority of IAar, burden of sin]: (K, TA:) if a real load be intended, this is proper; but if an ideal thing, it is tropical. (TA.) الشَّعَطَّنِي مِنَ الثَّمَنِ , (K, Msb.) or شَعْلُنِي مِنَ الثَّمَنِ , (K, TA) on the authority of IAar, الشَّعَطَّنِي مِنَ الثَّمَنِ , or correctly latter [meaning the ranks, or since the lowest, or meanest, of mankind, reading, as verified by Az. (TA.)

(Msb.) † He asked, demanded, or desired, of me an abatement, a lowering, a diminution, or a lessening, of somewhat, or so much, of the price. (S,* Msb, K.) + He deserved to be lowered, or degraded. (Har p. 258.)

R. Q. 1.

i. q.

is not pointed out]: (Ibn-'Abbád, K:) said of a thing. (Ibn-'Abbád, TA.)

He was, or became, quick, (IDrd, K,) in his walk, or going, and in his work. (IDrd, TA.)

[A petition for the putting down of a heavy burden from one: or, tof the heavy burden of sin: or merely a putting down thereof:] a subst. from استحطّه وزُره, explained above; as also ليطيطي (K.) It is said in the Kur [ii. 55, and vii. 161], وَقُولُوا حَطَّةُ ; i. e. they were for the purpose of asking thereby for the putting down of their heavy burdens from them, and they should be put down from them: (Ibn-Israeel, TA:) the meaning is, And say ye, Put Thou down from us our heavy burdens, (S. TA,) or tour sins: (Ibn-'Arafeh, K:) or [and say ye,] Our petition is ; i. e. that Thou wouldest put down from us our sins: (Aboo-Ishák, K:) or, accord. to some, is a word which the children of Israel were commanded to say; and if they said it, their heavy burdens, or sins, were put down: (S, TA:) accord to IAar, it is the saying لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّا ٱللهُ (TA:) or it means forgiveness: (I'Ab:) or our affair is an alighting and abiding in this town: (Bd in ii. 55:) and which is وَقُولُوا حطَّةً, which is explained in two ways; either by making the verb to govern the noun, as though he had said, and say ye a saying which shall put down from you your heavy burdens, or ! sins; or by making the noun to be in the accus. case as an inf. n. meaning supplicating and petitioning [that God may put down from you your heavy burdens, or [tA:) but : أَحْطُطِ ٱللَّهُمَّ أَوْزَارَنَا حِطَّةً .TA:) they changed this saying, (Fr, Sgh, K,) using for it a Nabathean expression; (Fr, TA;) saying i. e. " red wheat," (Ṣgh, Ķ,) accord. to Es-Suddee and Mujahid; or, accord. to IAar, i. e. "good wheat." (Ṣgh, TA.) حنطة شُهْقَايَا He الحطَّة . i. e. سَأَلُهُ الحطَّيطَى لا You say also, الحطَّة إلى إلى المطَّيطَ إلى إلى إلى المطَّيطَ إلى ال asked of him the putting down of his heavy burden from him: or this sin]. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., that when God tries a person with a trial in his body, هُوَ لَهُ حَطَّةٌ, i. e. It is to him a mode of putting down from him his sins. (TA.) is also A name of the month of Ramadán, in the Gospel, or some other book: (Az, K,* TA:) because it puts down somewhat of the sin of him who observes the fast thereof. (Az, TA.) __Also A decrease, or state of diminution, in respect of rank, or station: (TA:) [or low, or the lowest, rank, or station: for] المطعة (K, TA,) which is its pl., (TA,) is explained as signifying, مراكب (K, TA,) on the authority of IAar, (TA,) the : (K, TA:) مَرَاتِبُ السَّفَلِ or correctly السَّفَلِ latter [meaning the ranks, or stations, of the lowest, or meanest, of mankind,] is the right