He repaired, or betook himself, to the limits, or boundaries, of a country, or town.

(L.) And عدد الله and على He repaired, or betook himself, to him, or it. (K.) As an intrans. v., inf. n. تحديد, It (seed-produce) mas late in coming forth because of the lateness of rain, (K, TA,) and then came forth [pointed,] without forking, or shooting forth into separate stalks or stems. (TA.)

3. أَرْضَكُمْ Our land borders upon or is conterminous with, your land; syn. تُتَاخِبُهُا (K in art. حادة [And hence,] مادة (L, K,) inf. n. مَحَادَة, (S,) # He acted towards him with reciprocal anger and enmity (L, K) and opposition or contrariety or repugnance, (S, K,) contending with him, (TA,) and refusing to do what was incumbent on him: (S:) like شَاقَّة: as though meaning he became in the Jo, i. e. the side, region, quarter, or tract, in which was (or opposite to that in which was, Zj) his enemy; like means he became in the شاقه i. e. the side, or quarter, in which was [or opposite to that in which was] his enemy: (L:) and تحادّه , (TA,) inf. n. تَحَادّ, (S,) signifies the same. (S, TA.)

4: see 1, in three places.

5: see 1, last sentence.

6: see 3.

7. انحد It was, or became, slender. (TA in art. اابر.) — See 1, latter part.

8: see 1, latter part, in three places.

10. است as a trans. v.: see 1. — Also † He shaved (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ) his pubes (Ṣ, Mgh) nith [a razor of] iron: (Mgh, Ķ:) derived from مريدُ.
(Mgh.) — See also 1, last sentence.

عُدْ رَآهَا the phrase يَا حَدْ رَآهَا see أَحَدُ, in art.

Prevention, hinderance, an impediment, a mithholding, restraint, a debarring, inhibition, forbiddance, prohibition, or interdiction; (S, Mgh, L, Msh, K, TA;) as also : (S, L, K:) and, both words, a repelling, or an averting. (K. [See 1.]) A poet says, (S,) namely, Zeyd Ibn-'Amr Ibn-Nufeyl, (TA,)

[Ye shall by no means worship any deity except your Creator; and if ye be invited to do so, say ye, There is an impediment in the way of it, or a prohibition against it]. (S, TA.) And one says, ﴿ كُونُ مَا سُلُتُ عَنْهُ كَذَهُ لَا لَهُ ﴿ (A,* L) There is an impediment, or a prohibition, in the way of that respecting which thou hast ashed. (L.) And if the property of the property

are lawful thereof and what are unlawful: (T, L:) the second kind, castinations, or nunishments. prescribed, or appointed, to be inflicted upon him who does that which he has been forbidden to do; (T, Mgh, L;) as the _ of the thief, which is the cutting off of his right hand for stealing a thing of the value of a quarter of a deenar or more; and that of the fornicator or fornicatress, which is flogging with a hundred stripes and banishment for a year; and that of the adulterer or adulteress, which is stoning; and that of the person who [falsely] charges an honest or a married woman with adultery, which is flogging with eighty stripes [as is also that of the person who has committed the crime of drunkenness]: (T, L:) the first kind are called because they denote limits which God has forbidden to transgress: the second, because they prevent one's committing again those acts for which they are appointed as punishments; (T, Mgh, L;) or because the limits thereof are determined: (Mgh:) the latter kind of is also explained as being that [castigation, or punishment,] which prevents the criminal from returning to his crime, and prevents others from committing his crime. (L, K.*) بُوْ رَأَيْتُهُ عَلَى حَدِّ in a saying of 'Omar, means 'Hadst thou seen him engaged in an affair requiring the infliction of the (Mgh.) _ A bar, an obstruction, a partition, or a separation, (S, A, Mgh, L, Msb,*K,) between two things, (S, A, L, K,) or between two places, (Mgh,) [or between two persons,] to prevent their commixture, or confusion, or the encroachment of one upon the other: (L:) an inf. n. used as a subst.: (Mgh:) pl. عدود. (L.) _ A limit, or boundary, of a land or territory: pl. as above. (L.) [Hence, † He, or it, exceeded the proper, due, or common, limit; was excessive, immoderate, beyond measure, enormous, inordinate, or exorbitant.] - [And hence, in logic, + A definition.] It is applied by the learned to the حَقيقة of a thing, [or that by being which a thing is what it is,] because it is [a term] collective and restrictive. (Mgh.) __ The end, extremity, or utmost point, of a thing: (S, L, K:) pl. as above. (L.) _[† The point, or verge, of an event.] The saying مُسْلِمَةٌ مَوْقُوفَةٌ عَلَى حَدِّ مَحْرَمِ means +AMuslimeh brought to the point, or verye, of being subjected to an infidel's lying with her: and in like manner, مُسْلِمُ مَوْقُوفُ عَلَى حَدِّ كُفْرِ Muslim brought, by beating or slaughter, to [the point, or verge, of] denying God. (Mgh.) ___ The edge, or extremity of the edge, (S, L,) and point, (L,) of anything, (S, L,) as of a sword, a knife, a spear-head, and an arrow: (L:) the part of a sword [&c.] with which one cuts: (MF:) pl. as above. (L.) __ See also حدّة, in four places. __ [And hence, app.,] Arms, or reapons; as in the phrase ذُوو حَدِّ [Possessors] of arms or weapons: or this may mean ! persons endowed with valour]. (Ham p. 143.) ___ A side, region, quarter, or tract. (L.) _ + Station, مَرْتَبَدُ standing, rank, condition, or the like; syn. مَرْتَبَدُ

ables and drinkables and marriages &c.; what are lawful thereof and what are unlawful: (T, L:) the second kind, castigations, or punishments, prescribed, or appointed, to be inflicted upon him who does that which he has been forbidden to do; (T, Mgh, L;) as the مَدُورُ وَ وَلَا لَهُ اللّٰهُ عَلَى اللّٰهُ الل

مَدُّةُ A small quantity of water or milk &c. remaining in a vessel or skin; syn. غُثْبُةُ and . (K.)

[Sharpness of a sword, a knife, or the like: see 1]. _ [And hence,] \$\frac{1}{2}Sharpness, or hastiness, of temper; irascibility, passionateness, (Ks, S, L, K:) | sharpness [or effectiveness] in respect of eloquence, and of intellect or understanding, and of anger: (L:) | sharpness, penetrating energy, vigorousness, effectiveness, and brishness, in the performance of affairs; and also, in matters of religion, with ambition to attain what is good: from 5 as signifying the "edge" of a sword [&c.]: (L:) and the latter word. [or rather both,] ta man's sharpness, penetrating energy, or vigour, in the exercise of courage; his mettle; (L;) his valour, or valiantness, in war. Verily إِنَّهُ لَبَيِّنُ الحَدِّ ♥ (Ṣ, A, L, Ķ.) You say he is one who displays sharpness like that of a knife. (L.) and vi, as denoting a quality of anything, are syn. (K.) [Both signify + Sharpness; vehemence; force; and strength: and] both, + the force, or strength, of wine and the like; syn. سُورة; (Msb and K, in explanation of the former, [which is the more common,] in art. ضَلَابَةُ meaning ; شَدَّةٌ (MF;) and ; سور L and K in explanation of the latter in the present art.) [Also, the former, + Pungency; acridness.] see عَدْدُ: see عَدْدُ first four sentences. ___ You say also, مَا لِي عَنْ هٰذَا الأَمْرِ حَدَدُ (\$, A,*) and رُمُحُدُّ ﴿ K,) and لَى عَنْهُ مُحَدُّدً ﴿ K,) and لَى عَنْهُ مُحَدِّدًا with damm, of the same measure as مُكْرَمُ, (TA,) or v., (so in the CK,) I have no may of avoiding, or escaping, this thing. (Ṣ, A, Ķ.) And مَا أَجِدُ مِنْهُ مُحْتَدًا V وَلاَ مُلْتَدًا V وَلاَ مُلْتَدًا Vway of avoiding, nor any way of escaping, it. (S.) = Also, (L,) and مُحدُود , (Msb,) Prevented, hindered, impeded, withheld, restrained, debarred, inhibited, forbidden, prohibited, or inderdicted. (L, Msb.) You say, هُذَا أَمْرِ حَدَد This is a forbidden, or prohibited, thing; a thing unlamful to be done, or committed. (S. [See عَدَدًا أَنْ يَكُونَ كَذَا And المَّذَ يَكُونَ كَذَا (S,* A, L) Forbidden be it that it should be so: (Ṣ, مُعَازُ ٱللهِ قَدْ حَدّ ٱللهُ ذِلكَ عَنّا (Ṣ, also signifies A disallowed, and vain, or false, thing or affair. (L.) And cases A vain, or false, pretension. (S, L, K.)

nance, or statute, of God, respecting things lawful and things unlawful: pl. عَدُود (L.) The عَدُود (L.) The عَدُود (L.) — † Station, of God are of two kinds: first, those ordinances standing, rank, condition, or the like; syn. العَادَةُ for prescribed to men (T, Mgh, L) respecting eat- (KL.) — [† A case: as when a noun is said; and hence, for عُدُود [] occurring in