(K:) accord. to some, [حيزون] with in the place of the مر (TA.) = See also مزم

[More, and most, prudent, discrete, or cautious]. Hence the prov., أَحْزُمُ مِنْ حِرْباً، [More prudent, or cautious, than a chameleon]. (Meyd. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 399.]) Also, applied to a horse, (S,) Large, or full, in the sides, or in the sides and belly and flank; contr. of اَهْضَرُ (S, K.) _ And, applied to a camel, (TA,) Large in the عَيْزُوم: (K:) or large in the place of the -ij- [or girth]. (T, حَزْمُر TA.) __ See also

is هـ م أَخْزَابُ . q. بُأَأَخُرُابُ . [pl. of أَخْزَابُ . إِنْ اللهِ أَخْزَابُ a substitute for the ... (TA.)

مُحْزِمْ, of a beast, The part upon which lies the حزام [or girth]. (Ş.)

(Ṣ, Ķ,) and اتحازن; (Ķ;) He was, or became, affected with عزن [q. v.; i. e. he grieved, mourned, or lamented; or was sorrowful, sad, or unhappy; &c.; كُه and كُه for him or it]. (S, Msb, K.) يَ and كَ تَحْزَنُوا y, in the Kur [ix. 40, &c., and iii. 133], do not denote a prohibition of getting خُزْن does not come by the will of man: the real meaning is Do not thou, and ye, that which engenders خزن; do not thou, and ye, acquire حُزْن. (Er-Rághib. [But this requires consideration; or, rather, is not in every case admissible.]) عَزَنَهُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. عَرَنَهُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA,) inf. n. غُزْنُ (Ķ;) and المزنهُ الم He, (another person, S,) or it, (an affair, or an event, or a case, Msb, K,) caused him to be affected with خُزْن [which see below; i. e. grieved him; or caused him to mourn or lament, or to be sorrowful or sad or unhappy; &c.]: (S, Msb, K:) accord. to Yz, (S,) the former is of the dial. of Kureysh; and the latter, of the dial of Temeem: (S, Msb:) and so say Th and Az: (Msb, TA:) but the former is said to be the more approved: (TA:) or, accord. to AZ, the aor. of the former is used, but not the pret.; (Msb, TA;) and when the act is ascribed to God, the latter verb is used: Z, also, says that what is well known in usage is the employing the pret of the latter and the aor. of the former: حَزِين signifies he made him احزنه [q.v.]; and حَزَنَه, [in some copies of the K to be in him: (Sb, K:) مُزْن he made مُزْن or مُزَنَّتُ , it caused him to fall into مُزَنَّتُ , (TA.) مُزَنَّتُ الْأَرْضُ (TA.) مُخُزِنَّتِ الْأَرْضُ and استحزنت ال (TA;) The ground was, or became, rough, (TA,) or rugged and hard. (S.) - One says also of a beast that is not easy to ride upon, يَحْزُنُ الْهَشْيَ [He is rough in pace]:

horses of the angels; (S;) the horse of Gabriel : and فيه حُزُونَة [In him is roughness in pace].

2. يَقُرَأُ بِالتَّحْزِينِ He reads, or recites, with a slender [and plaintive] voice. (S, K.) _ See

The place احزن بنا المَنْزلُ = see 1. احزنهُ of alighting, or abode, was, or became, rough, or rugged and hard, with us: or made us to be on rugged ground. (TA.) _ And احزن He was, or became, in a tract such as is termed خزن [i. e. rugged, or rugged and hard : opposed to أَسْهُلَ. (K.) [And hence,] احزنوا + They used roughness with men: opposed to اسهلوا. (TA in art. سهل.)

5: see 1. تحزّن عَلَيْهِ He expressed pain, grief, or sorrow, or he lamented, or mouned, for, or on account of, him, or it; syn. تُوجّع (Ķ.)

دُنْ Rugged (Ṣ, Msb, K) and hard (Ṣ) ground : (S, Msb, K:) or rugged high ground: (TA: [see also حَزَمُ :]) good land, though hard, is not thus termed: (ISh:) pl. خُزُونْ: (Msb, TA:) and signifies the same as خُزْنُة ﴿ K:) so too, as some say, does مُزُنُّ , with two dammehs; or, as others say, this is a pl. of عُزْن : and you say also أُرْضٌ حَزْنيَّةً السَّامِ [meaning the same as أَرْضٌ حَزْنيَّةً اللهِ اللهِ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ land of a rugged, or rugged and hard, or rugged and high, kind]. (TA.)

and مُزَنِّ (Lth, S, K,) the former said by AA to be used when the nom. or gen. case is employed, and the latter when the accus. is employed; (TA;) or the former is a simple subst., and the latter an inf. n.; (Msb;) Grief, mourning, lamentation, sorrow, sadness, or unhappiness; contr. of : شُوُورُ : (Ṣ, TA:) or i. q. مُرُورُ (Ķ:) or مُدِّ, accord. to common usage, is for some evil that is expected to happen; whereas] خُزُن is grief arising on account of an unpleasant event that has happened, or on account of an object of love that has passed away; and is the contr. of : (El-Munawee, TA:) or a roughness in the spirit, occasioned by grief: (Er-Raghib, TA:) pl. أَحْزَانٌ; (Ķ;) [properly a pl. of pauc.; but] it has no other pl. (TA.) [Hence,] عَامُر السُوزِن The year [of mourning;] in which died Khadeejeh and Aboo-Tálib: (IAar, Th, K:) so called by الحَبْدُ للهُ ٱلَّذِي أُذْهَبَ (IAar, Th.) الحَبْدُ لله ٱلَّذِي أُذْهَبَ in the Kur [xxxv. 31], is said to عُنَّا الْحَزُنُ♥ mean [Praise be to God, who hath dispelled from us] the anxiety () of the morning and evening meals: or all grieving anxiety of the means of subsistence: or the grief of punishment: or of death. (TA.)

خَزَنْ see حَزَنْ, in two places. خُزُنْ عَادِينْ see مُخِرِينْ عَادِنْ. حُزِينْ عَادِنْ عَادِنْ َ حُزُنُ see عَرُنُ عَلَيْهِ .

مَوْنَ Rugged mountains: pl. حَوْنَةُ. (As, S, K.) _ And [hence,] the pl., + Difficulties, hardships, or distresses. (TA.)

A camel that pastures in a tract such as is termed : أَرْضُ حَزْنيَةُ ... (S, TA.) ... عَزْنَ : 500

حُزْن Affected with vehement, or intense, حُزْنَانُ [i. e. grief, mourning, &c.]; as also مُصْزَانُ اللهِ (Ķ,* TA.)

A sheep, or goat, (شَاةً,) evil in disposition. (S, K.)

حَزِينٌ ﴿ Ş, K) and ﴿ عَزِنٌ ﴿ Ş, K) and ﴿ حَزِينٌ (K) Grieving, mourning, lamenting, sorrowful, sad, or unhappy: (S, Msb, * K: * [see also مُحَزُونُ; with which, accord to the K, all seem to be syn.; and with which the first may be regarded as properly syn. on the ground of analogy, being from حِزَانٌ (R, TA) pl. (of the first, TA) أَخَرُنَ and أَنْ (K, TA) and مُزَنَّةً (K, TA) and مُزَنَّةً A soft or gentle, easy, slender, صُوتٌ حَزِينٍ ـ plaintive, and melodious, voice. (TA.) ___ all الحزين A certain bird. (TA. [See art. الحزين]

A man's family, or household, for whose case he suffers grief and anxiety. (S, K.) [And simply One's family, or household.] One says, فُلَانٌ لَا يُبَالِي إِذَا شَبِعَتْ خِزَانَتُهُ أَنْ تَجُوعَ حُزَانَتُهُ [Such a one cares not, when his store-room is full, that his family, or household, suffer hunger]. (A, TA.) = A prior right which the Arabs enjoy over the foreigners, on their first arrival [in the territory of the latter], with respect to the houses and lands: (M, K:) or a condition which the Arabs used to impose upon the foreigners in Khurásán, when they took a town, or district, pacifically, that when the soldiery [of the former] passed by them, singly or in companies, they should lodge them, and entertain them, and supply them with provisions for their march to another district. (Az, TA.)

حزم . in art , حَيْزُومُ see : حَيْزُونَ رهره محزون see :محزن

Grieving, or causing to mourn or lament, &c.,] is applied to an event, or a case; and also, but not خازن, to a voice. (TA.)

. حَزْنَانَ see : محْزَانَ

Grieved; or caused to mourn or lament, or to be sorronful or sad or unhappy; (AA, S, مُحْزُونُ اللَّهْزِمَةِ ــ (K.) .مُحْزَنْ لا بِهِ اللَّهْزِمَةِ app. meaning the angle of الهزمة the lower jaw, or the flesh on that part]: and having the ليزمة hanging down, [by the relaxation of its muscle,] in consequence of grief. (TA.)

1. رَحْزَ الشَّيْءَ (Aṣ, Ṣ,) aor. رَحْزَ الشَّيْءَ (Ṣ,) inf. n. رَحْزِي (Aṣ, ṬĀ;) and رَحْزُي الشَّيْءَ (Aṣ, ṬĀ;) (S,) [inf. n. عزى;] He computed, or determined, the quantity, measure, or the like, of the thing; (\$;) he computed by conjecture the quantity, &c.