(another's) foot or feet,] جُوْرَب [i. e. a sock or stocking, or a pair of socks or stockings]. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

Q. Q. 2. تَجُوْرَبَ He put on [i. e., on his own foot or feet,] جُوْرَب [i. e. a sock or stocking, or a pair of socks or stockings]. (Ş, K.) And in like manner, تجورب جُوْرَبَيْن [He put on a pair of socks or stockings]. (TA.)

جُربة вее : جُرب

جَرَبُ [The mange, or scab;] a certain disease, (A,) well known; (S, A, K;) accord. to the medical books, (Msb.) a gross humour, arising beneath the skin, from the mixture of the salt phlegm, (Msb, MF,) or the phlegm of the flesh, (so in a copy of the Msb,) with the blood, accompanied with pustules, and sometimes with emaciation, in consequence of its abundance; (Msb, MF;) or [an eruption consisting of] pustules upon the bodies of men and camels. (M, TA.) You say, أَعْدَى منَ الجَرَبِ عنْدَ العَرَبِ [More transitive, or catching, than the mange, or scab, among the Arabs]: (A, TA:) a proverb. (TA.) -+ Rust upon a sword. (K.) - A resemor جَفْن blance of rust upon the inner side of the eyelid], (M, K,) sometimes covering the whole of it, and sometimes part of it. (M.) You say, إَجْفَانه جَرَبُ إِلَيْ الله الله عَلَيْ الله عَلَيْ الله عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ بَ of rust upon their inner sides. (A.) _ + A vice, a fault, a defect, an imperfection, or a blemish. (IAar, K.)

أَجُرَبُ see : جَرَبُ

[Like a grove of palm-trees, or like the plantation of Yethrib]: (AHn, TA:) or land prepared for soming or planting: (AHn, K:) or a piece of land differing in condition from the land adjoining it, [i. e. a patch of land,] producing good plants or herbage: (Lth, TA:) the pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] is بجرب (Lth, AHn,) like as بَبْنَة is of بَبْنَة and بَعْدَرة of بَبْنَة (AHn :) or signifies a جَرَبَةٌ ; and its pl. is جَرَبَةٌ (IAar, TA.) _ A skin, or a mat, which is placed upon the brink of a well, lest the water should be scattered into the well [app. in falling from the bucket into the channel of the tank or cistern &c.]: or (a skin, TA,) that is placed in a rivulet or streamlet (which is applied in the present day to an artificial streamlet for irrigation, in the form of a trench or gutter,]) that the water may flow down over it [app. from the well to the tank or cistern &c.]. (M, K.)

أَجُرَبُ see أَجُرَبُ last sentence but one.

مَرْبَانُ or جَرْبَانُ see : جَرْبَانُ and for the latter, see جُرْبَانُ.

, in five places. جُرُبَّانٌ see جُرُبَانٌ, in five places.

and جَرِبَاءَ see what next follows.

(Mj, MF, TA) and جِرِبَّانْ, (Mj, MF, TA,) which are the two forms commonly known (MF, TA,) or, accord. to the K, بربان ♦ and , and some بجربان ۲ , or, accord. to the L, جربان ۲ times مجربان , or, accord. to some copies of the بَرْبَاءً ♦ and so in the CK,] جِرِبًاءً ♦ and the cK, which are evident mistranscriptions, or, accord. to the 'Ináyeh of El-Khafájee, جُربّان, which is more strange, (MF,) but this last accords [most nearly] with its original, (TA,) [for it is] a Persian word arabicized, (Ṣ, TA,) originally کَرِيبَانْ; (TA;) The جَيْب [or opening at the neck and bosom] of a shirt: (K, TA:) or the part around the neck, upon which are served the buttons: (IB and TA in art. بنق:) or the [part called] لِبنَهُ [q. v.] of a shirt. (Ş, TA.) لِبنَهُ [q. v.] , جِرْبانهٔ (Fr, Ş, K) and جُرْبَانُهُ (K, TA,) or) سَيْف (CK,) The edge (-) of a sword: (K:) or a thing [i. e. a case] (K, TA) of served leather (TA) in which are put a sword and its scabbard with the cords or belts by which it is suspended; (K, TA;) i. q. قَرَابَهُ (S: [see also ;: جرابُ) or a large sword-case in which are a man's sword and his whip and what else he requires: (Fr, ([: جُلْبَان and جلبّان and جُلُبّان TA: [also called in the L, the first is [also] said to signify the scabbard of a sword. (TA.)

a word of a very rare form, (see] جربياً جَبْرِيَاءَ)] The north-west wind; a wind of the that blows in a direction between, نَكْبَاءُ that of the [north wind, or northerly wind, called] and that of the [west wind, or westerly wind, called] ذبور, and that dispels the clouds : (S, TA:) it is a cold wind, and is sometimes attended by a little rain: (TA in art. نكب, q. v. :) or the [north wind, or northerly wind, called] or the cold of that wind: (K, TA:) or, شهال: or the cold of that wind: (K,) as also أَزْيَبُ, (TA,) the south east wind; the wind that blows in a direction between that of the [south wind, or southerly wind, called] and that of the [east wind, or easterly wind, called] صبًا (K, TA.) _ Also, with the article ال, a name of The seventh earth: corresponding to العربياً، a name of "the seventh heaven." (TA.) Also A weak man. (K.)

(K:) or a pa a used for war
(K:) or a pa used for war
(K:) or a pa used for war
(K:) or this latter is of weak authority, (K, TA,) or peculiar to the vulgar, (S, L,) A provisionbag for travellers: (K, Har p. 174:) or a bag, or receptacle, for travelling-provisions and for goods or utensils &c.; syn. وَعَا: (K, TA:) or such a receptacle made of sheep-skin, in which nothing is hept but what is dry: (TA:) pl. [of mult.] جُرُبُ (S, Mşb, K) and رَحِي الجَرْبَ (S, Mşb, K.) and [of pauc.] أجرزة. (S, Mşb, K.) _ t A sword-case; or a case, or receptacle, in which a sword is put

with its scabbard and its suspensory belt or cord; syn. قرابُ سَيْف. (TA. [See also قرابُ سَيْف.]) __ + The scrotum. (K.) __ + [The pericardium, or heart-purse]. (K in art. τ , &c.) مَرْبَبُ البِنُّرِ + The cavity of the well; (M, K;) or tits interior, (Lth, S, M, A,) from top to bottom. (Lth, S, M.) You say, الحَجَارَة (A.)

A certain measure, (M, A, Mgh, K,) or quantity, of wheat, (S, Msb,) consisting of four [pl. of قَغِيزَ [pl. of أَقْغِزَة [pl. or] أَقْغِزَة four أَعْشَراء thereof consisting of ten قفيز each القفزة [pl. of عشير ; so that the عشير is the hundredth part of the whole: (TA:) or, as some say, a measure differing in different countries; as is the case of the رطّل and مُدّ and دراع &c. (MF, TA.) For the pl., see what follows. ___ Hence, (Mgh,) + A certain quantity of land; (S, Mgh, Msb;) as much as is sown with the measure of seed so called; (A, Mgh;) like as mules and the space that they travel are termed بُريد (A, Mgh:*) it is sixty cubits by sixty cubits; accord. multiplied أشْل to Kudámeh, the extent termed being sixty cubits; the دشل being sixty cubits; : أُصَابِع four , قَبْضَة and the ; قَبَضَات being six the tenth part of the جريب is called قفيز, and the tenth of the قفيز is called ; so that the تغيز is called ; so that the ten : (Mgh :) it is a distinct portion of land, differing according to the different conventional usages of the people of different provinces: it is said that the width of six moderate-sized barleycorns is called إصبع is four تبضة is four إصبع the أَذْرُع is six : قَصَبَة ten أَذْرُع is the جريب and the ; اشل are called قَصَبًات extent termed اشل multiplied by itself : the اشل multiplied by the قصبة is called ; and the قضبة scalled اشل multiplied by the دراع is called اشل is ten thousand cubits: or, accord. to Kudámeh the Scribe, it is three thousand and six hundred cubits : (Mşb :) pl. [of pauc.] أجربة and [of mult.] جُرْبَانُ (Ş, Mşb, K) and بجُرُوبُ (R, TA.) See also جُرْبَةُ Also A valley; (Lth, Msb, K; [accord. to the second of which, this is the primary signification;]) i. e., in an absolute sense; and, with the article ال, the name of a particular valley in the territory of Keys: (TA :) pl. أَجْرِبَةُ. (Lth, TA.)

بَوْرَبُ [A sock or stoching, or a pair of socks or stockings;] the wrapper of the foot or leg: (K:) or a pair of woollen envelopes for the feet, used for warmth: (TA:) an arabicized word, (Ṣ, Msb,) from the Persian حُورُ , originally (Ṣ, Msb,) from the Persian حُورُ , originally , i. e. "tomb of the foot:" (TA:) pl. حُورُ بَا former of which, the ö is added because it is originally a foreign word. (Ṣ, TA.) You say, مَوْ رَبِح الجَوْرَبَ [He, or it, is more stinking than the smell of socks, or stockings]. (A, TA.) A maker of جَوَارِبُ [i. e. socks or stockings]. (TA.)