getting, or attaining: (A:) [and so أُحَدُّ اليَد, as is implied in the S and L.] El-Farezdak uses the expression أُحَدُّ يَد القّبيص, (Ş, L,) meaning thereby نَاقَةُ حَدَّاءُ (L.) أَحَدُّ اليَد † A she-camel quick in pace. (A.) \_\_ in the thing the sharp, quick, active mind. (L.) \_\_ نَارُ أَحَدُ A very quick, unpleasant journey or pace. (A.) See also أَمْرُ أَحَدُّ مَا لَمُ الْمَالُمُ An affair, or event, quick in passing: (L:) or decisive and quick: (TA:) or severe and abominable; (A, L, K;) without a parallel: (A:) or as though it eluded every one, so that he could not attain to it, and was not sufficient for it: (A:) pl. ...................... (L, K.) An oath which a man takes يَبِين حَذَّاءُ ـــ quickly: (§, K:) or an abominable, severe oath, whereby one decides a right, or due: (A, L:) some say جَدْاً: (Ṣ.) It is said in a prov., تَزْبُدها أ عُدُّانَ He swallowed it [i. e. took it, namely, an oath, hastily,] like as one swallows butter. (TA.) -An energetic and effective reso عَزِيمَةٌ حَدَّاءُ ـــ lution, from which one does not turn to anything (A.) عَاجَةُ حَذَّاءً لا A light want, quickly accomplished. (A, L.) \_ رَحْمُ حَذَّاءً \_ bond of relationship [cut, or severed, or] not made close by affection; expl. by إِذَا لَمْر تُوصَلْ (Fr, Ṣ, Ķ:) as also أَخُذُ أَبِثُ [q. v.]. (Fr, Ş.) مَثَاءُ see بَارِينَا عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى الل

## حذر

رَاحَتُدُر \* aor. -, inf. n. عَذَرُ and المَدَر \* at المَدَر . 1. (Msb, K;) He was cautious, wary, or vigilant; was on his guard; took care; (K, TA;) was in a state of preparation; (Msb;) was in fear; أحتذر♥ and حذِر مِنْ أَمْرِ ,You say حذِر مِنْ أَمْرِ if e was cautious, &c., of a thing, or an event. and احتذر لا and حَذِرَ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ كُذَا And احتذار الله عَلَيْهِ مِنْ كُذَا cautious, &c., for him, of such a thing. And both verbs are also trans.: for you say,] حَذْرَهُ (S, A, Msb,) aor. and inf. n. as above; (S;) and احتذره (TA,) and خاذره ; (A;) He was cautious of it; guarded, or was on his guard, against it; (S, A;) prepared, prepared himself, or was in a state of preparation, against it; (TA;) feared it. (Msb, TA.) [And عُذر He was cautious of doing احتذر♥ and اُنْ يَغْعَلُهُ it; or he feared doing it.] And خُذِرَ الشَّيْءُ فَحَذِرَهُ The thing wus an object of fear, and so he feared it. (Msb.) And حُذِرٌ البَوْتُ Death was an object of fear]: and حاذر البَوْتَ He feared death]. (A.)

2. اَحَذِيرُ [The cautioning another; putting him on his guard; making him to be cautious or wary or vigilant, to be on his guard, to take care, or to be in a state of preparation;] the making to fear, or be in fear. (Ṣ, TA.) [You say, حَذَرُهُ الأُمْرِ He cautioned him against a thing. And the verb is also doubly trans.: you say,] حَذَرُهُ الأُمْرُ [He cautioned him against, or made him to fear, the thing, or event]. (TA.) And it is said in the Kur [iii. 27 and 28], مَحَذَرُهُ اللهُ نَعْمُهُ وَصَلَّمُ اللهُ يَعْمُهُ وَصَلَّمُ اللهُ يَعْمُهُ وَصَلَّمُ اللهُ يَعْمُونُ وَصَلَّمُ اللهُ وَاللهُ يَعْمُونُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ يَعْمُونُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ يَعْمُونُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ يَعْمُونُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ

3. أَذُوا (ṬĶ,) inf. n. أَذُوا (Ṣ, Ķ) and مَذَارُ (Ṣ,) They two were cautious, or in fear, each of the other; were on their guard, or in a state of preparation, each against the other. (TĶ.) مَذَارُ نَّهُ syn. with مُذَارُةً (Ṣ,) and أَدَارُةً is between two. (Ķ.) — See also 1, in two places.

8: see 1, in five places.

11. احذار He was angry, (K,) and prepared himself to do mischief, (TA,) and drew himself together (تَقَبَّفُن): so in some copies of the K and in other lexicons: or became enraged (اَنَعُيِّفُ): so in other copies of the K. (TA.)

عدر: see what next follows, in two places.

inf. n., (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and the latter a simple subst., (Mṣb,) Caution, wariness, vigilance, guard, or care; (Ṣ, A, K;) as also أَمَنُورَهُ (K;) or a state of preparation; (Mṣb;) or fear; (Mgh,\*
TA;) and so أَمَنُورَةُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K:) [pl. أَمَنَارُ You say, أَمَنُ مَنْ اللهُ He took care; was cautious, or vigilant. (Bḍ in iv. 73 and 103.) And مَنَا اللهُ اله

مَذُر, and its pl.: see what next follows.

خزر (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K) and مُذرُ (Ṣ, A, K) Cautious; wary; vigilant; on his guard; careful; (Ṣ;) or in a state of preparation; (Mṣb;) as also إَحَادُرُ (Ṣ, A, Mṣb;) and fearful: (Ṣ:) or very cautious or wary or vigilant or careful; as also (K) and مَذُورُكُ (K) and مَذُورُكُ (K, K:) or this last signifies very fearful and cautious &c.: (Ṣ:) pl. of the first مَذُرُونُ used transitively,

[Cautious, or very cautious, of things not to be feared, and trusting in that which will not save him from the decrees of destiny]: but this is extr.; for an epithet of the measure is not [regularly] trans., so as to govern an objective complement. (S, TA.) In the Kur xxvi. 56, some read خذرون; and some, مناورن and خذرون: مناورن signifying in a state of preparation; (Zj, S;) or fully equipped with arms: (Sh:) and مناورن in a state of fear; (S;) or in a state of preparation with the accoutrements of war; (Ibn-Mes'ood;) or cautious, or vigilant. (Zj.)

see what next precedes.

حَذِرُ عُوهُ : حِذْرِيَانُ

الْكُذُرَّى, [like الْبُذُرَّى,] What is false, vain, or ineffectual; syn. البَاطِلُ. (K.)

ا حَذَارِ [an imperative verbal noun] meaning Beware; be cautious, wary, or on thy guard; or take care. (Ṣ, A, Ķ.) The poet (Abu-n-Nejm, TA) says,

ا حَذَارِ مِنْ أَرْمَاحِنَا حَذَارِ

Beware of our spears: beware. (§, A.) And you say, سَعَتْ صَذَارِ فِي صَنَكُرهِ [The cry "Beware" was heard in their army]. (TA.) When the word is repeated, the second is sometimes with tenween: (K:) but this is only in poetry, when required by the metre, as in the following verse, cited by Lh:

[Beware, beware of the horsemen of Dárim, O Aboo-Khálid, before that thou repent]. (TA.)
You say also, حَذَارِكُ, [with the & of allocution,] meaning Beware thou. (Lh, TA.) And when you caution a person [against another], عَذَرُكُ [Beware thou of Zeyd]; (K,\* TA;) and زَيْدًا رَبُدُ (K,) which latter means Beware thou, and beware thou again, of Zeyd: both then [also] being verbal nouns. (TA.)

أَنَا حَذِيرُكَ مِنْهُ [A cautioner]. You say, عُذِيرُ i. e. صُدِّرُكَ [I am thy cautioner against him, or it]; (TA;) or أُحَدِّرُكُهُ [I caution thee against him, or it]: (K:) known to As as heard only from Lth. (TA.) [See also what next follows.]

اریات Persons who make others to fear: (K:) or rather, as others than F explain it, مُنْدُرُونَ [cautioners, or warners, &c.]. (TA.)

مَذِرُ see عَادِرُونَ and حَادِرُ

. حَذِرُ see : حَاذُورَةُ

أَحْذُرُ الْخُرَابِ [More, and most, cautious, wary, vigilant, careful, or fearful]. You say, أَحْذُرُ مِنَ الغُرَابِ More fearful [or cautious, &c.] than the raven: a prov. (Mgh.)

A thing that is feared. (Msb.) One says, وَقَاكَ أَلللهُ كُلَّ مَحْدُورِ [May God preserve thee from everything that is feared]. (A.)

A calamity that is feared, or regarded with caution: (K:) or a troop of horse making a hostile attack, or incursion, upon a people: or i. q. عَيْثُ [app. as meaning a hostile attack, or incursion, when it comes upon a tribe suddenly, or unexpectedly; or it may here mean a punishment, or chastisement; or a crying-out, which is the primary signification]: (A:) and war. (K.)

— See also مُذُرُّ , in two places.

## حذف

1. حَذَفَهُ, (Ṣ,\*Mgh, Mṣb, K, &c.,) aor. -, (Mgh, Mṣb, K,) inf. n. حَذُكُ , (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb,) He cut