Book I.]
gle -
as above, inf. n. verage,) bit his tongue; (AḤn, K, TA ;) a dial. var. of يَذَى , aor., which is the word
 i. e. He poured woith his hand, thren, or cast, the dust in their faces]. (IAth, K.)

 and it, (Mgh,) was, or became, over against, or opposite to, him, or it ; (Ṣ, Mgh, TA ;) faced, or

 (Mgh, Mạb,) inf. n. "مَ : (Mg̣b:) [and] the latter, (S,) or each, (Har p. 43,) signifies he sat over against, or opposite to, him, or it. (S, and
 means site to, her head, of the hair, and does not hang donn below it]. (Mgh. [See another ex. in an
 I came to a land the herbs of which were opposite to the mouths of its sheep, or goats, not rising beyond them. (Sh,
 over against, or opposite to, this tree. (TA.) بَا another girl; she was, or became, her match, fellow, or equal ; syn. تارَبتّها. (A and TA in art.
 a mutual resemblance, or a correspondence, with regard to sound, of two words occurring near

4: see 1, in two places. -_ól also signifies
 see 4 in art. حغى.]

## 5: see 3.

[6. They were, or became, over against, or opposite to, each other; they faced, or fronted, each other. - And They matched each other; each of them nas, or became, the match, fellon, or equal, of the other.]- التَّهَاذِى in selling and buying: see التَرَاُوْضُ. [This, perhaps, may belong to art. .سخى.]
8. التذى He nore, or put on, a sandal, or sandals. (S,TA.) Hence the saying, أَمْذَّى النّعالَ [The best of those who have vorn sandals]. (TA.) A rájiz вays,

* كُلَّ الِهذَاءٍ بَتْتَذِى الهَافِى الوُقْ
[The barefooted whise sole is hurt by the rugged ground and stones will put on any sandal: a prov.]. (Ṣ. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 317.]) - See also 1.

10. $H$. استـهذارة asked him to give him a sandal [or a pair of sandals]. (S, *TA.)
, مَذَة : see in three places. You say also, بَآً الرَّجَلَانِ سَذَتَّهْ The two men came to-
 art.
[originally an inf. n. of 1, q. . .] : see سَذُوٌ in three places.

解 $A$ gift ; (K, and Ham p. 596; ) as also supra :) or a portion that is given of spoil. (S..)
 (K,) or small piece, (TA,) of flesh-meat: (K, TA:) or a piece of flesh cut lengthwise; or so


 TA;)' vulgarly called act : (TA [there written without any syll. signs]:) pl. (Mạb.) † The sole of a camel's foot and of the hoof of a horse (Ṣ, Mab, TA) or similar beast ; (Mab;) as being likened to a نَعْل. (TA.) Hence the saying in a trad., ( $\left(\underset{\text {, }}{ }{ }^{*}\right.$ Mgb,* TA, ) respecting a stray
 Mgb, TA) + With her are her foot, with which she may defend herself from the smaller beasts of prey, and [her stomach, which, by her replenishing it, affords her means of long] endurance of the want of water: ( $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{gb}}$ :) [or] it means that she has ability to traverse the land and to go to
 like the نَنْل. (TA.) =Also, [originally an inf. n.,] i. q. إن [The front, as meaning the part, place, or location, that is over against, opposite, facing,
 [ ${ }^{\text {[ }}$ He sat in the place over against, opposite to, facing, or fronting, him; or simply he sat

 [He, or it, is over ágainst, opposite to, facing, or fronting,


 (S, K) and سَمْ
 house is over against, \&c., his house]; ( $\mathrm{K} ;$ ) and
 [ $H_{e}$ raised his hands over against, or opposite to, not higher than, his ears]: ( $\mathrm{Mgh}^{,}$, $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{gb}}$ :) both are correct expressions. (Mgh.) [Hence, عَلْى حِذَآر وَامَ Corresponding to, or matching, one another ; uniformly disposed.] $=$ See also art.
 is thrown away, of skins, when they are pared and cut: whence the saying in a trad. respecting the bridal furniture of Fátimeh, that one of her two beds was stuffed with ang of the makers of sandals. (TA.)
[perhaps belonging to this art., like as


: A maker of sandals: whence the prov., مَنْ يَكُ حَذَّاهُ تَبُْْ نَعْلَهُ Bk. I.
[ He who is a maker of sandals, his pair of sandals is good]. (TA. [Preytag (Arab. Prov. ii. 605)
 whose father is a maker of sandals, his pair of sandals is good.])
引6 A man wearing a sandal [or a pair of sandals]. (TA.)


## هذى

1. عَذَت الشُّرْرُة النَعْلَ, [aor. and inf. n. as below,] The shoemaker's knife cut the sandal, or sole. (S.) And يَذَى يَدْهُ He cut, or cut off; his arm, or hand, ( $\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ) with a knife. (S.) And مَذَى أُدْنَهُ He cut off a piece of his enr.
 wounded the shin. (TA.) And (K,) inf. n. or he made many holes in, the skin, or hide. ( $\mathbf{K}$,
 or ${ }^{\prime}$, (TA,') aor. as above, (S, Mgh, Mspb, and so the inf. n., (S, TA, $\ddagger I t$, namely, vinegar, and wine, or beverage, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}_{\mathrm{g}}$ ) and [sour] milk, ( $\mathbf{M g h}, \mathbf{K}$, ) \&c., (K,) bit his tongue, (S, Mgh, $\mathbf{K}$,) and his mouth; (S, TA;) had a burning effect
 $\ddagger$ He spoke evil of such a one, saying of him what mould grieve him if he heard it; reviled, vilified, or vituperated, him; (K, TA;) [as though] he cut him nith his tongue. (TA.) A man who does so is termed $\downarrow$. next follows.
2. pers. somenhat: (Mgh:) he gave him a portion, or share, of spoil. ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{Mgh}, \mathrm{K}$. ) [See also 4 in art.
 thrust, piercing thrust, or stab;] I thrust, pierced, or stabbed, him. (Lh, TA.)
3. 1 The party, or company of men, divided among themselves ( $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) water equally; like تصالنوا. (TA.) - See also 6 in art.

## .

مُغْتُةُ, with damm, The diamond with which stones are cut and bored. (TA.)

- A piece cut lengthnise ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$ ) of flesh-meat : (As, $\mathbb{S}$ : ) or a small piece ( $\mathbf{K}$ ) thereof.

 مَا يُعْبِّهُ + [ Fátimeh is only a piece of me': what distresses, or grieves, her, distresses, or grieves,
 by side : ( $\mathbf{(}, \mathrm{TA}$ :) and so Fo , mentioned in art. (TA.) $=A$ gift; as also (TA) and
 art., and Ham ubi suprà) [See also
:ُذْيَا: see what next precedes. - Also A share,

