dates that have fallen when they are cut off from the tree: (S, TA:) so says As: (TA:) [but see the latter word as explained on the authority of the S in art. جذمر:] and, (K,) or as some say, (TA,) dates cut off from the tree: or what are gotten (یُجْرُمُ) thereof, after their being cut off, being picked up from the lower ends of the branches. of wheat and قَصَل of wheat and barley; i. e., the extremities thereof, which are bruised, and then cleared, or picked: (K, TA:) but the term more known is جُذَامَة, with ذال (TA.)

The last of one's offspring: (K :) as though there were a cutting off after it. (TA.)

See also جُرام and see : جُرام and see

Cutting off, or one who cuts off, the fruit of the palm-tree: pl. جُارِهُ and جُارِهُ. (Ş.) [See جَريبَةُ * أَهْله TA) and جَارِمُ أَهْلُه = [.جرْمَةُ also (\$, K*) The gainer, acquirer, or earner, [of the sustenance] of his family. (S, K, TA.) = See also مُجرم, in two places.

A sinner; a criminal; committing, or a committer of, a sin, a crime, a fault, an offence, or an act of disobedience; as also بريم (K) and المُجْرِمُونَ particularly : جَارِمُ particularly signifies the unbelievers: (Zj, K:) so in the Kur هُوَ جَارِمٌ ۗ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ , You say فَوَ جَارِمٌ ۗ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ as also مجرم,] He is committing a crime, or an offence for which he should be punished, against himself and his people or party. (TA.)

fem. with ة, Ş,) A complete year (Ş, مُجُرِّم K) and month; (Ibn-Háni, TA;) a year past, completed. (AZ, TA.)

in two places. مَجْرِيمُ see مُجْرُومُ

جرموق

[A kind of galoche;] a thing that is worn over the [kind of boot called] خُفّ ; (Ş, Mgh, Msb, K;) called in Persian غُرْڪُشُ : (Mgh:) or a small غنّ (JK, TA) which is worn over the [ordinary] خُفّ: (TA:) an arabicized word; (S;) [probably from the Persian مُرَم 'leather,' and مُوق, which is said by some to be arabicized. but by ISd to be a genuine Arabic word, meaning "a kind of ": خُفّ or it may be from سَرْمُوزَهْ given as its Persian equivalent in the PS:] pl. (Msb.) جَرَامِيقُ

1. بُرُونْ , (Ş, K,) aor. ع , (Ş,) inf. n. بُرُونْ , (Ş, K,) said of a man, and of a beast, (1Sk, S,) He became accustomed, habituated, or inured, to a thing, or an affair. (ISk, S, K.) And جَرَنَتْ inf. n. as above, His hands بيداه على العَهل became accustomed, or inured, to the work. (M. TA.) __Also, said of a garment, or piece of cloth, (S, K,) and of a coat of mail, (K,) and of a skin for water or milk, (S,) It became threadbare, or worn, and soft, or smooth: (S, K:) or,

جرن, (TA,) He ground grain (K, TA) vehemently: (TA:) of the dial. of Hudheyl. (TA.)

4. اجرن He collected dates in the

8. اجترن He made, or prepared, a بجرين.

A hollowed stone, [or stone basin,] from nhich the [ablution termed] وُضُون is performed; (K;) water being poured into it; called by the people of El-Medeeneh مهرس [app. مهرس, perhaps a dial. var. of مِهْرَاسُ, or a mistranscription for this]: so in the M: in the Jm, the is performed. (TA.) See وضوء with which the also جُبّ. ـــ [In the present day, applied also to A stone mortar in which things are pounded.] -See also جُرينٌ, in two places.

The body, with the limbs or members; syn. جُرُم; said to be a dial. var. of جُسُر; or the ن may be a substitute for the م of بجرم of بجرم but the former is the more probable, as the word has a pl., namely, أَجْرَان, and this is scarcely ever the case when a word is formed by substitution. (TA.) Hence the saying, أَلْقَى عَلَيْهِ أَجْرَانَهُ, i. q. And شَّرَاشِرَهُ and القى عليه أَجْراَمَهُ him, or it, the weight of his body]: (Lh, TA: [see also شُرْشُرَةٌ, under which other explanations are given:]) or he threw his weights [meaning his whole weight] upon him, or it; and so القى or, accord. to the A, he disposed, عليه جرانهُ 🕈 or subjected, his mind to it; or persuaded himself to do it; namely, an affair. (TA.)

The anterior [or under] part of the neck of a camel, from his مَذْبَت [or the part a little below the under jaw] to the place where he is stabbed: (S, Msb, K:) and in like manner, of a horse; (S, TA;) the inner [or under] part of the neck, from the pit of the uppermost part of the breast to the extremity of the neck at the head: and, metaphorically, of a man: (TA:) pl. [of mult.] جُرُنْ (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ) and [of pauc.] بُجُرِنْ (Msb, TA;) which last is used by Tarafeh as a sing. (TA,* and EM p. 68.) You say, of a camel, أَنْقَى جِرَانَهُ بِالأَرْضِ [He threw the under part of his neck upon the ground]; meaning that he lay down, and stretched out his neck upon the ground. (Msb, TA.) See another ex. voce [And see a verse cited in the first paragraph of art. حنو You say also, بَصْرَبُ الحَقِّ بِجِرَانِهِ, meaning + The truth, or right, or just claim, became established, or settled. (T, TA.) __ Also The inner [or under] part of the penis: pl. جُرن and أَجْرِنَةُ, as above. (TA.)

What one has ground [of grain]: (K, TA:) of the dial. of Hudheyl. (TA.) __ See also جُرْنُ (T, Ş, M, K) and مُجْرَنُ لا, (K,) or مُجْرَنُ , (so in a copy of the S, but in other copies not mentioned,) The place in which dates are dried: (Ṣ:) or a بَيْدُر:

i. q. جُزَامَة ; (K;) i. e., (TA,) The old and worn out. (M, TA.) جَزَامَة , (K,) inf. n. for dates: (Towsheeh, TA:) or the place where dates are collected [and dried] when they are cut from the tree: or, accord. to Lth, the place of in the dial. of the people of El-Yemen, the generality of whom pronounce the word (بجرين] with kesr to the ج: (T, TA:) or the ، i. e. the place in which fresh ripe dates are thrown to dry: (Mgh:) or the بيدر in which wheat is trodden out; and also the place in which fruits are dried: (Msb:) the place of wheat; and sometimes [the place] for [drying] dates and grapes: (M, TA:) its pl. [of mult.] is جُرُنّ (Mgh, Msb, TA,) not جَرَاثِنُ, (Mgh,) and [of pauc.] أَجْرِانُةُ and أُجْرَانُ (TA:) A'Obeyd says that جَرِينٌ and جَرِينٌ are of the dial. of El-Ḥijáz; and أُنْدَرُ, of that of Syria; and أَنْدَرُ, of El-'Irak: (TA in art. جُرُنُ لا زبريد) is of the dial. of the people of Egypt, who use it as meaning the بيدر of seed-produce, which is [sometimes] walled round; and its pl. is أَجْرَانٌ. (TA.) [See also مَرْبَدٌ.

> a dial. var. of جَرْيَالُ, (Ṣ, K,*) meaning A certain red dye. (ISd, TA.)

, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, جارن (T, S, K,) and to a skin for water or milk, &c., (T, TA,) Old, and norn out: (T, TA:) or threadbare, or worn, and soft, or smooth: and in like manner applied to a coat of mail: (S, K:) as also جَرِينٌ (TA:) or, applied to a coat of mail (درع), in which case it is with ō, that has become smooth from much use: (Ham p. 656:) pl. جَوَارِن: (Ṣ, TA:) and, applied to a commodity, or utensil, or an article of furniture, used, and worn out: and to a skin for water or milk, dried up, and rough, or coarse, from use: (TA:) and to a road, norn, or effaced. (Abu-l-Jarráh, S, K.) Also The young one of a serpent: (S, K:) or of a viper, (Lth, M, TA,) such as is smooth. (Lth, TA.)

. جَرِينُ see : مَجْرَنُ

: see جُرِينُ Also Very voracious : مجْرَنْ (K:) of the dial. of Hudheyl. (TA.)

A whip of which the thong has become soft, or smooth. (K.) Az says, I have seen them جِرَانُ pl. of جُرَن q. v.] of camels such as are termed بَزْلِ [i. e. in the ninth year, or nine years old], because of the thickness thereof. (TA.)

in its primary sense app. signifies أَجُرَتُ She (a bitch, and any female beast of prey,) whelped; or had a whelp, or whelps: вее مُجْر (Accord. to Golius, as on the authority of J, Cum fœtu abiit vel asportavit eum fera: but I have not found it in any copy of the S, nor in any other lexicon.) ___ And hence,] said of a tree (شُجَرَةً), It had upon it [fruits such as are termed] جَرَاةً [pl. of جَرَاةً instance] of a موزة [or banana-tree]: (AHn, TA said of a skin, and of a book, or writing, it became (K:) or the بيدر, in art. بيدر; and [in like manner] said of a herb,