aor. ², (Mṣb, K,) inf. n. عَالَيْ , (Mṣb,) said of firewood, (Mṣb, TA,) &c., (TA,) It was thick and large. (Mṣb, K.) — Also, (K,) inf. n. as above, (Ṣ,) ‡ He possessed good, (Ṣ,\* K, TA,) strong, firm, (TA,) judgment, (Ṣ,\* K, TA,) [and natural disposition, and intelligence; for] عَالَيْ نَا نَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

4: see 1. عَطِيْتُهُ # He made his gift large. (TA.) And إَجْزِل لَهُ مِنَ العَطَاءِ , (Ṣ,) or اجزل لَهُ مِنَ العَطَاءِ , (Mṣb, TA,) † He gave to him largely. (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA.)

10. استجزل رأيه في هذا + He esteemed his judgment, or opinion, good [and strong and firm (see إُجَزُل)] in this [matter]; syn. استَجُودُهُ. (TA.)

أَخُرُلُ Large and dry firewood: (S:) or dry firewood: (K:) or thich, large firewood. (Msb, K.) \_\_ † Much of a thing; as also \* جُزِيلٌ : (K:) or the latter, great, or large; [and so the former:] you say عَطَآءُ جَزْلٌ and ₹ إِيلٌ إِلَٰ إِلَى إِنْ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِلَٰ إِل gift]: (Ṣ, TA:\*) and \$ تُوَابُ جَزِيلٌ إِن إِللهِ إِلَى إِلْهِ إِلَى إِلَى إِلَى إِلَى إِلَى إِلَى إِلَى إِلَ large, recompense]: (TA:) pl. جِزَالْ ; (Ṣ, Ķ;) either of the former or of the latter. (TA.) And [the fem.] جَزْلَة [A woman] large in the posteriors. (K, TA.) \_\_ ; Generous; munificent. (K, TA.) \_\_\_ ; Intelligent; firm, or sound, in judgment. (K, TA.) You say, فُلَانْ جَزْلُ الرَّأَى [Such a one is firm, or sound, in judgment]. (S, Msb.) And when this is said to you, and you desire to deny it, say, إِنَّ مَزِلُ الرَّأْي \$Nay, بَلَ جَزِلُ الرَّأْي \$Nay, unsound in judgment; from بَجْزَلُ, [inf. n. of رَجْزِلُ,] relating to a gall, or sore, in the withers [of a camel]. (A, TA.) You say also أَمْرَأُهُ جُزْلُةً menan possessing judgment: (S:) or intelligent; firm, or sound, in judgment; as also بَخْوُلَةُ \$: (K:) [but] IDrd says that جزالاً, [app. a mistranscription for جَزُلاً as syn. with جَزُلاً, is not of established authority. (TA.) \_\_ Applied to a word, or an expression, (S, K, &c.,) † Strong, (PS,) sound, correct; (PS, TK;) contr. of رُكِيكُ. (Ş, K.) And applied to language, + Chaste, clear, or eloquent, and comprehensive. (TA.)

جُزْلٌ see جَزْلٌ. جَزْلٌ see جَزِلُ الرَّأْي

A piece, or portion cut off. (Ṣ, Ķ.\*) \_\_ A large portion of dates; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also بَوْنُ ♥. (Ķ.)

الْجِزَالِ (Ṣ, Ķ) and الْجِزَالِ (Ķ) The time of the cutting off of the fruit of the palm-trees. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

بَزِيلٌ see جَزِيلٌ, in three places.

َ أَجْزَلُ ; fem. ﴿ أَجْزَلُ ; pl. أَجْزَلُ : see عَزِلَ : = and for the fem., see also

جزم

1. جزمه , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. عزمه , (Mṣb, Ķ,) inf. n. جزم, (Msb,) He cut it, or cut it off; (S, Msb, K;) namely, a thing: (Msb:) [like مُرَمُهُ &c.] -He cut off the fruit of the palm جَزَمَ النَّخُلَ trees: (Msb:) [like جَرَمُ النخل: but see another جَزَمَ منَ النَّخْلَة جَزْمًا And اجْرَمَ منَ النَّخْلَة جَزْمًا [He cut off a portion of the fruit from the palmtree]. (TA.) بَخْزُمُ الْمُرْفَ (Ṣ, ISd, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. as above, (TA,) and so the inf. n., (S,) He made the letter quiescent; (S, ISd, Msb, K;) i.e., the final letter of a declinable word; (S, ISd, Msb;) he cut it off from motion: (Msb:) or as though he cut off from it declinability: (Mbr, in the first of the senses explained above : جَزْمُ in a declinable word being in an indeclinable word. (Ş.) It is said in a trad. of En-Nakha'ee, التَّكْبِيرُ جَزْمٌ وَالتَّسُلِيمُ meaning that neither should be prolonged in utterance, and that the last letter in each should be without a case-ending, i. e., be quiescent; so nor اَللهُ أَكْبَرُ [nor should not say [in prayer] in the former أَكْبَرُ but , اَلسَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ ٱللهِ in the latter]: or, accord. to Z, that one should not exceed the due bounds in the pronunciation of the hemzeh and the medd: (TA:) or that one should abstain from giving fulness and depth to the sound of the vowel, and should elide it entirely in the places of pausing, and avoid excess in the pronunciation of the hemzeh and the medd. (Mgh.) — خَزَمَر عَلَى فُلَانِ كَذَا He made such and such things to be binding, or obligatory, on such a one. (K.) And بَجْزَمَ اليَهينَ, (K̩,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) i. q. أَمْضَاهَا; (Kٜ;) i.e., He made the oath to be unconditional, without exception, absolutely or decidedly or irreversibly binding; (TK;) أَمْضَاهَا حَلَفَ يَمِينًا حَتْمًا جَزْمًا ,TA.) One says also. البَتَّة [He swore an oath in an absolute, a decided, or an irreversible, manner]. (TA.) And جَوْمَ الأَمْرَ (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He decided the affair irreversibly. (Ķ.) And جَزَمْتُ مَا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَهُ I decided the matter between me and him. (TA.) And أَفْعَلُ ذَٰلِكَ جَزْمًا I will do that decidedly; without any indulgence therein. (Msb.) And إجزم به [He asserted it decisively]. (TA passim.) He decided, or determined, جَزَمَ عَلَى الأَمْرِ upon, or upon doing, the thing, or affair. (TA.) \_ Also, this last phrase, He was silent respecting the affair; and so بخرّم (K, \* TA.) \_ And He held back, or refrained, from it جزم عنه through cowardice; and was unable to do it; and so جزّم القُوْمُ or جزّم the people lacked power or ability. (هِ.) \_\_ جَزُمَ البَعِيرُ فَهَا يَبْرَحُ \_\_ [app., The camel stopped, and would not quit his place]. (TA: but the verb جزم is there without any syll. sign.) جَزَمَ النَّخْلَ (A'Obeyd, Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. as above; (TA;) and اجتزمه (K; and the act. part. n. of the latter is also mentioned in the S;) like جَرَمُهُ (S) [and اجترمه ]; He computed by conjecture the quantity of fruit upon the palm-trees. (A'Obeyd, S, K.) \_ And جُزْم

also signifies The selling, or buying, fruit [by conjecture, while yet in a rudimental state,] in its calyxes, for money. (IAar, TA.) = Also جزم, (S, K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He filled a skin; تَجْزِينْر . (Ṣ, • K,) inf. n. جزّمر الإ (Ṣ, K;) and so (كِ.) بَجَزَمَتِ الإبِلُ (Fr, K,) inf. n. as above, (Fr, TA,) The camels satisfied their thirst [as though they filled themselves | with water. (Fr. K.) \_\_ And جُزَم (IAar, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (IAar, TA,) He ate one meal and was filled thereby: (IAar, K:) or he ate one meal in every day and night. (Th, K.) جَزَمَ القَرَآءَة ب (Lth, K,) inf. n. as above, (Lth, TA,) He performed the reading, or recitation, so as to put the letters in their proper places, in a distinct, or perspicuous, and leisurely, manner. (Lth, K.)\_\_\_ And in writing means The making the letters even. (K.) جزم بسلمه He voided part of his excrement, part thereof remaining: or he cast forth his excrement. (K.)

2: see 1, in four places.

4. اجزم نَخْلُهُ He sold his palm-trees. (TA.)

5. تجزّمت العَصَا The staff became split or crached. (K.)

7. انجزر [It became cut, or cut off. \_\_ And hence,] It (the final letter of a declinable word) became, or was made, quiescent. (S, TA.) \_\_ It (a bone) broke, or became broken. (K.)

8: see 1. اجتزم جَزْمَةٌ مِنَ الْهَال He took a portion of the cattle, or property, and left a portion. (K.) اجتزم حَظيرتَهُ He bought his حظيرة [or enclosure for camels &c.]: (AḤn, K:) of the dial. of El-Yemameh. (AḤn, TA.) — He bought the fruit, only, of the palm-tree: and اجتزم النَّخْلَةُ he bought the palm-trees of such a one. (TA.)

[an inf. n. (see 1) used as an epithet]. You An indissoluble and irreversible مُحْمَدُ جَوْمَ قَضَاءٌ حَتْثُم like قَضَاءٌ عَتْثُم decree or ordinance or sentence; like (Msb.) \_\_ A reed-pen (قَلَوْ) having the nib evenly, not obliquely, cut. (S,\* K,\* TA.) \_\_ The modern Arabic character, (S, K,) composed of the letters of the alphabet: (K:) accord. to AHát, (TA.) so called because it was cut off from the character of Himyer, (K, TA,) i. e., the مُسْنَد, which they have still in El-Yemen. (TA.) = A thing that is stuffed into a she-camel's vulva, (El-Umawee, S, K,) that she may think it to be her young one, [when it is taken forth,] and incline to it, [and therefore yield her milk;] like the درجة [q. v.]. (El-Umawee, S.) A thing, or an event, that comes before its time, or season: (K:) that which comes in its time, or season, is termed وزم (TA.)

A portion, share, or lot, (K,) of palmtrees (TA) [and app. of the fruit of a palm-tree, &c.: see 1, third sentence].

آجُونَاتُ [The sign that is written over the final letter of a declinable word when it is quiescent].

A single act of eating. (§.)

A hundred [head] of cattle, and upwards: or from ten to forty: (K:) or it is peculiarly of