Boox I．］
forth，cold and sweet，and is taken by little and little：（Az，TA：）or soft，or plain，ground，in which rater remains and collects：or rugged ground，over which is sand，that collects the rain－ water；so that whenevera bucketful is drawn forth， another collects：（K，TA：）so in the M：（TA：） pl．［of pauc．］：（S，K ）and［of mult．］： （K ：）：
 of water ；and so $\dagger$ ：

1．（Msb，K，）aor．${ }^{\text {，}}$ ，［contr．to general rule in the case of an intrans．$\nabla$ ．of this class， unless the sec．pers．of the pret．be $\underset{\sim}{\prime 2}$ ，which
 It（a plant，or herbage，Mạb，or a shoot of a palm－tree cut off from the mother－tree，or plucked forth from the ground，and planted，K）dried，or dried up．（Msb，K．）［Accord．to my copy of the Mspb，the same is said of a well；but I incline to think that （meaning straw）or some similar word．］You say
 as above，（TA，）or inf．n． as some say， （TA；）The child，or young one，（S，A，K，of a she－camel，（IAar，）dried up in the belly，（\＄，A， $\mathbf{K}$ ，）or womb，（TA，）the time of the birth having been exceeded．（TA．）And عَشَّت الیَرْ，（A，K，） and
 $u p ;(\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{A} ;$ ）and became unsound in its veins or ducts，and so rendered motionless；syn．شُلَّت ： （ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ ：）or，as some say，became slender and
 this case agreeable with general rule，］inf．n．
 herbage］：（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M g h}, \mathrm{Msb}, \mathbf{K}:$ ）and he collected it；as also ${ }^{\prime}$ former signification［only］；and the latter sig－ nifies he sought it，and collected it．（S．，K，TA．） You say also，نَشَّ لِبعِيرهِ He collected dry herbage （بَّ）for his camel．（TA in art．（بقل）And

 the branches of the trees so that its leaves became scattered［for，or upon，his sheep or goats］；like
 A，K，）and so the inf．n．，（TA，）He threw to him （namely a horse）（or dry herbage］；（S， K；）he fed him therewrith．（A，TA．）Az says，I have heard the Arabs say to a man ［Feed thou thy horse with dry herbage］．（TA．） Hence the prov．，أُمشُّكَ وَتْروتُنْي［I feed thee with dry herbage and thou dungest upon me］：（S，A，
 curry thee，＂］it would not be strange：（S：）ap－
plied to him who does evil to one who does，good to him：（ $\mathrm{Az}, \mathrm{K}$ ：）or to any one to whom a benefit has been done and who requites it with the contrary thereof，or is not grateful for it nor profits by it：and thus the prov．is related in the $T$ and $S$ and $M$ and $A$［and $K$ ］；but by＇Abd－es－Selám
 （A，）（S，A，K，）aor．and inf．n．as above，（S，）and Az adds بَ，（TA，）$\ddagger H e$ kindled the fire；or made it to burn，or to burn fiercely；（S．A，K ；）and fed it with fireucood， like as one feeds a beast with （A，TA：） or he collected to it what was scattered of the fire－ nood：（TA：）and he stirred it．（K．）－And ，aor．and inf．n．as above，$\ddagger \boldsymbol{H e}$ kindled， and excited，or provoked，war，or the war．（TA．） —And $\ddagger$ He improved，or made good， the condition，（ $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$, ）or property，（ $\mathbf{O}$, ）of such a one．（ $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ ．）－And plied his property，or made it to be much，（A， K，＊）by［adding to it］the property of another：
 anong，his property：（Skr：）or he strengthened him with property．（El－Báhilee．）－And ，（S，A，O，）aor．and inf．n．as above，（TA，） $\ddagger$ He feathered his arrow：（A，O：）or stuch the feathers upon the sides of his arron：（S：）or mounted them upon his arrow．（TA．）
4．احضُّ It（herbage）became in such a state that it might be cut（ISh，K）and gathered，

 K，and a camel，TA）had her child，or young one，
 ［May God make his arm，or hand，to dry up； or to become unsound in its veins or ducts，and so rendered motionless；］is a form of imprecation
 （K）and collected（TA）［or dry herbaye］ with such a one；（K ；）as though he helped lim in doing so．（TA．）

 ＂．
 K，）but the former is the more common，（Msb，）
 M§夂， $\mathbf{K}^{-}:^{*}$ ）or a garden of palm－trees：（AHát， Msb：）pl． ＿Hence，$\ddagger \dot{A}$ privy；（El－Fárábee， $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{Mgh}$ ，
 （Msb：）because they used to ease themselves in the gardens：（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M g h}, \mathbf{M g b}, \underset{\underset{K}{2}}{\mathbf{K}}$ ）then，when they made privies，they applied thus this appella－ tion ：（Msb：）and in like manner，；；but accord．to the Abridgment of the＇Eyn．，this is proper，not tropical：（Msb：）or this last，also written place in mhich human ordure has become col－ lected：（K ：）the pl．of ${ }^{\text {－2 }}$ as applied to a privy


：عِ
筑：see

مَسِّ
［Having her foetus dried up in her momb］．（L from a verse of Ibn－Mulabil．）
：Dry herbage；（Mṣ；）dry pasture，or fodder：（El－Fárabee，S，Mgh，Msb，K ：）of the
 （Mgb：）what is fresh is not so called：（S，Msp：） but عُ is applied to what is fresh and what is dry ：this，says ISd，is the opinion of the gene－ rality of the lexicologists：some［he adds］assert
 as dry：but he says that this is not correct；［and the like is said in the Mṣb；］for this word is pro－ perly applied to denote dryness and contraction ： ISh says that it is applied to all herbs，or legumi－ nous plants，fresh as well as $d r y$ ；as also عَ and－ stricted，the Arabs mean thereby the herb called نَمبیى when it has become dry and rohite，］in particular；and that this is the best kind of fodder ；that horses thrive upon it，and it is one of the best pastures for camels，or for camels and sheep and goats；a good supply in years of scarcity：（TA：）or it signifies cut herb－ age or pasture；and is of the measure in the
 is with $\overline{0}$ ，signifying a fascicle，or wisp，of （TA：），［and sometimes a herb of any kind：the pl． is day，to Hemp，used for its intoxicating property； both fresh and dry：app．What is termed ，q．v．：and also

 ：see also signifies $A$ child，or young one，that has dried up in the belly

 ［and the rest］，a child，or young one，that perishes in the belly of its mother．（K．）It is said in a
 young one，dried up．（Mgh．）And you bay， أَلْقَتْ وْتَذَا She（a camel）cast forth her young one dried up．（Mşb．）
送 The［last］remains of the spirit（S，A，＊ Msb，K）in the heart，（TA，）［or of life；］in a sick man，（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M} \underset{\mathrm{b}}{\mathrm{b}}, \mathbf{K}$, ）and in one who is nounded；
 sometimes elided．（Msb．）And + Any remains，
 I［There remained not，of manliness，save a last relic going to and fro，or ravering，in the entrails of one at the

