 or fat that is melted and collected：（K，TA：）or fat that is melted，and，whenever it drips，made to drip upon bread，and then replaced over the fire［that it may drip again ：see جَهْت］：（TA：）
 grease．（Mgh，＂TA．）［See also ©er．］mence， accord．to Abu－l－＇Alà，because，when a man be－ comes fat and in good condition，his
 （ K, ）or this last denotes a higher degree of beauty than （TA，）and $\downarrow$（TA，）Beautiful，goodly， comely，or pleasing，（S，M，Mgh，K，）in person， （ $\mathrm{M}, \mathbf{K}$ ，）and good in action，or actions，or beha－ viour，（M，TA，）or also in moral character： （K：）［like the Greek кa入òs，the Latin pulcher， the French beau，\＆c．；and so ：غن：：］or elegant， or pretty；i．e．，delicately，or minutely，beautiful： （Mझb：）［or characterized by much goodness，or beauty or goodliness or comeliness，in his mind，or in his person，or in his actions or behaviour；and also characterized by much goodness communicated from him to others：see （TA：）fem．（S，Mgh，Mяb，K， applied to a woman；（ $\dot{\mathbf{S}}, \mathrm{Mgh}, \mathrm{M} \underset{\mathrm{B}}{ }$ ；）as also v，（Ks， $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$, ）［said to be］an instance of［the measure］${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ having no［masc．of the measure］
 any female as signifying perfect，or complete，in body．（Ibn－＇Abbad，K．）It is said in a trad．，إنَّ Verily God is comely in deeds，（TA，）or an Abundant Bestomer of good things：He loveth those who are of the like cha－ racter．（Er－Rághib，TA．）And you say，عَامَلَهُ He treated him nith comely，or pleasing，
 coaxed him，or wheedled him，nith comely，or pleasing，behaviour or specch］．（ISd，K．［See 3．］）
 because they embellish by their presence，and render good，the seasoning of food；or because they take away the flesh－meat，and dry up the food．（Har p．227．）

託年：see the next paragraph．
 hord，or distinct number，of caméls ；（K ；）men－ tioned before as a pl．of［q．v．］：（TA：）or， of she－camels among which is no he－camel；as
 tradictory to a saying of ISk［respecting بَهْ mentioned above［voce جهمل；；where all these three words are said to be pls．of
 pl．；though，in relation to ${ }^{2}$ á ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ，it may be a coll．gen．n．，forming its n．un．with o］．（AA，K．）

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乐 A number of gazelles together ：and of pigeons．（Ibn－＇Abbád，K．）
：applied to a man，（S，Msb，K， ）Large in make：（S，Msb：）or tall in body：（Mgb：）or firm［in make］，（K，）or big in limbs，complete in
make，（TA，）like a he－camel．（K，TA．）And with o applied to a she－camel，（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ）Resembling a he－camel in greatness of make：（\＄：）or firm （K，TA）in make，（TA，）like a he－camel（K，TA） in greatness of make and in strength．（TA．）
 and rope of a ship，（S，K，）i．e．，the thich rope thereof， （TA，）that is also called of［a number of $]$ ropes put together：（ $(\mathbf{O}:$ ）and $\rightarrow$ also signifies［the same；or］a thich rope， because consisting of many strands put together； pl． as meaning the ropes of bridges；but I＇Ab，as the ropes of ships，put together so as to be like the waists of men［in thickness］．（TA．）In all the forms mentioned above，except the last（ب）（بها）， the word is read in the phrase［in the Kur vii．38］， ［Until the cable shall enter into the eye of the needle］：（K，TA：） I＇Ab reads الُعُمَّل，（S，TA，）and so do＇Alee and
 of ${ }^{3}{ }^{\text {an }}$ IJ，pl．of بَهْز［q．v．］：the first is explained by Fr as meaning ropes put together；but Aboo－ Tálib thinks that he meant $\dagger^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$

 （K，）but IDrd doubts its correctness，The calcu－ lation by means of the letters $1, \Psi, \mathcal{T}, \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~g}^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$ ．（TA．）
－An owner，or an attendant，of a camel or camels：（KL，TA：＊［see also dícó ononers，or attendants，of camels；（S，K， TA；）similar to
 latter in a verse cited voce 13！．］

## 


 ［Become beautiful，\＆c．，if thou be becoming beau－ tiful，\＆c．］：but when they mean the quality ［alone］，they say，إنُّه زَبَهِّز［Verily he is beau－ tiful，\＆c．］．（Lh，TA．）$=\mathrm{A}$ man possessing a
 A herd，or distinct number，of camels，（S，K，＊ TA，）males and females，（TA，）with their pastors and their onners：（SS，K，TA ：［also said in the K to be a pl．of بَمْبُ：
 denote a pl．，meaning camels，（Ham pp． 122 and 490，）males and females；（Id p． 122 ；）derived from（Id．p．490；）like（Id，ib．and TA）from بَقْر，（Ham p．490，）and قَالِبَ（from ］．（TA．）Also A great tribe．（A＇Heyth，K．）
 \＆cc．］．（S，K．）＿See also بَهِهِل．
［pass．part，n．of 4，q． $\mathbf{\square}$ ，－Also， applied to a phrase or the like，］properly，In－ cluding，or implying，a number of things，many and unexplained：（Er－Rághib，TA：）as used by
the lawyers，［confused，or］requiring explanation． （TA．）

Jóró［act．part．n．of 3，q．v．－Also］One who is unable to answer a question put to him by another person，and therefore neglects it，and bears malice against him for some time．（TA．）

## بهـن

：Beads made of silver，like pearls；（S；） things in the form of pearls，of silver；（ K ；）one of which is called （Har p． 181 ：）or pearls（K，TA）themselves： （TA：）or the first is the proper meaning，and this is metaphorical ：（EM p． 161 ：）［said to be］ a Persian word，arabicized．（TA．）Also A kind of belt（سَغِيغَ）woven of leather，in rhich are beads of every colour，roorn by a moman as a $c^{\text {［咲 }}$ ．v．］：or silvered beads．（K．）

## －

 collected together（ $\mathbf{T}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$ ）a thing，（TA，）or earth，or dust，（T，A，TA，）one part upon another．
 above，（S，）He collected the earth，or dust，over the grave，（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{M} \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{K}$ ，）not plastering it with clay，or mud，（ $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ）nor making it even，or level． （TA．）－$H$－ －took the main part of the household－goods，or commodities：and in like manner the verb is used in relation to plants，or herbage．（Kitab el－Addád，TA．）－بمهر عَلْيَه إلْبَه TA，） $\boldsymbol{H}_{\mathrm{e}}$ acquainted him with a part of the nens，or story，and concealed what he desired，or meant：（ $\mathrm{K}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{Y}:$ ）or he acquainted him with a part of the neros，or story，incorrectly，or not in the proper manner，and omitted what he desired， or meant：（Lth，TA ：）or he acquainted him with a mall portion thereof，omitting most of what was necessary for him to know，and relating it in a manner different from the proper way：（AZ， TA：）and accord．to the Kitab el－Aḍdad of Abu－t－Teiyib the Lexicologist，it seems to have a
 الَهَبرً means，I acquainted thee with the main part of the news，or story．（TA．）
Q．2． Ho hold up his head with an assumption of superiority over us；domineered． over us；or exalted himself above us．（TA．）
 next paragraph．
＂بُ＂，which is a form of the word mentioned by Et－Tilimsánee，MF）A quantity of sand rising above nhat is around it，（ $(\stackrel{Y}{ }, \mathbf{M s b}$ ， K ）and collected together ；（S；）as also $\dagger$ with ó（ L ；）so called from its abundance and height： （Mas：）or a large quantity of sand，heaped up， and extensive：（Lth，TA：）and $\dagger$ with $\delta$ ，sand compacted together，and extending in an oblong form upon the surface of the earth．（TA．）－ The generality，or main part，of men，or people ： （S，A，K：）and the eminent，elevated，or noble，of them：（TA：）and a great number of people：

