as above, inf. n. مُذُوّ, (TA,) † It (wine, or beverage,) bit his tongue; (AHn, K, TA;) a dial. var. of مَذَى, aor. يَعْنِى, which is the word حَذَا التَّرَابُ فِي سطال well known. (AḤn, TA.) محذَا التَّرَابُ فِي i. q. مُثَاهُ [i. e. He poured with his hand, threw, or cast, the dust in their faces]. (IAth, K.)

مُحَاذَاة , (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) inf. n. مُحَاذَاة , (Msb, TA) and مَذَة , (Msb,) He, (Mgh, Msb,) and it, (Mgh,) was, or became, over against, or opposite to, him, or it; (S, Mgh, TA;) faced, or fronted, him, or it; (TA;) syn. iji, (Msb,* K,) , يَحْذُو , aor ,حَذَاهُ ♦ TA;) as also , قَابَلُهُ , aor. (Mgh, Msb,) inf. n. عَدُو: (Msb:) [and] the latter, (S,) or each, (Har p. 43,) signifies he sat over against, or opposite to, him, or it. (S, and مَا يَحْذُو اللَّهُ مِنَ الشَّعَرِ وَلا يَسْتَرْسِلُ (Ḥar ibid.) means ما يَاليه [i. e. What is against, or opposite to, her head, of the hair, and does not hang down below it]. (Mgh. [See another ex. in an explanation of أَتَيْتُ أَرْضًا One also says, اتَعْرَةُ I came to a land قَدْ حَذَا لا بَقْلُهَا عَلَى أَفْوَاهِ غَنَهِهَا the herbs of which were opposite to the mouths of its sheep, or goats, not rising beyond them. (Sh, TA.) And تَحَدُّ بِحِذَاءً هَذِهِ الشَّجَرَة Be thou over against, or opposite to, this tree. (TA.) said of a girl, She matched her, namely, another girl; she was, or became, her match, fellow, or equal; syn. تَارَبَتْهَا. (A and TA in art. signifying A conformity, مُحَاذَاةً a mutual resemblance, or a correspondence, with regard to sound, of two words occurring near together; like إزدوائي &c.: see art. ازدوع.]

4: see 1, in two places. ___ also signifies He gave him a thing. (TA.) [See عَذُوة and see 4 in art. حذى.]

5: see 3.

Bk. I.

[6. تَحَازَا They were, or became, over against, or opposite to, each other; they faced, or fronted, each other. __ And They matched each other; each of them was, or became, the match, fellow, or equal, of the other.] __ التَّمَادِي in selling and buying: see التَّرَاوُضُ. [This, perhaps, may belong to art. حذى.]

8. احتذى He wore, or put on, a sandal, or sandals. (Ṣ, TA.) Hence the saying, خَيْرُ مَن The best of those who have worn آحْتُذُي النَّعَالَ sandals]. (TA.) A rájiz says,

كُلَّ الحذَاءِ يَحْتَذي الحَافي الوَقعُ

[The barefooted whose sole is hurt by the rugged ground and stones will put on any sandal: a prov.]. (S. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 317.]) _ See also 1.

10. استحذاه He ashed him to give him a sandal [or a pair of sandals]. (S,* TA.)

ندّة: see حَذَة, in three places. _ You say also, جَاءَ الرَّجُلَانِ حِذَتَيْنَ The two men came together, side by side. (TA.) [See also حَذُيَة, in art. حذي]

in three places.

. حُذَاوَةً see عَدُاء عَدَادَة and see also : حُذُوة

مَدُوَةً A gift; (K, and Ham p. 596;) as also ُحُذُيًا *; (TA;) or حُذُيًا: (Mgh, and Ḥam ubi suprà:) or a portion that is given of spoil. (S.) [See also حُذْيًا, in art. حَدْي.] — And A piece, (K,) or small piece, (TA,) of flesh-meat: (K, TA:) or a piece of flesh cut lengthwise; or so حَذَّيَةٌ See also, accord. to some. (Mgh.) [See also, حَذْيَةٌ in art. حذًا See also مذًا, in three places.

مَنَاءٌ , (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA;) vulgarly called عذوة: (TA [there written without any syll. signs]:) pl. أَحْذَيَةُ. (Msb.) ___ + The sole of a camel's foot and of the hoof of a horse (S, Msb, TA) or similar beast; (Msb;) as being likened to a نَعْل (TA.) Hence the saying in a trad., (Ṣ,* Mṣb,* TA,) respecting a stray (S) مُعَهَا حَذَاؤُهَا وَسَقَاؤُهَا وَسَقَاؤُهَا (S, she-camel, (Msb, TA,) Msb, TA) + With her are her foot, with which she may defend herself from the smaller beasts of prey, and [her stomach, which, by her replenishing it, affords her means of long] endurance of the want of water: (Msb:) [or] it means that she has ability to traverse the land and to go to water. (TA.) __ + A wife; because she is مُوطُوءَة, like the نُعُل. (TA.) Also, [originally an inf. n.,] i. q. [j] [The front, as meaning the part, place, or location, that is over against, opposite, facing, fronting, or in front]. (S, K.) One says, جَلُس [He sat in the place over against, opposite to, facing, or fronting, him; or simply he sat and هُوَ حَذَاءَك over against, &c.]. (Ş.) And in the CK, erroneously, حَذَتَكُ ♥ and حَذُوتَكُ ♥ and مُحَاذَاكَ and مَحَاذَاكَ and مَحَاذَاكَ # and حَذُوتُكَ over against, opposite to, facing, or fronting, thee]; (K;) and المِزَائِكُ ; i. e. بازَائِكُ. (Kin حَذُوَةً ♦ and (\$) دَارِي حِذَاءَ دَارِه And (.حذى art. حَذَةَ ♦ داره and (؟) حُذُوةَ ♦ داره Ş, K) and داره and حذُوةُ أ داره and حَذُو ا داره (Ş, K) and [My] أَزَاءَهَا i.e. كَذُولًا داره and حَذَةً لا داره house is over against, &c., his house]; (K;) and رَفَعَ يَدَيْهِ حَذُو ً Msb.) And بِحِذَاءِ داره [50] He raised his hands over حذاً الزنيه and أُذُنَّيه against, or opposite to, not higher than, his ears]: (Mgh,* Msb:) both are correct expressions. (Mgh.) [Hence, عَلَى حِذَاءِ وَاحِدٍ Corresponding to, or matching, one another; uniformly منى ... See also art. حنى.

What falls, and حُذُوةً * and حَذُاوَةً is thrown away, of skins, when they are pared and cut: whence the saying in a trad. respecting the bridal furniture of Fátimeh, that one of her of the makers of حذوة sandals. (TA.)

perhaps belonging to this art., like as حُذُيًّا : [حجو and حدو belong to arts حُدَيًّا مَجِذَاءٌ and art. حَذَى and see also حَذُوةً

A maker of sandals: whence the prov., مَنْ يَكُ حَدَّآءٌ تَجُدْ نَعْلَاهُ

originally an inf. n. of 1, q. v.]: see عَذْق , [He who is a maker of sandals, his pair of sandals عَذْو is good]. (TA. [Freytag (Arab. Prov. ii. 665) gives it thus: مَنْ يَكُنْ أَبُوهُ حَدَّاءً تَجُدْ نَعْلَاهُ He whose father is a maker of sandals, his pair of sandals is good.])

> A man wearing a sandal [or a pair of sandals]. (TA.)

. حَذَاً: Bee : هُوَ مُحَاذَاكَ

1. حَذَت الشَّفْرَةُ النَّعْلَ , [aor. and inf. n. as below, The shoemaker's knife cut the sandal, or sole. (Ṣ.) And حَذَى يَدُهُ He cut, or cut off, his arm, or hand, (T, S, K,) with a hnife. (S.) And حَذَى أَذُنَهُ He cut off a piece of his ear. (TA.) مَدْني الجِلْدَ ... (TA.) مَذَى الجِلْدَ ... (TA.) wounded the skin. (TA.) And بُدنى الإهاب , (K,) inf. n. مَذَى, (TA,) He rent, or tore, much, or he made many holes in, the skin, or hide. (K, (A) فَاهُ TA.) مَذَى لَسَانَهُ لِـ (A, Mgh, K,) and مَذَى لَسَانَهُ لِـ (A) or فَهُهُ, (TA,) aor. as above, (S, Mgh, Msb,) and so the inf. n., (S, TA,) ‡ It, namely, vinegar, and wine, or beverage, (S, Mgh,) and [sour] milk, (Mgh, K,) &c., (K,) bit his tongue, (S, Mgh, K,) and his mouth; (S, TA;) had a burning effect He spoke evil of such a one, saying of him what would arieve him if he heard it; reviled, vilified, or vituperated, him; (K, TA;) [as though] he cut him with his tongue. (TA.) A man who does so is termed محذَّا: ♦ (K, TA.) == See also what next follows.

4. أحذاه (S, Mgh, K;) as also أحذاه , first pers. حَذَيْتُ; (Mgh;) He gave him a thing, or somewhat: (Mgh:) he gave him a portion, or share, of spoil. (S, Mgh, K.) [See also 4 in art. I gave him u أَحُذَيْتُهُ طُعْنَةُ [Hence,] ـــ[.حذو thrust, piercing thrust, or stab;] I thrust, pierced, or stabbed, him. (Lh, TA.)

• The party, or com! تحاذي القَوْمُ فيهَا بَيْنَهُمْ .6 pany of men, divided among themselves (K, TA) water equally; like تصافنوا. (TA.) _ See also حذو .6 in art

حَذَيَة see حَدْيَ

with damm, The diamond with which, حُذْيَةً stones are cut and bored. (TA.)

A piece cut lengthwise (As, S, K) of flesh-meat: (As, S:) or a small piece (K) thereof. (TA.) [See also حَدُّوة, in art. حَدُو.] Hence the saying in a trad., إِنَّهَا فَاطِهَةُ حِذْيَةً مِنِّي يَقْبِضُنِي † Fátimeh is only a piece of me: mhat distresses, or grieves, her, distresses, or grieves, me]. (TA.) — جَاءًا حِذْيَتُيْن They two came side $\mathit{by}\;\mathit{side}:\;(\texttt{K}, \texttt{TA}\:\dot{:})\;\mathrm{and}\;\mathsf{so}$ جاءًا حذتين, mentioned in art. حذى (TA.) = A gift; as also حذى (TA) and مذياً (Mgh, and Ham p. 596,) or مَدُوّة (TA in art. مَدُوّة, (K in that art., and Ḥam ubi suprà.) [See also حُذَيًّا.]

see what next precedes. __ Also A share,